



UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENTS,
RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

Scheme of
UNDERGRADUATE DEGREE COURSE
in
Electronics & Communication Engineering



University Departments,
Rajasthan Technical University, Kota
Effective from session: 2020 – 2021
(For students admitted in session 2019-20)

Minutes of Meeting
II Meeting (online) of Academic Council, University Departments, RTU, Kota
27 November, 2020, 3:30 pm

Ref. Number:

Date : 28-11-2020

II Meeting of Academic Council, University Departments, RTU, KOTA was convened through online mode on 27-11-2020 at 3:30 PM using Google Meet under the Chairmanship of Prof. A.K. Mathur, Dean, Faculty Affairs. Following members were present:

1. Prof. B.P. Suneja
2. Prof. Rajiv Gupta
3. Prof. Dinesh Birla
4. Prof. S. R. Kapoor
5. Prof. V.K. Gorana
6. Prof. A.K. Chaturvedi
7. Prof. Vivek Pandey
8. Prof. K.S. Grover
9. Dr. R.K. Bayal
10. Dr S. D. Purohit
11. Dr. Sanju Tanwar
12. Shri Manoj Vaishnav
13. Shri Ashok Patni
14. Dr. Vikas Bansal (Member Secretary)

Following agendas related to academic has been discussed and resolved into the meeting:

Agenda 1: Modifications/ improvement in CBCS regulations for Undergraduate programmes

Looking towards the model curriculum provided by the AICTE and to improve the academics of University Departments, RTU, Kota in the prevailing situations, modifications may be made in the CBCS regulations. A committee was formed for modifications in CBCS regulation as decided in the meeting of Head of Departments held in the month of September 2020. The committee has recommended CBCSUG-2020 after incorporating modifications in CBCSUG-2017. CBCSUG-2020 may be affected from the students admitted in 2020-21 and onwards. Modified regulations (CBCSUG-2020) as enclose in Annexure-1 is submitted herewith for approval. These shall be affected from

the students admitted in 2020-21 and onwards after approval. Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members. Following modifications were suggested and approved by the respected members in proposed CBCSUG-2020 by the committee (appointed on September 05, 2020 in the meeting of Head of Departments):

- i. Industrial Training (as mentioned in Section 6 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) has been considered as Credit courses in place of non-graded core courses. Therefore, 5 non-graded units have been changed to 5 Credits.
- ii. As suggested by HVC, SODECA, which was also non-graded core course (as mentioned in Section 6 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020), has also been converted to Credit course. Therefore, 4 non-graded units of SODECA have been changed to 4 Credits of SODECA (Anandam).
- iii. Above two changes have been resulted into change in the minimum credit requirement criterion (as mentioned in Section 4 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) for passing the B.Tech. degree. Now, minimum credit requirement is 164 Credits along with 11 non- graded units in place of 155 Credits along with 20 non- graded units as suggested by the committee (appointed on September 05, 2020 in the meeting of Head of Departments).
- iv. In ADDITION of grades S and Z (as mentioned in Section 6 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020), two more grades V for excellent performance and G for good performance has also been.
- v. As mentioned in Appendix-1 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020, In first year scheme, Engineering Mechanics and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering has been replace by Basic Mechanical Engineering, Basic Civil Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering. Students of CS, EC, EE, EIC, IT will study Basic Mechanical Engineering and Basic Civil Engineering. Students of CE, PE, PC will study Basic Mechanical Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering. Students of AE, ME, PIE will study Basic Civil Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

- vi. As per the guidelines of AICTE and as suggested and approved in the UDAC meeting, Minor degree or Honours shall be added in the B. Tech. degree on completing courses of extra 20 credits in the inter-disciplinary specialization or Departmental specialization respectively. This provision has been placed in place of the option for both Minor degree and Honours (as mentioned in Section 5, Appendix-3 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) on clearing extra 40 credits as suggested by the committee (appointed on September 05, 2020 in the meeting of Head of Departments).
- vii. Therefore, the minimum requirement for obtaining Minor degree or Honours (as mentioned in Section 5, Appendix-3 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) with B. Tech. Degree becomes 184 credit and 11 non-graded units.
- viii. List of MOOC courses may also be prepared from the option available to the BOS other than 4 agency prescribed in the proposed CBCSUG-2020 (as mentioned in Section 5 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) by the committee. The list of MOOCS prepared by the BOS shall be approved by Dean UD.
- ix. The provision for obtaining the grades in the MOOC COURSES as suggested by the committee and as mentioned in Section 5 and other Sections has been replaced by the following provision as suggested and approved by the Hon'ble members that In House examination / evaluation will be carried out for the MOOC COURSES as held for regular courses. The grading of the MOOC courses will be done on the basis of these examinations/evaluations. A Course Coordinator will be assigned for each MOOC COURSE.
- x. Theory and Practical courses will be treated as separate courses.
- xi. The provision of 'Self-study course' as mentioned at Sub. Section 4.11 of Section 4 of proposed CBCSUG-2020 has been deferred.
- xii. The provision of 'Exit policy' as mentioned at Sub. Section 4.13 of Section 4 of proposed CBCSUG-2020 has been deferred till announced by AICTE and other regulating bodies.

- xiii. Minimum number of students in Departmental Elective has been replaced by 'minimum of 10 or actual number of students admitted' in place of '10' (as mentioned in Section 3.3 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020).

Agenda 2: To approve B. Tech. Curriculum applicable for students admitted in 2017-18

In pursuance of the CBCS Regulations, the teaching schemes have been revised form 2017-18 by the concerned BOS, these are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 2). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members.

Agenda 3: To approve B. Tech. Curriculum applicable for students admitted in 2018-19

In Academic session 2018-19, a revised teaching scheme for I and II semester in line with that in RTU was adopted on recommendation of the BOS and approval of the Vice Chancellor .

In the prevailing market conditions and as per the model curriculum provided by AICTE, it has been discussed in the meeting of Head of Departments held in the month of September 2020 to **include One MOOC courses each in VII and VIII semester aggregating to 7 Credit in the scheme for the students admitted in 2018-19.** 8-10 weeks of MOOC courses shall be considered for 3 credits and 12-16 weeks for MOOC courses shall be considered for 4 credits. A list of the MOOC courses shall be submitted by the respective BOS, two months before the start of the respective semester . The students have to select the MOOC courses from the list provided by the concerned BoS. The MOOCs courses available on the following site/platform will be recognized.

| Initiative | Institution Behind Platform | Website Link |
|------------|-----------------------------|--|
| NPTEL | IIT Madras | nptel.ac.in/ |
| mooKIT | IIT Kanpur | www.mookit.co/ |
| IITBX | IIT Bombay | iitbombayx.in/ |
| SWAYAM | MHRD and Microsoft | Swayam.gov.in |

Only those MOOCs courses will be considered for fulfilling the requirement of the B.Tech. Degree, which have certification.

The student will inform in writing to respective Head of the Department about the MOOCs courses intended to register from the list provided by concerned BoS at the time of registration of other courses. The HOD shall verify the authenticity of the course as per points mentioned above. The student shall submit the certificate along with the credit earn to the HOD, who will ensure to submit the information about the credit and grade earn by the student during the semester (through the MOOCs courses) at the time of submission of other course grades. Before submitting the grade of MOOC course registered by the student, the HOD shall convert the grade of the MOOC course to the grading system of CBCS of University Departments. For conversion, first the grade of the course shall be converted to equivalent marks using the rules prevalent at the institute offering the MOOC course and then marks shall be converted to equivalent grade of CBCS of University Departments.

In pursuance of the CBCS Regulations, the revised teaching schemes are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 3). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members after having following modifications:

The provision for obtaining the grades in the MOOC COURSES as suggested above has been replaced by the following provision as suggested and approved by the Hon'ble members that In House examination / evaluation will be carried out for the MOOC COURSES as held for regular courses. The grading of the MOOC courses will be done on the basis of these examinations/evaluations. A Course Coordinator will be assigned for each MOOC COURSE.

Agenda 4: To approve B. Tech. Curriculum applicable for students admitted in 2019-20

In Academic session 2019-20, a revised teaching scheme for I and II semester in line with that in RTU was adopted on recommendation of the BOS.

In the prevailing market conditions and as per the model curriculum provided by AICTE, it has been discussed in the meeting of Head of Departments held in the month of September 2020 to **include One MOOC courses each in VII and VIII semester aggregating to 7 Credit in the scheme for the students admitted in 2019-20.** 8-10 weeks of MOOC courses shall be considered for 3 credits and 12-16 weeks for MOOC courses shall be considered for 4 credits. A list of the MOOC courses shall be submitted by the respective BoS, two months before the start of the respective semester . The students have to select the MOOC courses from the list provided by the concerned BoS. The MOOCs courses available on the following site/platform will be recognized.

| Initiative | Institution Behind Platform | Website Link |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| NPTEL | IIT Madras | nptel.ac.in/ |
| mooKIT | IIT Kanpur | www.mookit.co/ |
| IITBX | IIT Bombay | iitbombayx.in/ |
| SWAYAM | MHRD and Microsoft | Swayam.gov.in |

Only those MOOCs courses will be considered for fulfilling the requirement of the B.Tech. Degree, which have certification.

The student will inform in writing to respective Head of the Department about the MOOCs courses intended to register from the list provided by concerned BoS at the time of registration of other courses. The HOD shall verify the authenticity of the course as per points mentioned above. The student shall submit the certificate along with the credit earn to the HOD, who will ensure to submit the information about the credit and grade earn by the student during the semester (through the MOOCs courses) at the time of submission of other course grades. Before submitting the grade of MOOC course registered by the student, the HOD shall convert the grade of the MOOC course to the grading system of CBCS of University Departments. For conversion, first the grade of the course shall be converted to equivalent marks using the rules prevalent at the institute offering the MOOC course and then marks shall be converted to equivalent grade of CBCS of University Departments.

In pursuance of the CBCS Regulations, the teaching schemes are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 3). In pursuance of the CBCS Regulations, the revised teaching schemes are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 4). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members after having following modifications:

The provision for obtaining the grades in the MOOC COURSES as suggested above has been replaced by the following provision as suggested and approved by the respected members that In House examination / evaluation will be carried out for the MOOC COURSES as held for regular courses. The grading of the MOOC courses will be done on the basis of these examinations/evaluations. A Course Coordinator will be assigned for each MOOC COURSE.

Agenda 5: To approve B. Tech. Curriculum applicable from 2020-21 and onwards for first year

In pursuance of **the revised** CBCS Regulations, the teaching schemes are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 5). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members after following modifications:

In first year scheme Engineering Mechanics and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering has been replaced by Basic Mechanical Engineering, Basic Civil Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering. Students of CS, EC, EE, EIC, IT will study Basic Mechanical Engineering and Basic Civil Engineering. Students of CE, PE, PC will study Basic Mechanical Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering. Students of AE, ME, PIE will study Basic Civil Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

Agenda 6: To approve BOS of HEAS department.

In pursuance of CBCS Regulations, the BOS of HEAS department is placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 6). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members.

Agenda 7: To approve policies and guidelines regarding academics and examination which are not in practice during pre COVID periods (Normal circumstances).

The extra ordinary situation arisen due to COVID-19, forces the administration to adopt some policies regarding academics and examination which are not in practice during pre COVID periods. Govt. of Rajasthan, Office of HVC and COE issued some guidelines for the academics and examination process. Members are requested to approve the same for University Departments, RTU, Kota.

Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members.

Reporting Item:


There are no guidelines for preparation of grades for back /improvement examinations in the present CBCS regulations. A committee was formed and approved by HVC for addressing this issue. Following provisions were proposed by the committee and approved by HVC in 2019 (note-sheet enclosed):

- a. If the back exam is conducted with main exam then the grading may be calculated with the main exam students.
- b. In case the back exam is conducted separately, then the grading may be calculated along with the previous main exam. However, the grading of the students (awarded already) will remain unaffected.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members.


The meeting ended with a vote of thanks to The Chair

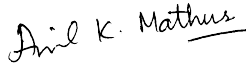

Dr Vikas Bansal
Member Secretary, UDAC)


Prof Anil Mathur
Chairman, UDAC

Copy to:

- 1. PS to HVC for Approval in BOM**
- 2. Members of UDAC**


Dr Vikas Bansal
Member Secretary, UDAC)


Prof Anil Mathur
Chairman, UDAC

Minutes of Meeting
II Meeting (online) of Academic Council, University Departments, RTU, Kota
27 November, 2020, 3:30 pm

Ref. Number:

Date : 28-11-2020

II Meeting of Academic Council, University Departments, RTU, KOTA was convened through online mode on 27-11-2020 at 3:30 PM using Google Meet under the Chairmanship of Prof. A.K. Mathur, Dean, Faculty Affairs. Following members were present:

1. Prof. B.P. Suneja
2. Prof. Rajiv Gupta
3. Prof. Dinesh Birla
4. Prof. S. R. Kapoor
5. Prof. V.K. Gorana
6. Prof. A.K. Chaturvedi
7. Prof. Vivek Pandey
8. Prof. K.S. Grover
9. Dr. R.K. Bayal
10. Dr S. D. Purohit
11. Dr. Sanju Tanwar
12. Shri Manoj Vaishnav
13. Shri Ashok Patni
14. Dr. Vikas Bansal (Member Secretary)

Following agendas related to academic has been discussed and resolved into the meeting:

Agenda 1: Modifications/ improvement in CBCS regulations for Undergraduate programmes

Looking towards the model curriculum provided by the AICTE and to improve the academics of University Departments, RTU, Kota in the prevailing situations, modifications may be made in the CBCS regulations. A committee was formed for modifications in CBCS regulation as decided in the meeting of Head of Departments held in the month of September 2020. The committee has recommended CBCSUG-2020 after incorporating modifications in CBCSUG-2017. CBCSUG-2020 may be affected from the students admitted in 2020-21 and onwards. Modified regulations (CBCSUG-2020) as enclose in Annexure-1 is submitted herewith for approval. These shall be affected from

the students admitted in 2020-21 and onwards after approval. Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members. Following modifications were suggested and approved by the respected members in proposed CBCSUG-2020 by the committee (appointed on September 05, 2020 in the meeting of Head of Departments):

- i. Industrial Training (as mentioned in Section 6 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) has been considered as Credit courses in place of non-graded core courses. Therefore, 5 non-graded units have been changed to 5 Credits.
- ii. As suggested by HVC, SODECA, which was also non-graded core course (as mentioned in Section 6 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020), has also been converted to Credit course. Therefore, 4 non-graded units of SODECA have been changed to 4 Credits of SODECA (Anandam).
- iii. Above two changes have been resulted into change in the minimum credit requirement criterion (as mentioned in Section 4 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) for passing the B.Tech. degree. Now, minimum credit requirement is 164 Credits along with 11 non- graded units in place of 155 Credits along with 20 non- graded units as suggested by the committee (appointed on September 05, 2020 in the meeting of Head of Departments).
- iv. In ADDITION of grades S and Z (as mentioned in Section 6 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020), two more grades V for excellent performance and G for good performance has also been.
- v. As mentioned in Appendix-1 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020, In first year scheme, Engineering Mechanics and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering has been replace by Basic Mechanical Engineering, Basic Civil Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering. Students of CS, EC, EE, EIC, IT will study Basic Mechanical Engineering and Basic Civil Engineering. Students of CE, PE, PC will study Basic Mechanical Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering. Students of AE, ME, PIE will study Basic Civil Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

- vi. As per the guidelines of AICTE and as suggested and approved in the UDAC meeting, Minor degree or Honours shall be added in the B. Tech. degree on completing courses of extra 20 credits in the inter-disciplinary specialization or Departmental specialization respectively. This provision has been placed in place of the option for both Minor degree and Honours (as mentioned in Section 5, Appendix-3 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) on clearing extra 40 credits as suggested by the committee (appointed on September 05, 2020 in the meeting of Head of Departments).
- vii. Therefore, the minimum requirement for obtaining Minor degree or Honours (as mentioned in Section 5, Appendix-3 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) with B. Tech. Degree becomes 184 credit and 11 non-graded units.
- viii. List of MOOC courses may also be prepared from the option available to the BOS other than 4 agency prescribed in the proposed CBCSUG-2020 (as mentioned in Section 5 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) by the committee. The list of MOOCS prepared by the BOS shall be approved by Dean UD.
- ix. The provision for obtaining the grades in the MOOC COURSES as suggested by the committee and as mentioned in Section 5 and other Sections has been replaced by the following provision as suggested and approved by the Hon'ble members that In House examination / evaluation will be carried out for the MOOC COURSES as held for regular courses. The grading of the MOOC courses will be done on the basis of these examinations/evaluations. A Course Coordinator will be assigned for each MOOC COURSE.
- x. Theory and Practical courses will be treated as separate courses.
- xi. The provision of 'Self-study course' as mentioned at Sub. Section 4.11 of Section 4 of proposed CBCSUG-2020 has been deferred.
- xii. The provision of 'Exit policy' as mentioned at Sub. Section 4.13 of Section 4 of proposed CBCSUG-2020 has been deferred till announced by AICTE and other regulating bodies.

- xiii. Minimum number of students in Departmental Elective has been replaced by 'minimum of 10 or actual number of students admitted' in place of '10' (as mentioned in Section 3.3 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020).

Agenda 2: To approve B. Tech. Curriculum applicable for students admitted in 2017-18

In pursuance of the CBCS Regulations, the teaching schemes have been revised form 2017-18 by the concerned BOS, these are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 2). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members.

Agenda 3: To approve B. Tech. Curriculum applicable for students admitted in 2018-19

In Academic session 2018-19, a revised teaching scheme for I and II semester in line with that in RTU was adopted on recommendation of the BOS and approval of the Vice Chancellor .

In the prevailing market conditions and as per the model curriculum provided by AICTE, it has been discussed in the meeting of Head of Departments held in the month of September 2020 to **include One MOOC courses each in VII and VIII semester aggregating to 7 Credit in the scheme for the students admitted in 2018-19.** 8-10 weeks of MOOC courses shall be considered for 3 credits and 12-16 weeks for MOOC courses shall be considered for 4 credits. A list of the MOOC courses shall be submitted by the respective BOS, two months before the start of the respective semester . The students have to select the MOOC courses from the list provided by the concerned BoS. The MOOCs courses available on the following site/platform will be recognized.

| Initiative | Institution Behind Platform | Website Link |
|------------|-----------------------------|--|
| NPTEL | IIT Madras | nptel.ac.in/ |
| mooKIT | IIT Kanpur | www.mookit.co/ |
| IITBX | IIT Bombay | iitbombayx.in/ |
| SWAYAM | MHRD and Microsoft | Swayam.gov.in |

Only those MOOCs courses will be considered for fulfilling the requirement of the B.Tech. Degree, which have certification.

The student will inform in writing to respective Head of the Department about the MOOCs courses intended to register from the list provided by concerned BoS at the time of registration of other courses. The HOD shall verify the authenticity of the course as per points mentioned above. The student shall submit the certificate along with the credit earn to the HOD, who will ensure to submit the information about the credit and grade earn by the student during the semester (through the MOOCs courses) at the time of submission of other course grades. Before submitting the grade of MOOC course registered by the student, the HOD shall convert the grade of the MOOC course to the grading system of CBCS of University Departments. For conversion, first the grade of the course shall be converted to equivalent marks using the rules prevalent at the institute offering the MOOC course and then marks shall be converted to equivalent grade of CBCS of University Departments.

In pursuance of the CBCS Regulations, the revised teaching schemes are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 3). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members after having following modifications:

The provision for obtaining the grades in the MOOC COURSES as suggested above has been replaced by the following provision as suggested and approved by the Hon'ble members that In House examination / evaluation will be carried out for the MOOC COURSES as held for regular courses. The grading of the MOOC courses will be done on the basis of these examinations/evaluations. A Course Coordinator will be assigned for each MOOC COURSE.

Agenda 4: To approve B. Tech. Curriculum applicable for students admitted in 2019-20

In Academic session 2019-20, a revised teaching scheme for I and II semester in line with that in RTU was adopted on recommendation of the BOS.

In the prevailing market conditions and as per the model curriculum provided by AICTE, it has been discussed in the meeting of Head of Departments held in the month of September 2020 to **include One MOOC courses each in VII and VIII semester aggregating to 7 Credit in the scheme for the students admitted in 2019-20.** 8-10 weeks of MOOC courses shall be considered for 3 credits and 12-16 weeks for MOOC courses shall be considered for 4 credits. A list of the MOOC courses shall be submitted by the respective BoS, two months before the start of the respective semester . The students have to select the MOOC courses from the list provided by the concerned BoS. The MOOCs courses available on the following site/platform will be recognized.

| Initiative | Institution Behind Platform | Website Link |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| NPTEL | IIT Madras | nptel.ac.in/ |
| mooKIT | IIT Kanpur | www.mookit.co/ |
| IITBX | IIT Bombay | iitbombayx.in/ |
| SWAYAM | MHRD and Microsoft | Swayam.gov.in |

Only those MOOCs courses will be considered for fulfilling the requirement of the B.Tech. Degree, which have certification.

The student will inform in writing to respective Head of the Department about the MOOCs courses intended to register from the list provided by concerned BoS at the time of registration of other courses. The HOD shall verify the authenticity of the course as per points mentioned above. The student shall submit the certificate along with the credit earn to the HOD, who will ensure to submit the information about the credit and grade earn by the student during the semester (through the MOOCs courses) at the time of submission of other course grades. Before submitting the grade of MOOC course registered by the student, the HOD shall convert the grade of the MOOC course to the grading system of CBCS of University Departments. For conversion, first the grade of the course shall be converted to equivalent marks using the rules prevalent at the institute offering the MOOC course and then marks shall be converted to equivalent grade of CBCS of University Departments.

In pursuance of the CBCS Regulations, the teaching schemes are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 3). In pursuance of the CBCS Regulations, the revised teaching schemes are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 4). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members after having following modifications:

The provision for obtaining the grades in the MOOC COURSES as suggested above has been replaced by the following provision as suggested and approved by the respected members that In House examination / evaluation will be carried out for the MOOC COURSES as held for regular courses. The grading of the MOOC courses will be done on the basis of these examinations/evaluations. A Course Coordinator will be assigned for each MOOC COURSE.

Agenda 5: To approve B. Tech. Curriculum applicable from 2020-21 and onwards for first year

In pursuance of **the revised** CBCS Regulations, the teaching schemes are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 5). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members after following modifications:

In first year scheme Engineering Mechanics and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering has been replaced by Basic Mechanical Engineering, Basic Civil Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering. Students of CS, EC, EE, EIC, IT will study Basic Mechanical Engineering and Basic Civil Engineering. Students of CE, PE, PC will study Basic Mechanical Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering. Students of AE, ME, PIE will study Basic Civil Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

Agenda 6: To approve BOS of HEAS department.

In pursuance of CBCS Regulations, the BOS of HEAS department is placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 6). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members.

Agenda 7: To approve policies and guidelines regarding academics and examination which are not in practice during pre COVID periods (Normal circumstances).

The extra ordinary situation arisen due to COVID-19, forces the administration to adopt some policies regarding academics and examination which are not in practice during pre COVID periods. Govt. of Rajasthan, Office of HVC and COE issued some guidelines for the academics and examination process. Members are requested to approve the same for University Departments, RTU, Kota.

Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members.

Reporting Item:

There are no guidelines for preparation of grades for back /improvement examinations in the present CBCS regulations. A committee was formed and approved by HVC for addressing this issue. Following provisions were proposed by the committee and approved by HVC in 2019 (note-sheet enclosed):

- a. If the back exam is conducted with main exam then the grading may be calculated with the main exam students.
- b. In case the back exam is conducted separately, then the grading may be calculated along with the previous main exam. However, the grading of the students (awarded already) will remain unaffected.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members.

The meeting ended with a vote of thanks to The Chair

Dr Vikas Bansal
Member Secretary, UDAC)

Prof Anil Mathur
Chairman, UDAC

Copy to:

- 1. PS to HVC for Approval in BOM**
- 2. Members of UDAC**

Dr Vikas Bansal
Member Secretary, UDAC)

Prof Anil Mathur
Chairman, UDAC

Minutes of Meeting
II Meeting (online) of Academic Council, University Departments, RTU, Kota
27 November, 2020, 3:30 pm

Ref. Number:

Date : 28-11-2020

II Meeting of Academic Council, University Departments, RTU, KOTA was convened through online mode on 27-11-2020 at 3:30 PM using Google Meet under the Chairmanship of Prof. A.K. Mathur, Dean, Faculty Affairs. Following members were present:

1. Prof. B.P. Suneja
2. Prof. Rajiv Gupta
3. Prof. Dinesh Birla
4. Prof. S. R. Kapoor
5. Prof. V.K. Gorana
6. Prof. A.K. Chaturvedi
7. Prof. Vivek Pandey
8. Prof. K.S. Grover
9. Dr. R.K. Bayal
10. Dr S. D. Purohit
11. Dr. Sanju Tanwar
12. Shri Manoj Vaishnav
13. Shri Ashok Patni
14. Dr. Vikas Bansal (Member Secretary)

Following agendas related to academic has been discussed and resolved into the meeting:

Agenda 1: Modifications/ improvement in CBCS regulations for Undergraduate programmes

Looking towards the model curriculum provided by the AICTE and to improve the academics of University Departments, RTU, Kota in the prevailing situations, modifications may be made in the CBCS regulations. A committee was formed for modifications in CBCS regulation as decided in the meeting of Head of Departments held in the month of September 2020. The committee has recommended CBCSUG-2020 after incorporating modifications in CBCSUG-2017. CBCSUG-2020 may be affected from the students admitted in 2020-21 and onwards. Modified regulations (CBCSUG-2020) as enclose in Annexure-1 is submitted herewith for approval. These shall be affected from

the students admitted in 2020-21 and onwards after approval. Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members. Following modifications were suggested and approved by the respected members in proposed CBCSUG-2020 by the committee (appointed on September 05, 2020 in the meeting of Head of Departments):

- i. Industrial Training (as mentioned in Section 6 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) has been considered as Credit courses in place of non-graded core courses. Therefore, 5 non-graded units have been changed to 5 Credits.
- ii. As suggested by HVC, SODECA, which was also non-graded core course (as mentioned in Section 6 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020), has also been converted to Credit course. Therefore, 4 non-graded units of SODECA have been changed to 4 Credits of SODECA (Anandam).
- iii. Above two changes have been resulted into change in the minimum credit requirement criterion (as mentioned in Section 4 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) for passing the B.Tech. degree. Now, minimum credit requirement is 164 Credits along with 11 non- graded units in place of 155 Credits along with 20 non- graded units as suggested by the committee (appointed on September 05, 2020 in the meeting of Head of Departments).
- iv. In ADDITION of grades S and Z (as mentioned in Section 6 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020), two more grades V for excellent performance and G for good performance has also been.
- v. As mentioned in Appendix-1 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020, In first year scheme, Engineering Mechanics and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering has been replace by Basic Mechanical Engineering, Basic Civil Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering. Students of CS, EC, EE, EIC, IT will study Basic Mechanical Engineering and Basic Civil Engineering. Students of CE, PE, PC will study Basic Mechanical Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering. Students of AE, ME, PIE will study Basic Civil Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

- vi. As per the guidelines of AICTE and as suggested and approved in the UDAC meeting, Minor degree or Honours shall be added in the B. Tech. degree on completing courses of extra 20 credits in the inter-disciplinary specialization or Departmental specialization respectively. This provision has been placed in place of the option for both Minor degree and Honours (as mentioned in Section 5, Appendix-3 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) on clearing extra 40 credits as suggested by the committee (appointed on September 05, 2020 in the meeting of Head of Departments).
- vii. Therefore, the minimum requirement for obtaining Minor degree or Honours (as mentioned in Section 5, Appendix-3 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) with B. Tech. Degree becomes 184 credit and 11 non-graded units.
- viii. List of MOOC courses may also be prepared from the option available to the BOS other than 4 agency prescribed in the proposed CBCSUG-2020 (as mentioned in Section 5 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020) by the committee. The list of MOOCS prepared by the BOS shall be approved by Dean UD.
- ix. The provision for obtaining the grades in the MOOC COURSES as suggested by the committee and as mentioned in Section 5 and other Sections has been replaced by the following provision as suggested and approved by the Hon'ble members that In House examination / evaluation will be carried out for the MOOC COURSES as held for regular courses. The grading of the MOOC courses will be done on the basis of these examinations/evaluations. A Course Coordinator will be assigned for each MOOC COURSE.
- x. Theory and Practical courses will be treated as separate courses.
- xi. The provision of 'Self-study course' as mentioned at Sub. Section 4.11 of Section 4 of proposed CBCSUG-2020 has been deferred.
- xii. The provision of 'Exit policy' as mentioned at Sub. Section 4.13 of Section 4 of proposed CBCSUG-2020 has been deferred till announced by AICTE and other regulating bodies.

- xiii. Minimum number of students in Departmental Elective has been replaced by 'minimum of 10 or actual number of students admitted' in place of '10' (as mentioned in Section 3.3 and other Sections of the proposed CBCSUG-2020).

Agenda 2: To approve B. Tech. Curriculum applicable for students admitted in 2017-18

In pursuance of the CBCS Regulations, the teaching schemes have been revised form 2017-18 by the concerned BOS, these are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 2). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members.

Agenda 3: To approve B. Tech. Curriculum applicable for students admitted in 2018-19

In Academic session 2018-19, a revised teaching scheme for I and II semester in line with that in RTU was adopted on recommendation of the BOS and approval of the Vice Chancellor .

In the prevailing market conditions and as per the model curriculum provided by AICTE, it has been discussed in the meeting of Head of Departments held in the month of September 2020 to **include One MOOC courses each in VII and VIII semester aggregating to 7 Credit in the scheme for the students admitted in 2018-19.** 8-10 weeks of MOOC courses shall be considered for 3 credits and 12-16 weeks for MOOC courses shall be considered for 4 credits. A list of the MOOC courses shall be submitted by the respective BOS, two months before the start of the respective semester . The students have to select the MOOC courses from the list provided by the concerned BoS. The MOOCs courses available on the following site/platform will be recognized.

| Initiative | Institution Behind Platform | Website Link |
|------------|-----------------------------|--|
| NPTEL | IIT Madras | nptel.ac.in/ |
| mooKIT | IIT Kanpur | www.mookit.co/ |
| IITBX | IIT Bombay | iitbombayx.in/ |
| SWAYAM | MHRD and Microsoft | Swayam.gov.in |

Only those MOOCs courses will be considered for fulfilling the requirement of the B.Tech. Degree, which have certification.

The student will inform in writing to respective Head of the Department about the MOOCs courses intended to register from the list provided by concerned BoS at the time of registration of other courses. The HOD shall verify the authenticity of the course as per points mentioned above. The student shall submit the certificate along with the credit earn to the HOD, who will ensure to submit the information about the credit and grade earn by the student during the semester (through the MOOCs courses) at the time of submission of other course grades. Before submitting the grade of MOOC course registered by the student, the HOD shall convert the grade of the MOOC course to the grading system of CBCS of University Departments. For conversion, first the grade of the course shall be converted to equivalent marks using the rules prevalent at the institute offering the MOOC course and then marks shall be converted to equivalent grade of CBCS of University Departments.

In pursuance of the CBCS Regulations, the revised teaching schemes are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 3). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members after having following modifications:

The provision for obtaining the grades in the MOOC COURSES as suggested above has been replaced by the following provision as suggested and approved by the Hon'ble members that In House examination / evaluation will be carried out for the MOOC COURSES as held for regular courses. The grading of the MOOC courses will be done on the basis of these examinations/evaluations. A Course Coordinator will be assigned for each MOOC COURSE.

Agenda 4: To approve B. Tech. Curriculum applicable for students admitted in 2019-20

In Academic session 2019-20, a revised teaching scheme for I and II semester in line with that in RTU was adopted on recommendation of the BOS.

In the prevailing market conditions and as per the model curriculum provided by AICTE, it has been discussed in the meeting of Head of Departments held in the month of September 2020 to **include One MOOC courses each in VII and VIII semester aggregating to 7 Credit in the scheme for the students admitted in 2019-20.** 8-10 weeks of MOOC courses shall be considered for 3 credits and 12-16 weeks for MOOC courses shall be considered for 4 credits. A list of the MOOC courses shall be submitted by the respective BoS, two months before the start of the respective semester . The students have to select the MOOC courses from the list provided by the concerned BoS. The MOOCs courses available on the following site/platform will be recognized.

| Initiative | Institution Behind Platform | Website Link |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| NPTEL | IIT Madras | nptel.ac.in/ |
| mooKIT | IIT Kanpur | www.mookit.co/ |
| IITBX | IIT Bombay | iitbombayx.in/ |
| SWAYAM | MHRD and Microsoft | Swayam.gov.in |

Only those MOOCs courses will be considered for fulfilling the requirement of the B.Tech. Degree, which have certification.

The student will inform in writing to respective Head of the Department about the MOOCs courses intended to register from the list provided by concerned BoS at the time of registration of other courses. The HOD shall verify the authenticity of the course as per points mentioned above. The student shall submit the certificate along with the credit earn to the HOD, who will ensure to submit the information about the credit and grade earn by the student during the semester (through the MOOCs courses) at the time of submission of other course grades. Before submitting the grade of MOOC course registered by the student, the HOD shall convert the grade of the MOOC course to the grading system of CBCS of University Departments. For conversion, first the grade of the course shall be converted to equivalent marks using the rules prevalent at the institute offering the MOOC course and then marks shall be converted to equivalent grade of CBCS of University Departments.

In pursuance of the CBCS Regulations, the teaching schemes are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 3). In pursuance of the CBCS Regulations, the revised teaching schemes are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 4). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members after having following modifications:

The provision for obtaining the grades in the MOOC COURSES as suggested above has been replaced by the following provision as suggested and approved by the respected members that In House examination / evaluation will be carried out for the MOOC COURSES as held for regular courses. The grading of the MOOC courses will be done on the basis of these examinations/evaluations. A Course Coordinator will be assigned for each MOOC COURSE.

Agenda 5: To approve B. Tech. Curriculum applicable from 2020-21 and onwards for first year

In pursuance of **the revised** CBCS Regulations, the teaching schemes are placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 5). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members after following modifications:

In first year scheme Engineering Mechanics and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering has been replaced by Basic Mechanical Engineering, Basic Civil Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering. Students of CS, EC, EE, EIC, IT will study Basic Mechanical Engineering and Basic Civil Engineering. Students of CE, PE, PC will study Basic Mechanical Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering. Students of AE, ME, PIE will study Basic Civil Engineering and Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

Agenda 6: To approve BOS of HEAS department.

In pursuance of CBCS Regulations, the BOS of HEAS department is placed for kind perusal of members (Annexure 6). Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members.

Agenda 7: To approve policies and guidelines regarding academics and examination which are not in practice during pre COVID periods (Normal circumstances).

The extra ordinary situation arisen due to COVID-19, forces the administration to adopt some policies regarding academics and examination which are not in practice during pre COVID periods. Govt. of Rajasthan, Office of HVC and COE issued some guidelines for the academics and examination process. Members are requested to approve the same for University Departments, RTU, Kota.

Members are requested to approve.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members.

Reporting Item:

There are no guidelines for preparation of grades for back /improvement examinations in the present CBCS regulations. A committee was formed and approved by HVC for addressing this issue. Following provisions were proposed by the committee and approved by HVC in 2019 (note-sheet enclosed):

- a. If the back exam is conducted with main exam then the grading may be calculated with the main exam students.
- b. In case the back exam is conducted separately, then the grading may be calculated along with the previous main exam. However, the grading of the students (awarded already) will remain unaffected.

Resolution: The Agenda was approved by the respected members.

The meeting ended with a vote of thanks to The Chair

Dr Vikas Bansal
Member Secretary, UDAC)

Prof Anil Mathur
Chairman, UDAC

Copy to:

- 1. PS to HVC for Approval in BOM**
- 2. Members of UDAC**

Dr Vikas Bansal
Member Secretary, UDAC)

Prof Anil Mathur
Chairman, UDAC

**2nd Year: Electronics & Communication Engineering
III Semester**

| Sr. No. | Course Code | Type of Course | Course Title | Credits | Hours/Week | | | Marks | | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|------------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|
| | | | | | L | T | P | IA | ETE | Total |
| 1 | 3ECU1 | ICC | Advanced Engineering Mathematics-I | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 2 | 3ECU2 | DCC | Electronics Devices | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 3 | 3ECU3 | DCC | Digital System Design | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 4 | 3ECU4 | DCC | Signal & Systems | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 5 | 3ECU5 | DCC | Network Theory | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 6 | 3ECU6 | DCC/IEC | Technical Communication | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 7 | 3ECU11 | DCC | Electronics Devices Lab | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 8 | 3ECU12 | DCC | Digital System Design Lab | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 9 | 3ECU13 | DCC/IEC | Signal Processing Lab | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 10 | 3ECU14 | DCC/IEC | Computer Programming Lab-I | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 11 | 3ECU20 | | Extra Curricular & Discipline | 1 | | | | 50 | | 50 |
| | | | TOTAL | 25 | 17 | 2 | 09 | 550 | 750 | 1250 |

**2nd Year: Electronics & Communication Engineering
IV Semester**

| Sr. No. | Course Code | Type of Course | Course Title | Credits | Hours/Week | | | Marks | | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|
| | | | | | L | T | P | IA | ET E | Total |
| 1 | 4ECU1 | ICC | Advanced Engineering Mathematics-II | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 2 | 4ECU2 | DCC | Analog Circuits | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 3 | 4ECU3 | DCC | Microcontrollers | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 4 | 4ECU4 | DCC | Electronics Measurement & Instrumentation | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 5 | 4ECU5 | DCC | Analog and Digital Communication | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 6 | 4ECU6 | DCC/IEC | Managerial Economics and Financial Accounting | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 7 | 4ECU11 | DCC | Analog and Digital Communication Lab | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 8 | 4ECU12 | DCC | Analog Circuits Lab | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 9 | 4ECU13 | DCC/IEC | Microcontrollers Lab | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 10 | 4ECU14 | DCC/IEC | Electronics Measurement & Instrumentation Lab | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 11 | 4ECU20 | | Extra-Curricular & Discipline | 1 | | | | 50 | | 50 |
| | | | TOTAL | 26 | 17 | 2 | 10 | 550 | 750 | 1250 |

**3rd Year: Electronics & Communication Engineering
V Semester**

| Sr. No. | Course Code | Type of Course | Course Title | Credits | Hours/Week | | | Marks | | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|
| | | | | | L | T | P | IA | ET/E | Total |
| 1 | 5ECU1 | DCC | Electromagnetics Waves | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 2 | 5ECU2 | DCC | Control system | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 3 | 5ECU3 | DCC | Digital Signal Processing | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 4 | 5ECU4 | DCC | Microwave Theory & Techniques | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 5 | 5ECU5.1 | DEC | Probability Theory & Stochastic Process | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| | 5ECU5.2 | | Embedded Systems | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 5ECU6.1 | DEC | Bio-Medical Electronics | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| | 5ECU6.2 | | Satellite Communication | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 5ECU11 | DCC | RF Simulation Lab | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 8 | 5ECU12 | DCC | Digital Signal Processing Lab | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 9 | 5ECU13 | DCC | Microwave Lab | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 10 | 5ECU14 | DCC/IEC | PCB Design lab/EC workshop | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 11 | 5ECU20 | | Extra Curricular & Discipline | 1 | | | | 50 | | 50 |
| | | | TOTAL | 25 | 17 | 2 | 09 | 550 | 750 | 1250 |

**3rd Year: Electronics & Communication Engineering
VI Semester**

| Sr. No. | Course Code | Type of Course | Course Title | Credits | Hours/Week | | | Marks | | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|----------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|
| | | | | | L | T | P | IA | ET E | Total |
| 1 | 6ECU1 | DCC | Computer Network | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 2 | 6ECU2 | DCC | Fiber Optics Communications | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 3 | 6ECU3 | DCC | Antennas and Propagation | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 4 | 6ECU4 | DCC | Information theory and coding | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 5 | 6ECU5.1 | DEC | Introduction to MEMS | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| | 6ECU5.2 | | Nano Electronics | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 6ECU6.1 | DEC | Power Electronics | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| | 6ECU6.2 | | High Speed Electronics | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 6ECU11 | DCC | Computer Network Lab | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 8 | 6ECU12 | DCC | Antenna and wave propagation Lab | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 9 | 6ECU13 | DCC | Electronics Design Lab | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 10 | 6ECU14 | DCC/IEC | Power Electronics Lab | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 11 | 6ECU20 | | Extra-Curricular & Discipline | 1 | | | | 50 | | 50 |
| | | | TOTAL | 26 | 17 | 2 | 10 | 550 | 750 | 1250 |

**4th Year: Electronics & Communication Engineering
VII Semester**

| Sr. No. | Course Code | Type of Course | Course Title | Credits | Hours/Week | | | Marks | | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|
| | | | | | L | T | P | IA | ET/E | Total |
| 1 | 7ECU1 | DCC | CMOS Design | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 2 | 7ECU2 | DCC | Digital Image and Video Processing | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 3 | 7ECU3 | DCC | Mobile Communication and Network | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 4 | 7ECU4 | DCC | Mixed Signal Design | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 5 | 7ECU5.1 | DEC | Error Correcting Codes | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| | 7ECU5.2 | | Neural Network And Fuzzy Logic Controller | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 7ECU6.1 | IEC | MOOC COURSE | 4 | | | | | | |
| 7 | 7ECU11 | DCC | VLSI Design Lab | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 8 | 7ECU12 | DCC | Optical fibre lab | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 9 | 7ECU13 | DCC | Minor project | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| 10 | 7ECU14 | DCC | Practical Training | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 150 | 75 | 225 |
| 11 | 7ECU20 | | Extra-Curricular & Discipline | 1 | | | | 50 | | 50 |
| | | | TOTAL | 30 | 15 | 2 | 11 | 600 | 650 | 1250 |

**4th Year: Electronics & Communication Engineering
VIII Semester Option-A**

| Sr. No. | Course Code | Type of Course | Course Title | Credits | Hours/Week | | | Marks | | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|
| | | | | | L | T | P | IA | ET E | Total |
| 1 | 8ECU1.1 | DEC | Speech and audio processing | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| | 8ECU1.2 | | Artificial intelligence | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 8ECU2.1 | DEC | Adaptive Signal Processing | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| | 8ECU2.1 | | Wavelets | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 8ECU3.1 | DEC | Wireless Sensor Network | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| | 8ECU3.2 | | Scientific Computing | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 8ECU4.1 | IEC | MOOC COURSE | 3 | | | | | | |
| 5 | 8ECU13 | DCC | Seminar | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 150 | 75 | 225 |
| 6 | 8ECU14 | DCC | Project | 12 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 350 | 175 | 525 |
| 7 | 8ECU20 | | Extra-Curricular & Discipline | 1 | | | | 50 | | 50 |
| | | | TOTAL | 29 | 9 | 0 | 22 | 700 | 550 | 1250 |

**4th Year: Electronics & Communication Engineering
VIII Semester Option-B***

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|-----|-------------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|----------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| 1 | 8ECU4.1 | IEC | MOOC COURSE | 3 | | | | | | |
| 2 | 8ECU13 | DCC | Seminar | 4 | | | 4 | 150 | 75 | 225 |
| 3 | 8ECU14 | DCC | Project Cum Internship | 21 | | | 36 hours per week | 500 | 475 | 975 |
| 4 | 8ECU20 | | Extra-Curricular & Discipline | 1 | | | | 50 | | 50 |
| | | | TOTAL | 29 | 0 | 0 | 40 | 700 | 550 | 1250 |

***In VIII semester, option B be given (on Choice) to the student having CGPA \geq 8.0 calculated up to the VI semester B.Tech. results.**

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----------------------------------|--------|----------|-----------|
| 3ECU1 | ICC | Advance Engineering Mathematics-I | MM:150 | 3L:1T:0P | 4 credits |
|-------|-----|-----------------------------------|--------|----------|-----------|

| |
|---|
| Numerical Methods – 1: (10 lectures) |
| Finite differences, Relation between operators, Interpolation using Newton's forward and backward difference formulae. Gauss's forward and backward interpolation formulae. Stirling's Formulae. Interpolation with unequal intervals: Newton's divided difference and Lagrange's formulae. Numerical Differentiation, Numerical integration: Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's 1/3rd and 3/8 rules. |
| Numerical Methods – 2: (8 lectures) |
| Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations: Taylor's series, Euler and modified Euler's methods. Runge- Kutta method of fourth order for solving first and second order equations. Milne's and Adam's predictor-corrector methods. Solution of polynomial and transcendental equations-Bisection method, Newton-Raphson method and Regula-Falsi method. |
| Laplace Transform: (10 lectures) |
| Definition and existence of Laplace transform, Properties of Laplace Transform and formulae, Unit Step function, Dirac Delta function, Heaviside function, Laplace transform of periodic functions. Finding inverse Laplace transform by different methods, convolution theorem. Evaluation of integrals by Laplace transform, solving ODEs by Laplace transforms method. |
| Fourier Transform: (7 lectures) |
| Fourier Complex, Sine and Cosine transform, properties and formulae, inverse Fourier transforms, Convolution theorem, application of Fourier transforms to partial ordinary differential equation (One dimensional heat and wave equations only). |
| Z-Transform: (5 lectures) |
| Definition, properties and formulae, Convolution theorem, inverse Z-transform, application of Z-transform to difference equation. |

| |
|--|
| Suggested Text/Reference Books |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. FrancisScheid, Theory and Problems of Numerical Analysis, Schaum Outline's series. 2. S. S. Sastry; Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis; Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited. 3. M. K. Jain, S. R. K. Iyengar and R. K. Jain; Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation; New Age International |

Publishers.

4. Spiegel; Laplace Transforms; Schaum's outline series.
5. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons.
6. R.K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar; Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publications.
7. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 35th Edition, 2010.
8. Dennis G. Zill and Warren S. Wright; Advanced Engineering Mathematics; Jones & Bartlett Learning.
9. Pal and Bhunia, Engineering Mathematics, Oxford, India.
10. C.B. Gupta, Engineering Mathematics for semesters III and IV, McGraw Hill Education, India.

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|--------------------|--------|----------|-----------|
| 3ECU2 | DCC | Electronic Devices | MM:150 | 3L:1T:0P | 4 credits |
|-------|-----|--------------------|--------|----------|-----------|

| |
|---|
| Introduction to Semiconductor Physics: Introduction, Energy band gap structures of semiconductors, Classifications of semiconductors, Degenerate and non-degenerate semiconductors, Direct and indirect band gap semiconductors, Electronic properties of Silicon, Germanium, Compound Semiconductor, Gallium Arsenide, Gallium phosphide & Silicon carbide, Variation of semiconductor conductivity, resistance and bandgap with temperature and doping. Thermistors, Sensitors. |
| Review of Quantum Mechanics, Electrons in periodic Lattices, E-k diagrams. Energy bands in intrinsic and extrinsic silicon; Carrier transport: diffusion current, drift current, mobility and resistivity; sheet resistance, design of resistors. |
| Generation and recombination of carriers; Poisson and continuity equation P-N junction characteristics, I-V characteristics, and small signal switching models; Avalanche breakdown, Zener diode, Schottky diode. |
| Bipolar Junction Transistor, I-V characteristics, Ebers-Moll Model, MOS capacitor, C-V characteristics, MOSFET, I-V characteristics, and small signal models of MOS transistor, LED, photodiode and solar cell. |
| Integrated circuit fabrication process: oxidation, diffusion, ion implantation, Photolithography, etching, chemical vapor deposition, sputtering, twin-tub CMOS process. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | G. Streetman, and S. K. Banerjee, "Solid State Electronic Devices," 7th edition, Pearson, 2014. |
| 2. | D. Neamen, D. Biswas "Semiconductor Physics and Devices," McGraw-Hill Education |
| 3. | S. M. Sze and K. N. Kwok, "Physics of Semiconductor Devices," 3rd edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006. |
| 4. | C.T. Sah, "Fundamentals of solid state electronics," World Scientific Publishing Co. Inc, 1991. |
| 5. | Y. Tsvividis and M. Colin, "Operation and Modeling of the MOS Transistor," Oxford Univ.Press, 2011. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|--------------------|----------------|---|
| 3ECU2 | Electronic Devices | CO 1 | Understanding the semiconductor physics of the intrinsic, P and N materials. |
| | | CO 2 | Understanding the characteristics of current flow in a bipolar junction transistor and MOSFET. |
| | | CO 3 | Understand and utilize the mathematical models of semiconductor junctions and MOS transistors for circuits and systems. |
| | | CO 4 | Analyze the characteristics of different electronic devices such as Amplifiers, LEDs, Solar cells, etc. |
| | | CO 5 | Theoretical as well as experimental understanding of Integrated circuit fabrication. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------|-----------------|--------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 3ECU2 Electronic Devices | CO 1 | 3 | 1 | | 2 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| CO 2 | 3 | | 2 | 1 | | | 2 | | | | | | |
| CO 3 | 2 | | 1 | | 2 | | 1 | 2 | | | | | |
| CO 4 | 3 | | 1 | 1 | | | | 2 | | | | | |
| CO 5 | 3 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | 2 |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| Lecture 1 | Zero Lecture |
| Lecture 2 | Introduction to Semiconductor Physics |
| Lecture 3 | Introduction to Semiconductor Physics |

| | |
|------------|---|
| Lecture 4 | Introduction to Semiconductor Physics |
| Lecture 5 | Review of Quantum Mechanics |
| Lecture 6 | Electrons in periodic Lattices |
| Lecture 7 | E-k diagrams |
| Lecture 8 | Energy bands in intrinsic and extrinsic silicon |
| Lecture 9 | Carrier transport: diffusion current, drift current, mobility and resistivity |
| Lecture 10 | Sheet resistance and design of resistors |
| Lecture 11 | Generation and recombination of carriers |
| Lecture 12 | Poisson and continuity equation |
| Lecture 13 | P-N junction characteristics and their I-V characteristics |
| Lecture 14 | P-N junction characteristics and their I-V characteristics |
| Lecture 15 | P-N junction small signal switching models |
| Lecture 16 | P-N junction small signal switching models |
| Lecture 17 | Avalanche breakdown |
| Lecture 18 | Zener diode and Schottky diode |
| Lecture 19 | Basics of Bipolar Junction Transistor |
| Lecture 20 | I-V characteristics of BJT |
| Lecture 21 | Ebers-Moll Model |
| Lecture 22 | MOS capacitor |
| Lecture 23 | MOS capacitor |
| Lecture 24 | C-V characteristics |
| Lecture 25 | Basics of MOSFET |
| Lecture 26 | Basics of MOSFET |
| Lecture 27 | I-V characteristics of MOSFET |
| Lecture 28 | Small signal models of MOS transistor |
| Lecture 29 | Small signal models of MOS transistor |
| Lecture 30 | Light Emitting Diode |
| Lecture 31 | Photodiode and solar cell |
| Lecture 32 | Basics of Integrated Circuits |
| Lecture 33 | Advancement in Integrated Circuits |
| Lecture 34 | Oxidation, diffusion and ion implantation |
| Lecture 35 | Photolithography and etching |
| Lecture 36 | Chemical vapor deposition |
| Lecture 37 | Sputtering |
| Lecture 38 | Twin-tub CMOS process |
| Lecture 39 | Spill over class |
| Lecture 40 | Spill over class |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Hand-outs

Sample assignments:

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Assignment 1 | Q1. Investigates the input/output characteristics of various diodes? |
| | Q2. Investigate the applications of various diodes? |
| | <p>Q3. A p-type sample of silicon has a resistivity of 5 Ω-cm. In this sample, the hole mobility, μ_h, is 600 $\text{cm}^2/\text{V-s}$ and the electron mobility, μ_e, is 1600 $\text{cm}^2/\text{V-s}$. Ohmic contacts are formed on the ends of the sample and a uniform electric field is imposed which results in a drift current density in the sample is $2 \times 10^3 \text{ A/cm}^2$.</p> <p>[1]. What are the hole and electron concentrations in this sample?</p> <p>[2]. What are the hole and electron drift velocities under these conditions?</p> <p>[3]. What is the magnitude of the electric field?</p> |
| Assignment 2 | Q1. Discuss the applications of Ebers-Moll Model. |
| | Q2. Discuss different types of fabrication techniques. |
| | Q3. Discuss various characteristics of CMOS transistor. |

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----------------------|--------|----------|-----------|
| 3ECU3 | DCC | Digital System Design | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credits |
|-------|-----|-----------------------|--------|----------|-----------|

| |
|---|
| Logic Simplification and Combinational Logic Design: Review of Boolean Algebra and De Morgan's Theorem, SOP & POS forms, Canonical forms, Karnaugh maps up to 6 variables, Binary codes, Code Conversion. |
| MSI devices like Comparators, Multiplexers, Encoder, Decoder, Driver & Multiplexed Display, Half and Full Adders, Subtractors, Serial and Parallel Adders, BCD Adder, Barrel shifter and ALU |
| Sequential Logic Design: Building blocks like S-R, JK and Master-Slave JK FF, Edge triggered FF, Ripple and Synchronous counters, Shift registers, Finite state machines, Design of Synchronous FSM, Algorithmic State Machines charts. Designing synchronous circuits like Pulse train generator, Pseudo Random Binary Sequence generator, Clock generation. |
| Logic Families and Semiconductor Memories: TTL NAND gate, Specifications, Noise margin, Propagation delay, fan-in, fan-out, Tristate TTL, ECL, CMOS families and their interfacing, memory elements, Concept of Programmable logic devices like FPGA. Logic implementation using programmable devices. |
| VLSI Design flow: Design entry: Schematic, FSM & HDL, different modeling styles in VHDL, Data types and objects, Dataflow, Behavioral and Structural Modeling, Synthesis and Simulation VHDL constructs and codes for combinational and sequential circuits. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | R.P. Jain, "Modern digital Electronics", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th edition, 2009. |
| 2. | Douglas Perry, "VHDL", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th edition, 2002. |
| 3. | W.H. Gothmann, "Digital Electronics- An introduction to theory and practice", PHI, 2 nd edition, 2006. |
| 4. | D.V. Hall, "Digital Circuits and Systems", Tata McGraw Hill, 1989 |
| 5. | Charles Roth, "Digital System Design using VHDL", Tata McGraw Hill 2nd edition 2012. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------------|---|
| 3ECU3 | Digital System Design | CO 1 | Develop the understanding of number system and its application in digital electronics. |
| | | CO 2 | Development and analysis of K-map to solve the Boolean function to the simplest form for the implementation of compact digital circuits. |
| | | CO 3 | Design various combinational and sequential circuits using various metrics: switching speed, throughput/latency, gate count and area, energy dissipation and power. |
| | | CO 4 | Understanding Interfacing between digital circuits and analog component using Analog to Digital Converter (ADC), Digital to Analog Converter (DAC) etc. |
| | | CO 5 | Design and implement semiconductor memories, programmable logic devices (PLDs) and field programmable gate arrays (FPGA) in digital electronics. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 3ECU3 Digital System Design | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|---|
| Lecture 1 | Zero Lecture |
| Lecture 2 | Review of Boolean Algebra |
| Lecture 3 | DeMorgan's Theorem, SOP & POS forms, |
| Lecture 4 | Problem of SOP and POS forms of boolean functions. |
| Lecture 5 | Simplification of karnaugh map up to 6 variables |
| Lecture 6 | Simplification of karnaugh map up to 6 variables |
| Lecture 7 | Simplification of karnaugh map up to 6 variables |
| Lecture 8 | Binary codes and code conversion |
| Lecture 9 | Binary codes and code conversion |
| Lecture 10 | Encoder, Decoder |
| Lecture 11 | Half and Full Adders, Subtractors, Serial and Parallel Adders |
| Lecture 12 | BCD Adder, Barrel shifter |
| Lecture 13 | S-R FF, edge triggered and level triggered |
| Lecture 14 | D and J-K FF |
| Lecture 15 | Master-Slave JK FF and T FF |
| Lecture 16 | Ripple and Synchronous counters |
| Lecture 17 | Other type of counters |
| Lecture 18 | Shift registers, Finite state machines, Asynchronous FSM |
| Lecture 19 | Design of synchronous FSM |
| Lecture 20 | Design of synchronous FSM |
| Lecture 21 | Design of synchronous FSM |
| Lecture 22 | Designing synchronous circuits (pulse train generator, pseudo random binary sequence generator, clock generation) |
| Lecture 23 | TTL NAND gate, specifications, noise margin, propagation delay, fan-in, fan-out |
| Lecture 24 | TTL NAND gate |
| Lecture 25 | Tristate TTL, ECL |
| Lecture 26 | CMOS families and their interfacing |
| Lecture 27 | CMOS families and their interfacing |
| Lecture 28 | Read-Only Memory, Random Access Memory |
| Lecture 29 | Programmable Logic Arrays (PLA) |
| Lecture 30 | Programmable Array Logic (PAL), |
| Lecture 31 | Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA) |
| Lecture 32 | Combinational PLD-Based State Machines, |
| Lecture 33 | State Machines on a Chip |
| Lecture 34 | Schematic, FSM & HDL |
| Lecture 35 | Different modeling styles in VHDL |
| Lecture 36 | Data types and objects, Data flow |
| Lecture 37 | Behavioral and Structural Modeling |

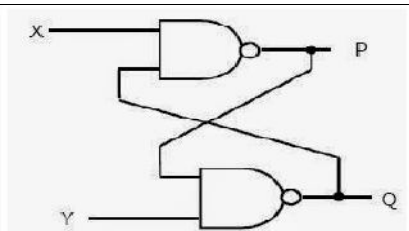
| | |
|------------|--|
| Lecture 38 | Behavioral and Structural Modeling |
| Lecture 39 | Simulation VHDL constructs and codes for combinational and sequential circuits |
| Lecture 40 | Simulation VHDL constructs and codes for combinational and sequential circuits |

Content delivery method:

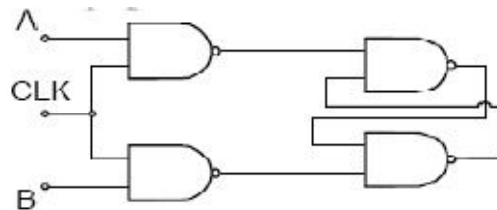
1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Hand-outs

Sample Assignments:

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Assignment 1 | <p>Q1. Using K-maps, find the minimal Boolean expression of the following SOP and POS representations.</p> <p>a. $f(w,x,y,z) = \Sigma(7,13,14,15)$</p> <p>b. $f(w,x,y,z) = \Sigma(1,3,4,6,9,11,14,15)$</p> <p>c. $f(w,x,y,z) = \Pi(1,4,5,6,11,12,13,14,15)$</p> <p>d. $f(w,x,y,z) = \Sigma(1,3,4,5,7,8,9,11,15)$</p> <p>e. $f(w,x,y,z) = \Pi(0,4,5,7,8,9,13,15)$</p> |
| | <p>Q2. Find the function $h(a,b,c,d)$ such that $f = f^d$.</p> <p>$f(a,b,c,d) = a \cdot b \cdot c + (a \cdot c + b) \cdot d + h(a,b,c,d)$</p> |
| | <p>Q3. Using K-maps of the functions f_1 and f_2, find the following: (provide the canonical form expression and simplify)</p> <p>a. $T_1 = f_1 \cdot f_2$</p> <p>b. $T_2 = f_1 + f_2$</p> <p>c. $T_3 = f_1 \oplus f_2$</p> <p>where $f_1(w,x,y,z) = \Sigma(0,2,4,9,12,15)$, $f_2(w,x,y,z) = \Sigma(1,2,4,5,12,13)$</p> |
| Assignment 2 | <p>Q1. Draw the state diagram of a serial adder.</p> |
| | <p>Q2. In the following circuit, given binary values were applied to the Inputs X and Y inputs of the NAND latch shown in the figure. X = 0, Y = 1; X = 0, Y = 0; X = 1, Y = 1. Find out the corresponding stable output P, Q.</p> |



Q3. When the race around condition will occur in the circuit given Below:



| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-------------------|--------|----------|-----------|
| 3ECU4 | DCC | Signals & Systems | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credits |
|-------|-----|-------------------|--------|----------|-----------|

| |
|--|
| Energy and power signals, continuous and discrete time signals, continuous and discrete amplitude signals. System properties: linearity: additivity and homogeneity, shift-invariance, causality, stability, realizability. |
| Linear shift-invariant (LSI) systems, impulse response and step response, convolution, input output behavior with aperiodic convergent inputs. Characterization of causality and stability of linear shift-invariant systems. System representation through differential equations and difference equations |
| Periodic and semi-periodic inputs to an LSI system, the notion of a frequency response and its relation to the impulse response, Fourier series representation, the Fourier Transform, convolution/multiplication and their effect in the frequency domain, magnitude and phase response, Fourier domain duality. The Discrete-Time Fourier Transform (DTFT) and the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT). Parseval's Theorem. The idea of signal space and orthogonal bases |
| The Laplace Transform, notion of eigen functions of LSI systems, a basis of eigen functions, region of convergence, poles and zeros of system, Laplace domain analysis, solution to differential equations and system behavior. |
| The z-Transform for discrete time signals and systems- eigen functions, region of convergence, z-domain analysis. |
| State-space analysis and multi-input, multi-output representation. The state-transition matrix and its role. The Sampling Theorem and its implications- Spectra of sampled signals. Reconstruction: ideal interpolator, zero-order hold, first-order hold, and so on. Aliasing and its effects. Relation between continuous and discrete time systems. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | A.V. Oppenheim, A.S. Willsky and I.T. Young, "Signals and Systems", Prentice Hall, 1983. |
| 2. | R.F. Ziemer, W.H. Tranter and D.R. Fannin, "Signals and Systems - Continuous and Discrete", 4th edition, Prentice Hall, 1998. |
| 3. | Papoulis, "Circuits and Systems: A Modern Approach", HRW, 1980. |
| 4. | B.P. Lathi, "Signal Processing and Linear Systems", Oxford University Press, c1998. |
| 5. | Douglas K. Lindner, "Introduction to Signals and Systems", McGraw |

| | |
|-----|---|
| | Hill International Edition: c1999. |
| 6. | Simon Haykin, Barry van Veen, "Signals and Systems", John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Private Limited, c1998. |
| 7 | Robert A. Gabel, Richard A. Roberts, "Signals and Linear Systems", John Wiley and Sons, 1995. |
| 8. | M. J. Roberts, "Signals and Systems - Analysis using Transform methods and MATLAB", TMH, 2003. |
| 9. | J. Nagrath, S. N. Sharan, R. Ranjan, S. Kumar, "Signals and Systems", TMH New Delhi, 2001. |
| 10. | Ashok Ambardar, "Analog and Digital Signal Processing", 2nd Edition, Brooks/ Cole Publishing Company (An international Thomson Publishing Company), 1999. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------|---|
| 3ECU4 | Signals & Systems | CO 1 | Analyze different types of signals and system properties |
| | | CO 2 | Represent continuous and discrete systems in time and frequency domain using different transforms |
| | | CO 3 | Investigate whether the system is stable. |
| | | CO 4 | Sampling and reconstruction of a signal. |
| | | CO 5 | Acquire an understanding of MIMO systems |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------|-----------------|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 3ECU4 Signals & Systems | CO 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | | | 1 | | |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 1 | | 2 | 3 | | | 1 | | | | 2 |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | | | | | | | | 2 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|
| CO 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| CO 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | | | 2 | | | | 1 |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|--|
| Lecture 1 | Zero Lecture |
| Lecture 2 | Energy signals power signals |
| Lecture 3 | Continuous and discrete time signals |
| Lecture 4 | Continuous amplitude signals |
| Lecture 5 | and discrete amplitude signals |
| Lecture 6 | System properties: linearity: additivity and homogeneity |
| Lecture 7 | shift-invariance, causality |
| Lecture 8 | stability, realizability. |
| Lecture 9 | Linear shift-invariant (LSI) systems |
| Lecture 10 | impulse response |
| Lecture 11 | Step response |
| Lecture 12 | Convolution. |
| Lecture 13 | Input output behavior with aperiodic convergent inputs |
| Lecture 14 | Characterization of causality and stability of linear shift-invariant systems. |
| Lecture 15 | System representation through differential equations and difference equations. |
| Lecture 16 | Characterization of causality and stability of linear shift-invariant systems. |
| Lecture 17 | System representation through differential equations and difference equations. |
| Lecture 18 | Periodic and semi-periodic inputs to an LSI system |
| Lecture 19 | The notion of a frequency response. |
| Lecture 20 | Its relation to the impulse response |
| Lecture 21 | Fourier series representation |
| Lecture 22 | Fourier Transform |
| Lecture 23 | Convolution/multiplication and their effect in the frequency domain |
| Lecture 24 | Magnitude and phase response |
| Lecture 25 | Fourier domain duality. |
| Lecture 26 | The Discrete-Time Fourier Transform (DTFT) and Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT). |
| Lecture 27 | Parseval's Theorem. The idea of signal space and orthogonal bases |

| | |
|------------|--|
| Lecture 28 | The Laplace Transform |
| Lecture 29 | Notion of eigen functions of LSI systems |
| Lecture 30 | A basis of eigen functions, region of convergence |
| Lecture 31 | Poles and zeros of system, Laplace domain analysis, |
| Lecture 32 | Solution to differential equations and system behavior. |
| Lecture 33 | The z-Transform for discrete time signals and systems- eigen functions, |
| Lecture 34 | Region of convergence, z-domain analysis. |
| Lecture 35 | State-space analysis and multi-input, multi-output representation. |
| Lecture 36 | The state-transition matrix and its role. |
| Lecture 37 | The Sampling Theorem and its implications- Spectra of sampled signals. |
| Lecture 38 | Reconstruction: ideal interpolator, zero-order hold, first-order hold, and so on |
| Lecture 39 | Aliasing and its effects. |
| Lecture 40 | Relation between continuous and discrete time systems. |

Content delivery method:

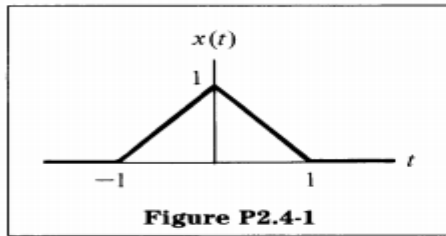
1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Animation
4. Hand-outs

Assignments:

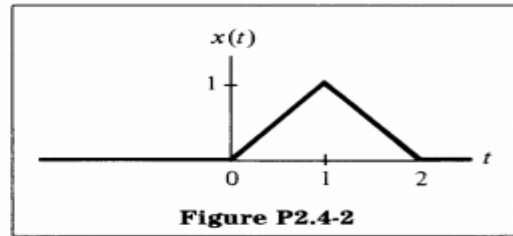
Assignment

For each of the following signals, determine whether it is even, odd, or neither.

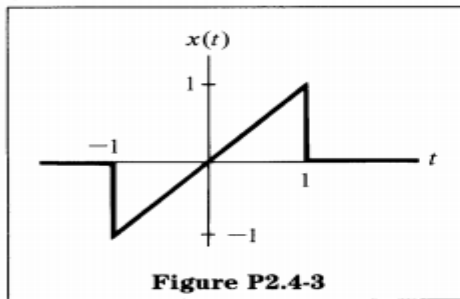
(a)



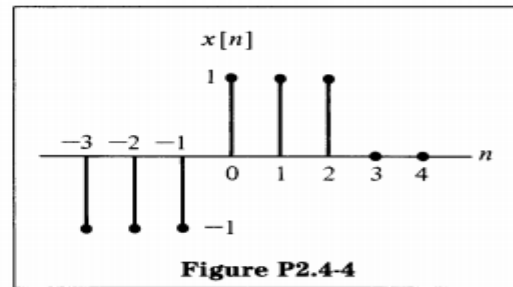
(b)



(c)



(d)



Q1.

Evaluate the following sums:

(a) $\sum_{n=0}^5 2 \left(\frac{3}{a}\right)^n$

(b) $\sum_{n=2}^6 b^n$

(c) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{2n}$

Hint: Convert each sum to the form

$$C \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \alpha^n = S_N \quad \text{or} \quad C \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \alpha^n = S_{\infty}$$

and use the formulas

$$S_N = C \left(\frac{1 - \alpha^N}{1 - \alpha} \right), \quad S_{\infty} = \frac{C}{1 - \alpha} \quad \text{for } |\alpha| < 1$$

Q2.

| | |
|---------|--|
| | <p>The first-order difference equation $y[n] - ay[n - 1] = x[n]$, $0 < a < 1$, describes a particular discrete-time system initially at rest.</p> <p>(a) Verify that the impulse response $h[n]$ for this system is $h[n] = a^n u[n]$.</p> <p>(b) Is the system</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> memoryless? causal? stable? <p>Clearly state your reasoning.</p> <p>(c) Is this system stable if $a > 1$?</p> <p>Q3.</p> |
| Assignm | <p>Consider a discrete-time system with impulse response</p> $h[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n]$ <p>Determine the response to each of the following inputs:</p> <p>(a) $x[n] = (-1)^n = e^{j\pi n}$ for all n</p> <p>(b) $x[n] = e^{j\pi n/4}$ for all n</p> <p>(c) $x[n] = \cos\left(\frac{\pi n}{4} + \frac{\pi}{8}\right)$ for all n</p> <p>Q1.</p> <hr/> <p>Consider two specific periodic sequences $\hat{x}[n]$ and $\hat{y}[n]$. $\hat{x}[n]$ has period N and $\hat{y}[n]$ has period M. The sequence $\hat{w}[n]$ is defined as $\hat{w}[n] = \hat{x}[n] + \hat{y}[n]$.</p> <p>(a) Show that $\hat{w}[n]$ is periodic with period MN.</p> <p>(b) Since $\hat{x}[n]$ has period N, its discrete Fourier series coefficients a_k also have period N. Similarly, since $\hat{y}[n]$ has period M, its discrete Fourier series coefficients b_k also have period M. The discrete Fourier series coefficients of $\hat{w}[n]$, c_k, have period MN. Determine c_k in terms of a_k and b_k.</p> <p>Q2.</p> <hr/> <p>The sequence $x[n] = (-1)^n$ is obtained by sampling the continuous-time sinusoidal signal $x(t) = \cos \omega_0 t$ at 1-ms intervals, i.e.,</p> $\cos(\omega_0 n T) = (-1)^n, \quad T = 10^{-3} \text{ s}$ <p>Determine three <i>distinct</i> possible values of ω_0.</p> <p>Q3.</p> |

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|----------------|--------|----------|-----------|
| 3ECU5 | DCC | Network Theory | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credits |
|-------|-----|----------------|--------|----------|-----------|

| |
|---|
| Node and Mesh Analysis, matrix approach of network containing voltage and current sources, and reactances, source transformation and duality. |
| Network theorems: Superposition, reciprocity, Thevenin's, Norton's, Maximum power Transfer, compensation and Tellegen's theorem as applied to AC. circuits. |
| Trigonometric and exponential Fourier series: Discrete spectra and symmetry of waveform, steady state response of a network to non-sinusoidal periodic inputs, power factor, effective values, Fourier transform and continuous spectra, three phase unbalanced circuit and power calculation. |
| Laplace transforms and properties: Partial fractions, singularity functions, waveform synthesis, analysis of RC, RL, and RLC networks with and without initial conditions with Laplace transforms evaluation of initial conditions.. |
| Transient behavior, concept of complex frequency, Driving points and transfer functions poles and zeros of immittance function, their properties, sinusoidal response from pole-zero locations, convolution theorem and Two four port network and interconnections, Behaviors of series and parallel resonant circuits, Introduction to band pass, low pass, high pass and band reject filters. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|--|--|
| | Van, Valkenburg.; "Network analysis" ; Prentice hall of India, 2000 |
| | Sudhakar, A., Shyammoan, S. P.; "Circuits and Network"; Tata McGraw-Hill New Delhi, 1994 |
| | A William Hayt, "Engineering Circuit Analysis" 8th Edition, McGraw-Hill Education |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|----------------|----------------|---|
| 3ECU5 | Network Theory | CO 1 | Apply the basic circuit law and simplify the network using network theorems |
| | | CO 2 | Appreciate the frequency domain techniques in different applications. |
| | | CO 3 | Apply Laplace Transform for steady state and transient analysis |

| | | | |
|--|--|-------------|--|
| | | CO 4 | Evaluate transient response and two-port network parameters |
| | | CO 5 | Analyze the series resonant and parallel resonant circuit and design filters |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 3ECU5 Network Theory | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | 1 |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | | 2 | | | | | | | 1 |
| | CO 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|--|
| Lecture 1 | Overview of Network Theory and its significance |
| Lecture 2 | Node and Mesh Analysis |
| Lecture 3 | matrix approach of network containing voltage and current sources and reactances |
| Lecture 4 | source transformation and duality |
| Lecture 5 | Network theorems: Superposition and reciprocity |
| Lecture 6 | Thevenin's and Norton's theorem |
| Lecture 7 | Maximum power Transfer theorem |
| Lecture 8 | compensation and Tellegen's theorem as applied to AC. Circuits |
| Lecture 9 | Trigonometric and exponential Fourier series |
| Lecture 10 | Fourier series: Discrete spectra and symmetry of waveform |
| Lecture 11 | Steady state response of a network to non-sinusoidal periodic inputs |
| Lecture 12 | power factor and effective values |
| Lecture 13 | Fourier transform and continuous spectra |
| Lecture 14 | three phase unbalanced circuit and power calculation |
| Lecture 15 | three phase unbalanced circuit and power calculation |
| Lecture 16 | Laplace transforms |

| | |
|------------|---|
| Lecture 17 | Laplace transforms |
| Lecture 18 | Laplace transforms properties: Partial fractions |
| Lecture 19 | singularity functions and waveform synthesis |
| Lecture 20 | analysis of RC networks |
| Lecture 21 | analysis of RL networks |
| Lecture 22 | analysis of RLC networks |
| Lecture 23 | Analysis of networks with and without initial conditions |
| Lecture 24 | Analysis of networks with and without initial conditions |
| Lecture 25 | Analysis of networks with and without initial conditions with lapalace transforms evaluation |
| Lecture 26 | Analysis of networks with and without initial conditions with lapalace transforms evaluation of initial condition |
| Lecture 27 | Transient behavior |
| Lecture 28 | concept of complex frequency |
| Lecture 29 | Driving points and transfer functions poles and zeros of immittance function |
| Lecture 30 | Driving points and transfer functions poles and zeros of immittance function: their properties |
| Lecture 31 | sinusoidal response from pole-zero locations |
| Lecture 32 | sinusoidal response from pole-zero locations |
| Lecture 33 | convolution theorem |
| Lecture 34 | sinusoidal response from pole-zero locations |
| Lecture 35 | Two four port network and interconnections |
| Lecture 36 | Two four port network and interconnections |
| Lecture 37 | Behaviors of series and parallel resonant circuits |
| Lecture 38 | Introduction to band pass and low pass |
| Lecture 39 | Introduction to high pass and reject filters |
| Lecture 40 | Spill over class |

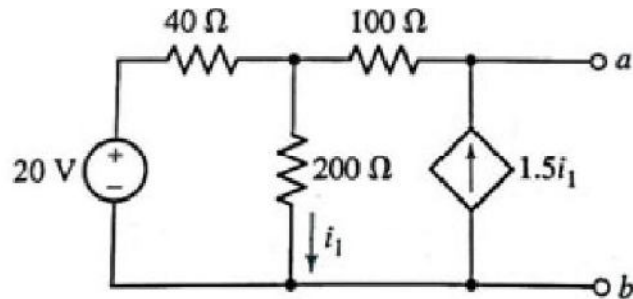
Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Hand-outs

Sample assignments:

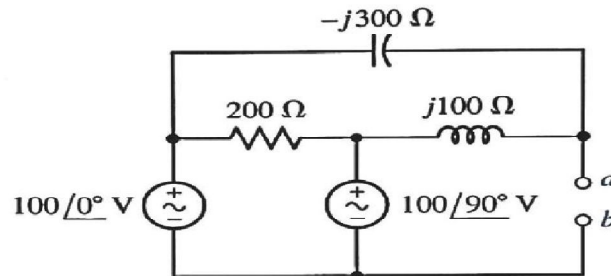
| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Assignment 1 | Q1. Elaborate the significance of source transformation with relevant example |
| | Q2. State and prove time differentiation theorem in Laplace Transform |

Q3. Find the Thevenin equivalent of the network shown in figure. What power would be delivered to a load of 100 ohms at *a* and *b*?



Assignment 2

Q4. Calculate Thevenin equivalent circuit with respect to terminals *a* and *b*



Q5. Derive transient current and voltage responses of sinusoidal driven RL and RC circuits.

Q6. Specify the restrictions on pole and zero locations for transfer functions and driving-point functions.

| | | | | | |
|-------|---------|-------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 3ECU6 | DCC/IEC | Technical Communication | MM:150 | 2L:0T:0P | 2 credit |
|-------|---------|-------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| SN | | Hours |
|----|---|-----------|
| 1 | Introduction to Technical Communication- Definition of technical communication, Aspects of technical communication, forms of technical communication, importance of technical communication, technical communication skills (Listening, speaking, writing, reading writing), linguistic ability, style in technical communication. | 4 |
| 2 | Comprehension of Technical Materials/Texts and Information Design & development- Reading of technical texts, Reading and comprehending instructions and technical manuals, Interpreting and summarizing technical texts, Note-making. Introduction of different kinds of technical documents, Information collection, factors affecting information and document design, Strategies for organization, Information design and writing for print and online media. | 6 |
| 3 | Technical Writing, Grammar and Editing- Technical writing process, forms of technical discourse, Writing, drafts and revising, Basics of grammar, common error in writing and speaking, Study of advanced grammar, Editing strategies to achieve appropriate technical style, Introduction to advanced technical communication. Planning, drafting and writing Official Notes, Letters, E-mail, Resume, Job Application, Minutes of Meetings. | 8 |
| 4 | Advanced Technical Writing- Technical Reports, types of technical reports, Characteristics and formats and structure of technical reports. Technical Project Proposals, types of technical proposals, Characteristics and formats and structure of technical proposals. Technical Articles, types of technical articles, Writing strategies, structure and formats of technical articles. | 8 |
| | Total | 26 |

Suggested Text/Reference Books

1. "Technical Communication", 2018, Rajesh K. Lidiya, Oxford University Press, India.
2. Communication Skills, Pushplata & Sanjay Kumar, Oxford University Press, India.
3. The Written Word, Vandana Singh, Oxford University Press, India.
4. Current English Grammar and Usage with Composition, R. P. Sinha, Oxford University Press, India.

5. Rodriques M. V., 'Effective Business Communication', Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1992 reprint (2000).
6. Bansal, R K and Harrison J B, 'Spoken English' Orient Longman, Hyderabad.
7. Binod Mishra & Sangeeta Sharma, 'Communication Skills for Engineers and Scientists, PHI Learning Private Ltd, New Delhi, 2011.
8. Gartside L. 'Modern Business Correspondence, Pitman Publishing, London.

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|----------------------------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 3ECU11 | DCC | Electronics Devices Lab | MM:75 | OL:OT:3P | 2 credit |
|--------|-----|----------------------------|-------|----------|-------------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment |
|---------|--|
| 1. | Study the following devices: (a) Analog & digital multimeters (b) Function/ Signal generators (c) Regulated d. c. power supplies (constant voltage and constant current operations) (d) Study of analog and digital CRO, measurement of time period, amplitude, frequency & phase angle using Lissajous figures. |
| 2. | Plot V-I characteristic of P-N junction diode & calculate cut-in voltage, reverse Saturation current and static & dynamic resistances. |
| 3. | Plot the output waveform of half wave rectifier and effect of filters on waveform. Also calculate its ripple factor. |
| 4. | Study bridge rectifier and measure the effect of filter network on D.C. voltage output & ripple factor. |
| 5. | Plot and verify output waveforms of different clipper and clamper. |
| 6. | Plot V-I characteristic of Zener diode |
| 7. | Study of Zener diode as voltage regulator. Observe the effect of load changes and determine load limits of the voltage regulator |
| 8. | Plot input-output characteristics of BJT in CB, CC and CE configurations. Find their h-parameters. |
| 9. | Study of different biasing circuits of BJT amplifier and calculate its Q-point. |
| 10. | Plot frequency response of two stage RC coupled amplifier & calculate its bandwidth . |
| 11. | Plot input-output characteristics of field effect transistor and measure I_{dss} and V_p . |
| 12. | Plot frequency response curve for FET amplifier and calculate its gain bandwidth product. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|------------------------|----------------|---|
| 3ECU11 | Electronic Devices Lab | CO 1 | Understand the characteristics of different Electronic Devices. |
| | | CO 2 | Verify the rectifier circuits using diodes and implement them using hardware. |
| | | CO 3 | Design various amplifiers like CE, CC, common source amplifiers and implement them using hardware and also observe their frequency responses |
| | | CO 4 | Understand the construction, operation and characteristics of JFET and MOSFET, which can be used in the design of amplifiers. |
| | | CO 5 | Understand the need and requirements to obtain frequency response from a transistor so that Design of RF amplifiers and other high frequency amplifiers is feasible |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 3ECU11 Electronic Devices Lab | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | 1 |
| | CO 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | 2 |
| | CO 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | 1 |
| | CO 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|------------------------------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 3ECU12 | DCC | Digital System Design Lab | MM:75 | 0L:0T:2P | 1 credit |
|--------|-----|------------------------------|-------|----------|-------------|

List of Experiments

| S. No. | Name of Experiment |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Part A: Combinational Circuits | |
| 1. | To verify the truth tables of logic gates: AND, OR, NOR, NAND, NOR, Ex-OR and Ex-NOR |
| 2. | To verify the truth table of OR, AND, NOR, Ex-OR, Ex-NOR logic gates realized using NAND & NOR gates. |
| 3. | To realize an SOP and POS expression. |
| 4. | To realize Half adder/ Subtractor & Full Adder/ Subtractor using NAND & NOR gates and to verify their truth tables |
| 5. | To realize a 4-bit ripple adder/ Subtractor using basic Half adder/ Subtractor & basic Full Adder/ Subtractor. |
| 6. | To design 4-to-1 multiplexer using basic gates and verify the truth table. Also verify the truth table of 8-to-1 multiplexer using IC |
| 7. | To design 1-to-4 demultiplexer using basic gates and verify the truth table. Also to construct 1-to-8 demultiplexer using blocks of 1-to-4 demultiplexer |
| 8. | To design 2x4 decoder using basic gates and verify the truth table. Also verify the truth table of 3x8 decoder using IC |
| 9. | Design & Realize a combinational circuit that will accept a 2421 BCD code and drive a TIL -312 seven-segment display |
| Part B: Sequential Circuits | |
| 10. | Using basic logic gates, realize the R-S, J-K and D-flip flops with and without clock signal and verify their truth table. |
| 11. | Construct a divide by 2, 4 & 8 asynchronous counter. Construct a 4-bit binary counter and ring counter for a particular output pattern using D flip flop. |
| 12. | Design and construct unidirectional shift register and verify the |
| 13. | Design and construct BCD ripple counter and verify the function. |
| 14. | Design and construct a 4 Bit Ring counter and verify the function |
| 15. | Perform input/output operations on parallel in/Parallel out and Serial in/Serial out registers using clock. Also exercise loading only one of multiple values into the register using multiplexer. |

Note: Minimum 6 experiments to be conducted from **Part-A** & 4 experiments to be conducted from **Part-B**.

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|---------------------------|----------------|--|
| 3ECU12 | Digital System Design Lab | CO 1 | |
| | | CO 2 | To minimize the complexity of digital logic circuits. |
| | | CO 3 | To design and analyse combinational logic circuits. |
| | | CO 4 | To design and analyse sequential logic circuits. |
| | | CO 5 | Able to implement applications of combinational & sequential logic circuits. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 3ECU12 Digital System Design Lab | CO 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | 1 |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | 2 |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | 2 |
| | CO 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | 3 |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

| | | | | | |
|--------|---------|-----------------------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 3ECU13 | DCC/IEC | Signal Processing Lab | MM:75 | OL:OT:2P | 1 credit |
|--------|---------|-----------------------|-------|----------|-------------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment (Simulate using MATLAB environment) |
|---------|--|
| 1. | Generation of continuous and discrete elementary signals (periodic and non periodic) using mathematical expression. |
| 2. | Generation of Continuous and Discrete Unit Step Signal. |
| 3. | Generation of Exponential and Ramp signals in Continuous & Discrete domain. |
| 4. | Continuous and discrete time Convolution (using basic definition). |
| 5. | Adding and subtracting two given signals. (Continuous as well as Discrete signals) |
| 6. | To generate uniform random numbers between (0, 1). |
| 7. | To generate a random binary wave. |
| 8. | To generate and verify random sequences with arbitrary distributions, means and variances for following: (a) Rayleigh distribution (b) Normal distributions: $N(0,1)$. (c) Gaussian distributions: $N(m, x)$ |
| 9. | To plot the probability density functions. Find mean and variance for the above distributions |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------------|--|
| 3ECU13 | Signal Processing Lab | CO 1 | Able to generate different Continuous and Discrete time signals. |
| | | CO 2 | Understand the basics of signals and different operations on signals. |
| | | CO 3 | Develop simple algorithms for signal processing and test them using MATLAB |
| | | CO 4 | Able to generate the random signals having different distributions, mean and variance. |
| | | CO 5 | Design and conduct experiments, interpret and analyse data and report results. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 3ECU13 Signal Processing Lab | CO 1 | 2 | | 1 | | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 3 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

| | | | | | |
|--------|---------|----------------------------|-------|----------|----------|
| 3ECU14 | DCC/IEC | Computer Programming Lab-I | MM:75 | OL:0T:2P | 1 credit |
|--------|---------|----------------------------|-------|----------|----------|

| | |
|-----|---|
| 1. | Write a simple C program on a 32 bit compiler to understand the concept of array storage, size of a word. The program shall be written illustrating the concept of row major and column major storage. Find the address of element and verify it with the theoretical value. Program may be written for arrays upto 4-dimensions. |
| 2. | Simulate a stack, queue, circular queue and dequeue using a one dimensional array as storage element. The program should implement the basic addition, deletion and traversal operations. |
| 3. | Represent a 2-variable polynomial using array. Use this representation to implement addition of polynomials. |
| 4. | Represent a sparse matrix using array. Implement addition and transposition operations using the representation. |
| 5. | Implement singly, doubly and circularly connected linked lists illustrating operations like addition at different locations, deletion from specified locations and traversal. |
| 6. | Repeat exercises 2, 3 & 4 with linked structures. |
| 7. | Implementation of binary tree with operations like addition, deletion, traversal. |
| 8. | Depth first and breadth first traversal of graphs represented using adjacency matrix and list. |
| 9. | Implementation of binary search in arrays and on linked Binary Search Tree. |
| 10. | Implementation of insertion, quick, heap, topological and bubble sorting algorithms. |

| | | | | | |
|--------|--|------|-------|----------|----------|
| 3ECU20 | | DECA | MM:50 | OL:0T:0P | 1 credit |
|--------|--|------|-------|----------|----------|

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|------------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 4ECU1 | ICC | Advance Engineering Mathematics-II | MM:150 | 3L:1T:0P | 4 credit |
|-------|-----|------------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| S N | Contents | Hours |
|--------------|--|-----------|
| 1 | Introduction: Objective, scope and outcome of the course. | 1 |
| 2 | Complex Variable – Differentiation: Differentiation, Cauchy-Riemann equations, analytic functions, harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate; elementary analytic functions (exponential, trigonometric, logarithm) and their properties; Conformal mappings, Mobius transformations and their properties. | 7 |
| 3 | Complex Variable - Integration: Contour integrals, Cauchy-Goursat theorem (without proof), Cauchy Integral formula (without proof), Liouville's theorem and Maximum-Modulus theorem (without proof); Taylor's series, zeros of analytic functions, singularities, Laurent's series; Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem (without proof). | 8 |
| 4 | Applications of complex integration by residues: Evaluation of definite integral involving sine and cosine. Evaluation of certain improper integrals. | 4 |
| 5 | Special Functions: Legendre's function, Rodrigues formula, generating function, Simple recurrence relations, orthogonal property. Bessel's functions of first and second kind, generating function, simple recurrence relations, orthogonal property. | 10 |
| 6 | Linear Algebra: Vector Spaces, subspaces, Linear independence, basis and dimension, Inner product spaces, Orthogonality, Gram Schmidt orthogonalization, characteristic polynomial, minimal polynomial, positive definite matrices and canonical forms, QR decomposition. | 10 |
| Total | | 40 |

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 4ECU2 | DCC | Analog Circuits | MM:150 | 3L:1T:0P | 4 Credit |
|-------|-----|-----------------|--------|----------|-------------|

| |
|---|
| Diode Circuits, Amplifier models: Voltage amplifier, current amplifier, trans-conductance amplifier and trans-resistance amplifier. Biasing schemes for BJT and FET amplifiers, bias stability, various configurations (such as CE/CS, CB/CG, CC/CD) and their features, small signal analysis, low frequency transistor models, estimation of voltage gain, input resistance, output resistance etc., design procedure for particular specifications, low frequency analysis of multistage amplifiers. |
| High frequency transistor models, frequency response of single stage and multistage amplifiers, cascode amplifier. Various classes of operation (Class A, B, AB, C etc.), their power efficiency and linearity issues. Feedback topologies: Voltage series, current series, voltage shunt, current shunt, effect of feedback on gain, bandwidth etc., calculation with practical circuits, concept of stability, gain margin and phase margin. |
| Oscillators: Review of the basic concept, Barkhausen criterion, RC oscillators (phase shift, Wien bridge etc.), LC oscillators (Hartley, Colpitt, Clapp etc.), non-sinusoidal oscillators. Current mirror: Basic topology and its variants, V-I characteristics, output resistance and minimum sustainable voltage (V _{ON}), maximum usable load. Differential amplifier: Basic structure and principle of operation, calculation of differential gain, common mode gain, CMRR and ICMR. OP-AMP design: design of differential amplifier for a given specification, design of gain stages and output stages, compensation. |
| OP-AMP applications: review of inverting and non-inverting amplifiers, integrator and differentiator, summing amplifier, precision rectifier, Schmitt trigger and its applications. Active filters: Low pass, high pass, band pass and band stop, design guidelines. |
| Digital-to-analog converters (DAC): Weighted resistor, R-2R ladder, resistor string etc. Analog to digital converters (ADC): Single slope, dual slope, successive approximation, flash etc. Switched capacitor circuits: Basic concept, practical configurations, application in amplifier, integrator, ADC etc. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | J.V. Wait, L.P. Huelsman and GA Korn, Introduction to Operational Amplifier theory and applications, McGraw Hill, 1992. |
| 2. | J. Millman and A. Grabel, Microelectronics, 2nd edition, McGraw Hill, 1988. |
| 3. | P. Horowitz and W. Hill, The Art of Electronics, 2nd edition, Cambridge University Press, 1989. |
| 4. | A.S. Sedra and K.C. Smith, Microelectronic Circuits, Saunder's College11 Publishing, Edition IV. |
| 5. | Paul R. Gray and Robert G.Meyer, Analysis and Design of Analog |

Anil K. Mathus

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------|---|
| 4ECU2 | Analog Circuits | CO 1 | Understand the characteristics of diodes and transistors |
| | | CO 2 | Design and analyze various rectifier and amplifier circuits |
| | | CO 3 | Design sinusoidal and non-sinusoidal oscillators |
| | | CO 4 | Understand the functioning of OP-AMP and design OP-AMP based circuits |
| | | CO 5 | Understanding the designing of ADCs and DACs |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 4ECU2 Analog Circuits | CO 1 | 3 | | 1 | 1 | 2 | | | | | |
| CO 2 | 1 | | 1 | 2 | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| CO 3 | 3 | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| CO 4 | 2 | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | |
| CO 5 | 2 | | 3 | | 2 | | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| Lecture 1 | Zero Lecture |
| Lecture 2 | Diode Circuits and Amplifier models |

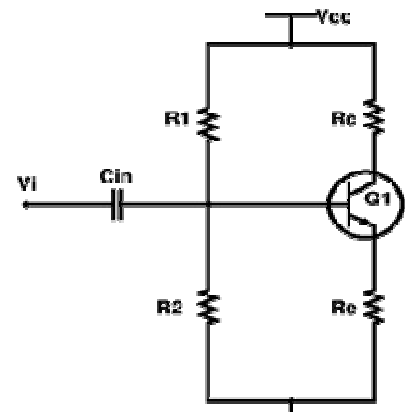
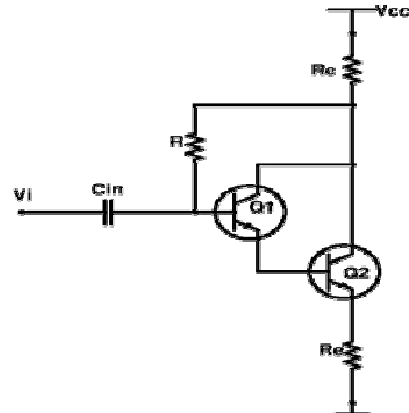
| | |
|------------|--|
| Lecture 3 | Voltage amplifier, current amplifier, trans-conductance amplifier and trans-resistance amplifier |
| Lecture 4 | Biasing schemes for BJT and FET amplifiers |
| Lecture 5 | Bias stability in various configurations such as CE/CS, CB/CG, CC/CD |
| Lecture 6 | Small signal analysis of BJT and FET |
| Lecture 7 | low frequency transistor models |
| Lecture 8 | Estimation of voltage gain, input resistance, output resistance etc. |
| Lecture 9 | Design procedure for particular specifications, low frequency analysis of multistage amplifiers. |
| Lecture 10 | High frequency transistor models |
| Lecture 11 | frequency response of single stage and multistage amplifiers |
| Lecture 12 | Cascode Amplifier |
| Lecture 13 | Various classes of operation (Class A, B, AB, C etc.), their power efficiency and linearity issues |
| Lecture 14 | Feedback topologies: Voltage series, current series, voltage shunt, current shunt |
| Lecture 15 | Effect of feedback on gain, bandwidth etc., |
| Lecture 16 | Calculation with practical circuits |
| Lecture 17 | Concept of stability, gain margin and phase margin. |
| Lecture 18 | Basics of oscillator |
| Lecture 19 | Barkhausen criterion, RC oscillators (phase shift, Wien bridge etc.) |
| Lecture 20 | LC oscillators (Hartley, Colpitt, Clapp etc.) |
| Lecture 21 | Non-sinusoidal oscillators. Current mirror: Basic topology and its variants, |
| Lecture 22 | V-I characteristics, output resistance and minimum sustainable voltage (VON), maximum usable load. |
| Lecture 23 | Differential amplifier: Basic structure and principle of operation, calculation of differential gain, common mode gain, CMRR and ICMR. |
| Lecture 24 | OP-AMP design: design of differential amplifier for a given specification |
| Lecture 25 | Design of gain stages and output stages, compensation |
| Lecture 26 | OP-AMP applications: review of inverting and non-inverting amplifiers |
| Lecture 27 | Integrator and differentiator, summing amplifier |
| Lecture 28 | Precision rectifier, Schmitt trigger and its applications |
| Lecture 29 | Active filters: Low pass, high pass |
| Lecture 30 | Band pass and band stop Filters |
| Lecture 31 | Filter Design guidelines |
| Lecture 32 | Digital-to-analog converters (DAC): Weighted resistor, R-2R ladder, resistor string etc |
| Lecture 33 | Analog to digital converters (ADC): Single slope, dual slope |
| Lecture 34 | successive approximation, flash TYPE ADC |

| | |
|------------|---|
| Lecture 35 | Switched capacitor circuits: Basic concept |
| Lecture 36 | Switched capacitor circuits: practical configurations |
| Lecture 37 | Switched capacitor circuits: applications |
| Lecture 38 | Spill over classes |
| Lecture 39 | Spill over classes |
| Lecture 40 | Spill over classes |

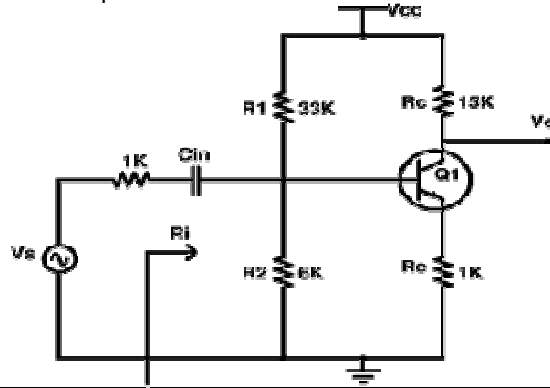
Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Hand-outs

Sample assignments:

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| <p>Assignment 1</p> | <p>Q1. Assume that a silicon transistor with $\beta = 50$, $V_{BE\text{active}} = 0.7\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 15\text{V}$ and $R_C = 10\text{K}$ is used in the Fig.1. It is desired to establish a Q-point at $V_{CE} = 7.5\text{ V}$ and $I_C = 5\text{mA}$ and stability factor $S \leq 5$. Find R_e, R_1 and R_2.</p>  |
| | <p>Q2. In the Darlington stage shown in Fig.2, $V_{CC} = 15\text{V}$, $\beta_1 = 50$, $\beta_2 = 75$, $V_{BE} = 0.7$, $R_C = 750\ \Omega$ and $R_E = 100\ \Omega$. If at the quiescent point $V_{CE2} = 6\text{V}$ determine the value of R.</p>  |

Q3. For the amplifier shown in Fig.3 using a transistor whose parameters are $h_{ie}=1100, h_{re}=2.5 \times 10^{-4}, h_{fe}=50, h_{oe}=24 \mu\text{A/V}$. Find A_i, A_v, A_{vs} and R_i .



Assignment 2

Q1. Discuss the applications of operational amplifier.

Q2. Discuss different types of filters.

Q3. Discuss Dual counter type DAC and its applications

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|------------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 4ECU3 | DCC | Microcontrollers | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 Credit |
|-------|-----|------------------|--------|----------|-------------|

| |
|---|
| Overview of microcomputer systems and their building blocks, memory interfacing, concepts of interrupts and Direct Memory Access, instruction sets of microprocessors (with examples of 8085 and 8086); |
| Interfacing with peripherals - timer, serial I/O, parallel I/O, A/D and D/A converters; Arithmetic Coprocessors; System level interfacing design; |
| Concepts of virtual memory, Cache memory, Advanced coprocessor Architectures- 286, 486, Pentium; Microcontrollers: 8051 systems, |
| Introduction to RISC processors; ARM microcontrollers interface designs. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | R. S. Gaonkar, Microprocessor Architecture: Programming and Applications with the 8085/8080A, Penram International Publishing, 1996 |
| 2. | D A Patterson and J H Hennessy, "Computer Organization and Design The hardware and software interface. Morgan Kaufman Publishers. |
| 3. | Douglas Hall, Microprocessors Interfacing, Tata McGraw Hill, 1991. |
| 4. | Kenneth J. Ayala, The 8051 Microcontroller, Penram International Publishing, 1996. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|------------------|----------------|--|
| 4ECU3 | Microcontrollers | CO 1 | Develop assembly language programming skills. |
| | | CO 2 | Able to build interfacing of peripherals like, I/O, A/D, D/A, timer etc. |
| | | CO 3 | Develop systems using different microcontrollers. |
| | | CO 4 | Explain the concept of memory organization. |
| | | CO 5 | Understand RISC processors and design ARM |

| | | | |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------|
| | | | microcontroller based systems. |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------|

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 4ECU3 Microcontrollers | CO 1 | | | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | | | 3 | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | | | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly 2: Moderate 1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|--|
| Lecture 1 | Zero Lecture |
| Lecture 2 | Overview of microcomputer systems and their building blocks |
| Lecture 3 | Overview of microcomputer systems and their building blocks |
| Lecture 4 | Memory interfacing |
| Lecture 5 | Memory interfacing |
| Lecture 6 | Concepts of interrupts |
| Lecture 7 | Direct Memory Access |
| Lecture 8 | Direct Memory Access |
| Lecture 9 | Instruction sets of microprocessors (with examples of 8085 and 8086) |
| Lecture 10 | Instruction sets of microprocessors (with examples of 8085 and 8086) |
| Lecture 11 | Instruction sets of microprocessors (with examples of 8085 and 8086) |
| Lecture 12 | Instruction sets of microprocessors (with examples of 8085 and 8086) |
| Lecture 13 | Interfacing with peripherals |
| Lecture 14 | Timer |
| Lecture 15 | Serial I/O |
| Lecture 16 | Parallel I/O |

| | |
|------------|---|
| Lecture 17 | A/D and D/A converters; |
| Lecture 18 | A/D and D/A converters |
| Lecture 19 | Arithmetic Coprocessors |
| Lecture 20 | System level interfacing design |
| Lecture 21 | Concepts of virtual memory, Cache memory |
| Lecture 22 | Concepts of virtual memory, Cache memory |
| Lecture 23 | Advanced coprocessor Architectures- 286, 486, Pentium |
| Lecture 24 | Advanced coprocessor Architectures- 286, 486, Pentium |
| Lecture 25 | Advanced coprocessor Architectures- 286, 486, Pentium |
| Lecture 26 | Microcontrollers: 8051 systems, |
| Lecture 27 | Microcontrollers: 8051 systems, |
| Lecture 28 | Microcontrollers: 8051 systems, |
| Lecture 29 | Microcontrollers: 8051 systems, |
| Lecture 30 | Microcontrollers: 8051 systems, |
| Lecture 31 | Introduction to RISC processors |
| Lecture 32 | Introduction to RISC processors |
| Lecture 33 | Introduction to RISC processors |
| Lecture 34 | ARM microcontrollers interface designs |
| Lecture 35 | ARM microcontrollers interface designs |
| Lecture 36 | ARM microcontrollers interface designs |
| Lecture 37 | ARM microcontrollers interface designs |
| Lecture 38 | ARM microcontrollers interface designs |
| Lecture 39 | Spill Over Classes |
| Lecture 40 | Spill Over Classes |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Hand-outs

Assignments:

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Assignment 1 | Q1. Compare between microprocessor & microcontroller based on no. of instructions used, registers, memory and applications. |
| | Q2. Interface external program memory with 8051 & explain how the data is transfer. |
| | Q3. List the I/O ports of microcontroller 8051. Explain their alternative function? |
| Assignment 2 | Q1. Explain RISC and CISC? |
| | Q2. Without using MUL instruction, perform multiplication operation on any two operands, with both of them being: a. Positive numbers |

| | |
|--|--|
| | b. One positive and other negative number c. Both negative numbers Verify the values computed. |
| | Q3. Can you brief up the evolution of ARM architecture? |

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|---|--------|----------|-------------|
| 4ECU4 | DCC | Electronics Measurement & Instrumentation | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 Credit |
|-------|-----|---|--------|----------|-------------|

| |
|--|
| <p>THEORY OF ERRORS - Accuracy & precision, Repeatability, Limits of errors, Systematic & random errors, Modeling of errors, Probable error & standard deviation, Gaussian error analysis, Combination of errors.</p> |
| <p>ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENTS - Electronic Voltmeter, Electronic Multimeters, Digital Voltmeter, and Component Measuring Instruments: Q meter, Vector Impedance meter, RF Power & Voltage Measurements, Introduction to shielding & grounding.</p> |
| <p>OSCILLOSCOPES - CRT Construction, Basic CRO circuits, CRO Probes, Techniques of Measurement of frequency, Phase Angle and Time Delay, Multibeam, multi trace, storage & sampling Oscilloscopes.</p> |
| <p>SIGNAL GENERATION AND SIGNAL ANALYSIS - Sine wave generators, Frequency synthesized signal generators, Sweep frequency generators. Signal Analysis - Measurement Technique, Wave Analyzers, and Frequency - selective wave analyser, Heterodyne wave analyser, Harmonic distortion analyser, and Spectrum analyser.</p> |
| <p>TRANSDUCERS - Classification, Selection Criteria, Characteristics, Construction, Working Principles and Application of following Transducers:- RTD, Thermocouples, Thermistors, LVDT, Strain Gauges, Bourdon Tubes, Seismic Accelerometers, Tachogenerators, Load Cell, Piezoelectric Transducers, Ultrasonic Flow Meters.</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| |
|---|
| 1. Electronic Instrument and Measurement, Bell, Oxford . 2007 |
| 2. Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation, Bernard Oliver, TMH. 1971 |
| 3. Electronic Instrumentation, H S Kalsi, TMH 2012 |
| 4. Instrumentation Measurement & Analysis, B.C.Nakra,K.K. Chaudhry, TMH 2004 |
| 5. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation, Gupta &Soni, Genius pub. 2014. |
| 6. Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation, Bernard Oliver, John Cage, TMH 1971 |
| 7. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation, Lal Kishore, Pearson 2010 |

- | |
|---|
| 8. Elements of Electronic Instrumentation And Measurement, Carr, Pearson 1996 |
| 9. Instrumentation for Engineering Measurements, 2ed, Dally, Wiley 1993 |
| 10. Introduction To Measurements and Instrumentation, Arun K. Ghosh, PHI 2012 |

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|----------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 4ECU5 | DCC | Analog and Digital Communication | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|-------|-----|----------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|--|
| Review of signals and systems, Frequency domain representation of signals, Principles of Amplitude Modulation Systems- DSB, SSB and VSB modulations. Angle Modulation, Representation of FM and PM signals, Spectral characteristics of angle modulated signals. |
| Review of probability and random process. Gaussian and white noise characteristics, Noise in amplitude modulation systems, Noise in Frequency modulation systems. Pre-emphasis and De-emphasis, Threshold effect in angle modulation. |
| Pulse modulation. Sampling process. Pulse Amplitude and Pulse code modulation (PCM), Differential pulse code modulation. Delta modulation, Noise considerations in PCM, Time Division multiplexing, Digital Multiplexers. |
| Elements of Detection Theory, Optimum detection of signals in noise, Coherent communication with waveforms- Probability of Error evaluations. Baseband Pulse Transmission- Inter symbol Interference and Nyquist criterion. Pass band Digital Modulation schemes- Phase Shift Keying, Frequency Shift Keying, Quadrature Amplitude Modulation, Continuous Phase Modulation and Minimum Shift Keying. |
| Digital Modulation tradeoffs. Optimum demodulation of digital signals over band-limited channels- Maximum likelihood sequence detection (Viterbi receiver). Equalization Techniques. Synchronization and Carrier Recovery for Digital modulation. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|--|
| 1. | Haykin S., "Communications Systems", John Wiley and Sons, 2001. |
| 2. | Taub H. and Schilling D.L., "Principles of Communication Systems", Tata McGraw Hill, 2001. |
| 3. | Proakis J. G. and Salehi M., "Communication Systems Engineering", Pearson Education, 2002. |
| 4. | Wozencraft J. M. and Jacobs I. M., "Principles of Communication Engineering", John Wiley, 1965. |
| 5. | Barry J. R., Lee E. A. and Messerschmitt D. G., "Digital Communication", Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2004. |
| 6. | Proakis J.G., "Digital Communications", 4th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2000. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--|
| 4ECU5 | Analog and Digital Communication | CO 1 | Analyze and compare different analog modulation schemes for their efficiency and bandwidth |
| | | CO 2 | Analyze the behavior of a communication system in presence of noise |
| | | CO 3 | Investigate pulsed modulation system and analyze their system performance |
| | | CO 4 | Analyze different digital modulation schemes and can compute the bit error performance |
| | | CO 5 | Design a communication system comprised of both analog and digital modulation techniques |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------|-----------------|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 4EC4-02 Analog & Digital Communication | CO 1 | 3 | 3 | | 3 | | 1 | | | | 1 |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 2 | | 3 | | 1 | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 2 | | 3 | | 2 | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 3 | | 3 | | 2 | | | | 1 | | |
| | CO 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | | 3 | | | 2 | 2 | | |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|---|
| Lecture 1 | Introduction to the COURSE |
| Lecture 2 | Review of signals and systems, Frequency domain representation of signals |
| Lecture 3 | Principles of Amplitude Modulation Systems- DSB, SSB and VSB modulations |
| Lecture 4 | Principles of Amplitude Modulation Systems- DSB, SSB and VSB modulations |
| Lecture 5 | Principles of Amplitude Modulation Systems- DSB, SSB and VSB modulations |
| Lecture 6 | Angle Modulation, Representation of FM and PM signals |
| Lecture 7 | Angle Modulation, Representation of FM and PM signals |
| Lecture 8 | Spectral characteristics of angle modulated signals. |
| Lecture 9 | Review of probability and random process |
| Lecture 10 | Review of probability and random process |
| Lecture 11 | Noise in amplitude modulation systems |
| Lecture 12 | Noise in amplitude modulation systems |
| Lecture 13 | Noise in Frequency modulation systems |
| Lecture 14 | Pre-emphasis and Deemphasis |
| Lecture 15 | Threshold effect in angle modulation |
| Lecture 16 | Pulse modulation. Sampling |
| Lecture 17 | Pulse Amplitude and Pulse code modulation (PCM) |
| Lecture 18 | Pulse Amplitude and Pulse code modulation (PCM) |
| Lecture 19 | Differential pulse code modulation |
| Lecture 20 | Delta modulation |
| Lecture 21 | Noise considerations in PCM |
| Lecture 22 | Time Division multiplexing, Digital Multiplexers |
| Lecture 23 | Elements of Detection Theory |
| Lecture 24 | Optimum detection of signals in noise |
| Lecture 25 | Coherent communication with waveforms- Probability of Error evaluations |
| Lecture 26 | Coherent communication with waveforms- Probability of Error evaluations |
| Lecture 27 | BasebandPulse Transmission- Inter symbol Interference and Nyquist criterion |
| Lecture 28 | BasebandPulse Transmission- Inter symbol Interference and Nyquist criterion |
| Lecture 29 | Pass band Digital Modulation schemes |
| Lecture 30 | Phase Shift Keying |
| Lecture 31 | Frequency Shift Keying |
| Lecture 32 | Quadrature Amplitude Modulation |
| Lecture 33 | Continuous Phase Modulation and Minimum Shift Keying. |

| | |
|------------|--|
| Lecture 34 | Digital Modulation tradeoffs |
| Lecture 35 | Optimum demodulation of digital signals over band-limited channels |
| Lecture 36 | Optimum demodulation of digital signals over band-limited channels |
| Lecture 37 | Maximum likelihood sequence detection (Viterbi receiver) |
| Lecture 38 | Equalization Techniques |
| Lecture 39 | Synchronization and Carrier Recovery for Digital modulation |
| Lecture 40 | Synchronization and Carrier Recovery for Digital modulation |

Assignments:

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Assignment 1 | Q1. Design Modulator and Demodulator of SSB-SC Modulation based on its mathematical expression. |
| | Q2. Derive the figure of merit in a) FM Receiver b) PM Receiver |
| | Q3. A Carrier signal $c(t) = 20 \cos(2\pi 10^6 t)$ is modulated by a message signal having three frequencies 5 KHz, 10 KHz & 20 KHz. The corresponding modulation indexes are 0.4, 0.5 & 0.6. Sketch the spectrum. Calculate bandwidth, power and efficiency. |
| Assignment 2 | Q1. Derive the expression for probability of error in ASK, FSK and PSK systems and compare them. |
| | Q2. With block diagrams explain about DPCM & DM. also compare them. |
| | Q3. A message signal $m(t) = 4 \cos(2\pi 10^3 t)$ is sampled at nyquist rate and transmitted through a channel using 3-bit PCM system. i. Calculate all the parameters of the PCM. ii. If the sampled values are 3.8, 2.1, 0.5, -1.7, -3.2 & -4 then determine the quantizer output, encoder output and quantization error per each sample. iii. Sketch the transfer characteristics of the quantizer. |

| | | | | | |
|-------|---------|---|--------|----------|----------|
| 4ECU6 | DCC/IEC | Managerial Economics And Financial Accounting | MM:150 | 2L:0T:0P | 2 Credit |
|-------|---------|---|--------|----------|----------|

| SN | Contents | Hours |
|--------------|--|-----------|
| 1 | Basic economic concepts- Meaning, nature and scope of economics, deductive vs inductive methods, static and dynamics, Economic problems: scarcity and choice, circular flow of economic activity, national income-concepts and measurement. | 4 |
| 2 | Demand and Supply analysis-Demand- types of demand, determinants of demand, demand function, elasticity of demand, demand forecasting-purpose, determinants and methods, Supply-determinants of supply, supply function, elasticity of supply. | 5 |
| 3 | Production and Cost analysis-Theory of production- production function, law of variable proportions, laws of returns to scale, production optimization, least cost combination of inputs, isoquants. Cost concepts-explicit and implicit cost, fixed and variable cost, opportunity cost, sunk costs, cost function, cost curves, cost and output decisions, cost estimation. | 5 |
| 4 | Market structure and pricing theory- Perfect competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic competition, Oligopoly. | 4 |
| 5 | Financial statement analysis- Balance sheet and related concepts, profit and loss statement and related concepts, financial ratio analysis, cash-flow analysis, funds-flow analysis, comparative financial statement, analysis and interpretation of financial statements, capital budgeting techniques. | 8 |
| Total | | 26 |

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|--------------------------------------|-------|----------|----------|
| 4ECU11 | DCC | Analog and Digital Communication Lab | MM:75 | OL:0T:3P | 2 credit |
|--------|-----|--------------------------------------|-------|----------|----------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment |
|---------|---|
| 1. | Observe the Amplitude modulated wave form & measure modulation index and demodulation of AM signal. |
| 2. | Harmonic analysis of Amplitude Modulated wave form. |
| 3. | Generation & Demodulation of DSB – SC signal. |
| 4. | Modulate a sinusoidal signal with high frequency carrier to obtain FM signal and demodulation of the FM signal. |
| 5. | Verification of Sampling Theorem. |
| 6. | To study & observe the operation of a super heterodyne receiver. |
| 7. | PAM, PWM & PPM: Modulation and demodulation. |
| 8. | To observe the transmission of four signals over a single channel using TDM-PAM method. |
| 9. | To study the PCM modulation & demodulation and study the effect of channel like attenuation, noise in between modulator & demodulator through the experimental setup. |
| 10. | To study the 4 channel PCM multiplexing & de-multiplexing in telephony system. |
| 11. | To study the Delta & Adaptive delta modulation & demodulation and also study the effect of channel like attenuation, noise in between modulator & demodulator through the experimental setup. |
| 12. | To perform the experiment of generation and study the various data formatting schemes (Unipolar, Bipolar, Manchester, AMI etc.) |
| 13. | To perform the experiment of generation and detection of ASK, FSK, BPSK, DBPSK signals with variable length data pattern. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| 4ECU11 | Analog and Digital Communication Lab | CO 1 | Understand different analog modulation schemes and evaluate modulation index |
| | | CO 2 | Able to understand the principle of superhetrodyne receiver |
| | | CO 3 | Develop time division multiplexing concepts in real time applications |
| | | CO 4 | Develop and able to comprehend different data formatting schemes |
| | | CO 5 | Comprehend and analyze the concepts of different digital modulation techniques in communication. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 4EC4-21 Analog and Digital Communication Lab | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|------------------------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 4ECU12 | DCC | Analog Circuits Lab | MM:75 | OL:0T:3P | 2 credit |
|--------|-----|------------------------|-------|----------|-------------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment |
|---------|---|
| 1. | Study and implementation of Voltage Series and Current Series Negative Feedback Amplifier. |
| 2. | Study and implementation of Voltage Shunt and Current Shunt Negative Feedback Amplifier. |
| 3. | Plot frequency response of BJT amplifier with and without feedback in the emitter circuit and calculate bandwidth, gain bandwidth product with and without negative feedback. |
| 4. | Study and implementation of series and shunt voltage regulators and calculate line regulation and ripple factor. |
| 5. | Plot and study the characteristics of small signal amplifier using FET. |
| 6. | Study and implementation of push pull amplifier. Measure variation of output power & distortion with load and calculate the efficiency. |
| 7. | Study and implementation of Wein bridge oscillator and observe the effect of variation in oscillator frequency. |
| 8. | Study and implementation of transistor phase shift oscillator and observe the effect of variation in R & C on oscillator frequency and compare with theoretical value. |
| 9. | Study and implementation of the following oscillators and observe the effect of variation of capacitance on oscillator frequency: (a) Hartley (b) Colpitts. |
| 10. | Study and implementation of the Inverting And Non-Inverting Operational Amplifier. |
| 11. | Study and implementation of Summing, Scaling And Averaging of Operational Amplifier |
| 12. | Implementation of active filters using OPAMP. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|---------------------|----------------|---|
| 4ECU12 | Analog Circuits Lab | CO 1 | Discuss and observe the operation of a bipolar junction transistor and field-effect transistor in different region of operations. |
| | | CO 2 | Analyze and design of transistor Amplifier and Oscillators. Importance of negative feedback. |
| | | CO 3 | Analyze the frequency response of amplifiers and operational amplifier circuits. Develop an intuition for analog circuit behavior in both linear and nonlinear operation. |
| | | CO 4 | Design op-amps for specific gain, speed, or switching performance. Compensate operational amplifiers for stability. |
| | | CO 5 | Design and conduct experiments, interpret and analyze data, and report results. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 4ECU12 Analog Circuits Lab | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | | | | | |
| CO 2 | 2 | | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| CO 3 | 1 | | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | |
| CO 4 | 1 | | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| CO 5 | 1 | | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly
2: Moderate
1: Weak

| | | | | | |
|--------|---------|-------------------------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 4ECU13 | DCC/IEC | Microcontrollers Lab | MM:75 | OL:OT:2P | 1 credit |
|--------|---------|-------------------------|-------|----------|-------------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment |
|--|--|
| Following exercises has to be Performed on 8085 | |
| 1. | Write a program for 1.1 Multiplication of two 8 bit numbers 1.2 Division of two 8 bit numbers |
| 2. | Write a program to arrange a set of data in Ascending and Descending order. |
| 3. | Write a program to find Factorial of a given number. |
| 4. | Write a program to generate a Software Delay. 4.1 Using a Register 4.2 Using a Register Pair |
| 8085 Interfacing Programs | |
| 5. | 5.1 Write a program to Interface ADC with 8085. |
| | 5.2 Write a program to interface Temperature measurement module with 8085. |
| 6. | Write a program to interface Keyboard with 8085. |
| 7. | Write a program to interface DC Motor and stepper motor with 8085. |
| Following exercises has to be Performed on 8051 | |
| 8. | Write a program to convert a given Hex number to Decimal. |
| 9. | Write a program to find numbers of even numbers and odd numbers among 10 Numbers. |
| 10. | Write a program to find Largest and Smallest Numbers among 10 Numbers. |
| 11. | 11.1 To study how to generate delay with timer and loop. 11.2 Write a program to generate a signal on output pin using timer. |
| 8051 Interfacing Programs | |
| 12 | 12.1 Write a program to interface Seven Segment Display with 8051. |
| | 12.2 Write a program to interface LCD with 8051. |
| 13 | Write a program for Traffic light Control using 8051. |
| 14 | Write a program for Elevator Control using 8051. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|----------------------|----------------|--|
| 4ECU13 | Microcontrollers Lab | CO 1 | Develop skills related to assembly level programming of microprocessors and microcontroller. |
| | | CO 2 | Interpret the basic knowledge of microprocessor and microcontroller interfacing, delay generation, waveform generation and Interrupts. |
| | | CO 3 | Interfacing the external devices to the microcontroller and microprocessor to solve real time problems. |
| | | CO 4 | Illustrate functions of various general purpose interfacing devices. |
| | | CO 5 | Develop a simple microcontroller and microprocessor based systems |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 4ECU13 Microcontrollers Lab | CO 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | | 2 | | | | | |

3: Strongly 2: Moderate 1: Weak

| | | | | | |
|--------|---------|--|-------|----------|----------|
| 4ECU14 | DCC/IEC | Electronic Measurement and Instrumentation Lab | MM:75 | OL:OT:2P | 1 credit |
|--------|---------|--|-------|----------|----------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment |
|---------|--|
| 1. | Measure earth resistance using fall of potential method. |
| 2. | Plot V-I characteristics & measure open circuit voltage & short circuit current of a solar panel. |
| 3. | Measure unknown inductance capacitance resistance using following bridges (a) Anderson Bridge (b) Maxwell Bridge |
| 4. | To measure unknown frequency & capacitance using Wein's bridge. |
| 5. | Measurement of the distance with the help of ultrasonic transmitter & receiver. |
| 6. | Measurement of displacement with the help of LVDT. |
| 7. | Draw the characteristics of the following temperature transducers (a) RTD (Pt-100) (b) Thermistors. |
| 8. | Draw the characteristics between temperature & voltage of a K type thermocouple |
| 9. | Calibrate an ammeter using D.C. slide wire potentiometer |
| 10. | Measurement of strain/force with the help of strain gauge load cell. |
| 11. | Study the working of Q-meter and measure Q of coils. |

| | |
|-----|---|
| 12. | Calibrate a single-phase energy meter (Analog and Digital) by phantom loading at different power factor by: (i) Phase shifting transformer (ii) Auto transformer. |
|-----|---|

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|--|----------------|---|
| 4ECU14 | Electronic Measurement and Instrumentation Lab | CO 1 | Understanding of the fundamentals of Electronic Instrumentation. Explain and identify measuring instruments. |
| | | CO 2 | Able to measure resistance, inductance and capacitance by various methods. |
| | | CO 3 | Design an instrumentation system that meets desired specifications and requirements. |
| | | CO 4 | Design and conduct experiments, interpret and analyze data, and report results. |
| | | CO 5 | Explain the principle of electrical transducers. Confidence to apply instrumentation solutions for given industrial applications. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|--|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 4ECU14 Electronic Measurement and Instrumentation Lab | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

| | | | | | |
|--------|--|------|-------|----------|----------|
| 4ECU20 | | DECA | MM:50 | OL:OT:OP | 1 credit |
|--------|--|------|-------|----------|----------|

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 5ECU1 | DCC | Electromagnetics Waves | MM:150 | 3L:1T:0P | 4 credit |
|-------|-----|------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|---|
| <p>Transmission Lines-Equations of Voltage and Current on TX line, Propagation constant and characteristic impedance, and reflection coefficient and VSWR, Impedance Transformation on Loss-less and Low loss Transmission line, Power transfer on TX line, Smith Chart, Admittance Smith Chart, Applications of transmission lines: Impedance Matching, use transmission line sections as circuit elements.</p> |
| <p>Maxwell's Equations-Basics of Vectors, Vector calculus, Basic laws of Electromagnetics, Maxwell's Equations, Boundary conditions at Media Interface.</p> |
| <p>Uniform Plane Wave-Uniform plane wave, Propagation of wave, Wave polarization, Poincare's Sphere, Wave propagation in conducting medium, phase and group velocity, Power flow and Poynting vector, Surface current and power loss in a conductor.</p> |
| <p>Plane Waves at a Media Interface-Plane wave in arbitrary direction, Reflection and refraction at dielectric interface, Total internal reflection, wave polarization at media interface, Reflection from a conducting boundary.</p> |
| <p>Waveguides- Wave propagation in parallel plate waveguide, Analysis of waveguide general approach, Rectangular waveguide, Modal propagation in rectangular waveguide, Surface currents on the waveguide walls, Field visualization, Attenuation in waveguide.</p> |
| <p>Radiation-Solution for potential function, Radiation from the Hertz dipole, Power radiated by hertz dipole, Radiation Parameters of antenna, receiving antenna, Monopole and Dipole antenna</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | W. Hayt, Engineering Electromagnetics, MGH, India |
| 2. | E.C. Jordan & K.G. Balmain, Electromagnetic waves & Radiating Systems, Prentice Hall, India |
| 3. | David Cheng, Electromagnetics, Prentice Hall |
| 4. | Matthew N O Sadiku, S V Kulkarni, Principle of Electromagnetics, 6 th edition, Oxford higher education |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------------|--|
| 5ECU1 | Electromagnetic Waves | CO 1 | Understand the fundamentals of Electromagnetic waves and develop the basics of vector operations |
| | | CO 2 | Use boundary conditions for Maxwell's equations for analyzing EM waves |
| | | CO 3 | Understand characteristics and wave propagation on high frequency transmission lines, Use sections of transmission line sections for constructing circuit elements |
| | | CO 4 | Characterize uniform plane wave, analyze wave propagation on metallic waveguides in modal form |
| | | CO 5 | Understand principle of radiation and radiation characteristics of an antenna |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------|-----------------|--------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 5ECU1 Electromagnetic Waves | CO 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | 2 |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | 2 |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | |

3: Strong

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|---|
| Lecture 1 | Basics of Vectors, Vector calculus and Co-ordinate systems |
| Lecture 2 | Implications of vector calculus in electromagnetic fields and Basic laws of electromagnetic |
| Lecture 3 | Numerical examples including applications of vector operations |
| Lecture 4 | Equations of Voltage and Current on TX line |

| | |
|------------|--|
| Lecture 5 | Propagation constant and characteristic impedance, and reflection coefficient and VSWR |
| Lecture 6 | Numerical examples |
| Lecture 7 | Impedance Transformation on Loss-less and Low loss Transmission line, Power transfer on TX line |
| Lecture 8 | Numerical examples |
| Lecture 9 | Smith Chart, Admittance Smith Chart |
| Lecture 10 | Applications of transmission lines: Impedance Matching |
| Lecture 11 | Use transmission line sections as circuit elements |
| Lecture 12 | Numerical examples |
| Lecture 13 | Divergence theorem, stokes theorem and Maxwell's Equations |
| Lecture 14 | Boundary conditions at Media Interface |
| Lecture 15 | Uniform plane wave and Propagation of wave |
| Lecture 16 | Wave polarization and Poincare's Sphere |
| Lecture 17 | Wave propagation in conducting medium, phase and group velocity |
| Lecture 18 | Numerical examples |
| Lecture 19 | Power flow and Poynting vector and numerical examples |
| Lecture 20 | Surface current and power loss in a conductor |
| Lecture 21 | Plane Waves at a Media Interface-Plane wave in normal and arbitrary direction |
| Lecture 22 | Reflection and refraction at dielectric interface and review of boundary conditions |
| Lecture 23 | Review of Reflection coefficients and VSWR from propagating wave point of view |
| Lecture 24 | Total internal reflection, wave polarization at media interface, Reflection from a conducting boundary |
| Lecture 25 | Boundary conditions and Wave propagation in parallel plate waveguide |
| Lecture 26 | Analysis of waveguide general approach |
| Lecture 27 | Analysis of Rectangular waveguide |
| Lecture 28 | Modal propagation in rectangular waveguide |
| Lecture 29 | Surface currents on the waveguide walls, Field visualization |
| Lecture 30 | Attenuation in waveguide |
| Lecture 31 | Numerical examples |
| Lecture 32 | Review of co-ordinate systems |
| Lecture 33 | Solution for potential function |
| Lecture 34 | Solution for potential function |
| Lecture 35 | Radiation mechanism and Radiation from the Hertz dipole |
| Lecture 36 | Power radiated by hertz dipole |
| Lecture 37 | Radiation Parameters of antenna |
| Lecture 38 | Numerical examples |
| Lecture 39 | Receiving antenna |
| Lecture 40 | Monopole and Dipole antennas |

Anil K. Mathus

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. Animation

Assignments:

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Assignment 1 | <p>Q1. A charge $Q_A = -20\mu C$ is located at $A(-6,4,7)$, and a charge $Q_B = 50\mu C$ is at $B(5,8,-2)$ in free space $\epsilon_0 = 8.854 \times 10^{-12} F/m$. Find the force exerted by Q_A by Q_B.</p> <p>Q2. Calculate the total charge within the universe. Consider the following expression for field distribution: $\rho_v = e^{-2r}/r^2$, $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$, $0 \leq \phi \leq 2\pi$.</p> <p>Q3. A lossless transmission line is 80 cm long and operates at a frequency of 600 MHz. The line parameters are $L = 0.25 \mu H/m$ and $C = 100 pF/m$. Find the characteristics impedance, the phase constant, and phase velocity.</p> |
| Assignment 2 | <p>Q1. Standing wave measurements on a lossless 75Ω line show maxima of 18V and minima of 5V. One minimum is located at a scale reading of 30 cm. With the load replaced by a short circuit, two adjacent minima are found at the scale readings of 17 cm and 37 cm. Find VSWR, λ, f, Z_L and Γ_L.</p> <p>Q2. Consider a material for which $\mu_r = 1, \epsilon'_r = 2.5$ and the loss tangent is 0.12. If these values are constant with frequency in the range $0.5 MHz \leq f \leq 100 MHz$, calculate $\sigma, \lambda, v_p, \eta$ at 75MHz.</p> <p>Q3. A parallel plate waveguide has plate spacing of 5mm and is filled with glass ($n = 1.45$). What is the maximum frequency at which the guide will operate in the TEM mode only?</p> |

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|----------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 5ECU2 | DCC | Control System | MM:150 | 3L:1T:0P | 4 credit |
|-------|-----|----------------|--------|----------|-------------|

| |
|--|
| <p>Introduction to control problem- Industrial Control examples. Transfer function. System with dead-time. System response. Control hardware and their models: potentiometers, synchros, LVDT, dc and ac servomotors, tacho-generators, electro hydraulic valves, hydraulic servomotors, electro pneumatic valves, pneumatic actuators. Closed-loop systems. Block diagram and signal flow graph analysis.</p> |
| <p>Feedback control systems- Stability, steady-state accuracy, transient accuracy, disturbance rejection, insensitivity and robustness. proportional, integral and derivative systems. Feed forward and multi-loop control configurations, stability concept, relative stability, Routh stability criterion.</p> |
| <p>Time response of second-order systems- steady-state errors and error constants. Performance specifications in time-domain. Root locus method of design. Lead and lag compensation.</p> |
| <p>Frequency-response analysis- Polar plots, Bode plot, stability in frequency domain, Nyquist plots. Nyquist stability criterion. Performance specifications in frequency-domain. Frequency domain methods of design, Compensation & their realization in time & frequency domain. Lead and Lag compensation. Op-amp based and digital implementation of compensators. Tuning of process controllers. State variable formulation and solution.</p> |
| <p>State variable Analysis- Concepts of state, state variable, state model, state models for linear continuous time functions, diagonalization of transfer function, solution of state equations, concept of controllability & observability.</p> |
| <p>Introduction to Optimal control & Nonlinear control, Optimal Control problem, Regulator problem, Output regulator, tracking problem. Nonlinear system – Basic concept & analysis.</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | Gopal. M., "Control Systems: Principles and Design", Tata McGraw-Hill, 1997. |
| 2. | Kuo, B.C., "Automatic Control System", Prentice Hall, sixth edition, 1993. |
| 3. | Ogata, K., "Modern Control Engineering", Prentice Hall, second edition, 1991 |
| 4. | Nagrath&Gopal, "Modern Control Engineering", New Age International, New Delhi |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------|--|
| 5ECU2 | Control Systems | CO 1 | Characterize a system mathematically and find its steady state behaviour |
| | | CO 2 | Analyze stability of a system using different tests |
| | | CO 3 | Design various controllers |
| | | CO 4 | Solve linear, non-linear and optimal complex control problems |
| | | CO 5 | Designing state model for a given system of equations |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 5ECU2 Control Systems | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | 1 | | |
| CO 2 | 3 | | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| CO 3 | 2 | | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | |
| CO 4 | 3 | | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | | | 1 | | | | 2 |
| CO 5 | 3 | | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | | | 1 | | | | 2 |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|--|
| Lecture 1 | Zero Lecture |
| Lecture 2 | Industrial Control examples. Transfer function. System with dead-time |
| Lecture 3 | System response. Control hardware and their models: potentiometers |
| Lecture 4 | Synchros, LVDT, |
| Lecture 5 | Dc and ac servomotors, tacho-generators, |
| Lecture 6 | Electro hydraulic valves, hydraulic servomotors, electro pneumatic valves, |
| Lecture 7 | Pneumatic actuators |
| Lecture 8 | Close loop systems |

| | |
|------------|---|
| Lecture 9 | Block diagram and signal flow graph analysis. |
| Lecture 10 | Disturbance rejection, insensitivity and robustness. proportional |
| Lecture 11 | Integral and derivative systems. |
| Lecture 12 | Feed forward and multi-loop control configurations, |
| Lecture 13 | stability concept, relative stability |
| Lecture 14 | Routh stability criterion. |
| Lecture 15 | Time response of second-order systems |
| Lecture 16 | Steady-state errors and error constants. |
| Lecture 17 | Performance specifications in time-domain. |
| Lecture 18 | Root locus method of design |
| Lecture 19 | Lead and lag compensation. |
| Lecture 20 | Polar plots |
| Lecture 21 | Bode plot, stability in frequency domain, |
| Lecture 22 | Nyquist plots. |
| Lecture 23 | Nyquist stability criterion. |
| Lecture 24 | Performance specifications in frequency-domain. |
| Lecture 25 | Frequency domain methods of design, |
| Lecture 26 | Compensation & their realization in time & frequency domain |
| Lecture 27 | Lead and Lag compensation. |
| Lecture 28 | Op-amp based and digital implementation of compensators. |
| Lecture 29 | Tuning of process controllers. |
| Lecture 30 | State variable formulation and solution. |
| Lecture 31 | Concepts of state, state variable, state model |
| Lecture 32 | State models for linear continuous time functions |
| Lecture 33 | Diagonalization of transfer function |
| Lecture 34 | Solution of state equations,. |
| Lecture 35 | Concept of controllability & observability. |
| Lecture 36 | Introduction to Optimal control & Nonlinear control |
| Lecture 37 | Optimal Control problem |
| Lecture 38 | Regulator problem |
| Lecture 39 | Output regulator, tracking problem |
| Lecture 40 | Nonlinear system – Basic concept & analysis.. |

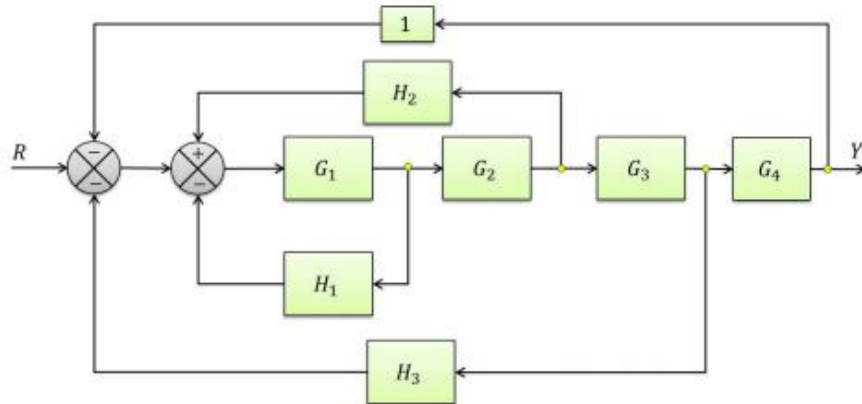
Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Animation
4. Hand-outs

Assignments:

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Assignment 1 | Q1. Find is the convolution of e^{-t} with $\sin(t)$ applying the convolution theorem. |
|---------------------|---|

Q2. Find the transfer function $Y(s)/R(s)$ for the system with the following block diagram:



Q3. The forward transfer function of a unity feedback system is $G(s) = K(s^2 + 1)(s + 1)(s + 2)$. The system is stable for

- (a) $K < -1$
- (b) $K > -1$
- (c) $K < -2$
- (d) $K > -2$

Q1. The root locus having the open loop transfer function $G(s)H(s) = K s(s + 4)(s^2 + 4s + 5)$ has

- (a) 3 breakaway point
- (b) 3 breakin point
- (c) 2 breakin point and 1 breakaway point
- (d) 2 breakaway point and 1 breakin point

Q2. The phase margin of a system with open loop transfer function $G(s)H(s) = 1 - s(s + 1)(s + 3)$, is

- (a) 68.3°
- (b) 90°
- (c) 0°
- (d) ∞

Q3. Given the plant transfer function of a servomechanism to be $G(s) = 10 s(s+2)(s+8)$ Design a lead-lag compensator $G_c(s)$ in unity feedback configuration to meet the following specification for step response:

- (a) $M_p = 16.3\%$
- (b) The rise time $t_r = 0.6046$ sec
- (c) The steady state error to a unit ramp input must be equal 0.0125.

What is the real part of the dominant poles of the compensated system?

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|---------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 5ECU3 | DCC | Digital Signal Processing | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|-------|-----|---------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|--|
| Discrete time signals: Sequences; representation of signals on orthogonal basis; Sampling and reconstruction of signals; Discrete systems attributes, Z-Transform, Analysis of LSI systems, frequency Analysis, Inverse Systems, Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT), Fast Fourier Transform Algorithm, Implementation of Discrete Time Systems |
| Design of FIR Digital filters: Window method, Park-McClellan's method. Design of IIR Digital Filters: Butterworth, Chebyshev and Elliptic Approximations; Lowpass, Bandpass, Bandstop and High pass filters. |
| Effect of finite register length in FIR filter design. Parametric and non-parametric spectral estimation. Introduction to mult-rate signal processing. Application of DSP. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | S.K. Mitra, Digital Signal Processing: A computer based approach. TMH |
| 2. | A.V. Oppenheim and Schafer, Discrete Time Signal Processing, Prentice Hall, 1989. |
| 3. | John G. Proakis and D.G. Manolakis, Digital Signal Processing: Principles, Algorithms And Applications, Prentice Hall, 1997 |
| 4. | L.R. Rabiner and B. Gold, Theory and Application of Digital Signal Processing, Prentice Hall, 1992. |
| 5. | J.R. Johnson, Introduction to Digital Signal Processing, Prentice Hall, 1992. |
| 6. | D.J. De Fatta, J. G. Lucas and W. S. Hodgkiss, Digital Signal Processing, John Wiley & Sons, 1988. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|----------------------------|----------------|---|
| 5ECU3 | Digital Signals Processing | CO 1 | Represent signals mathematically in continuous and discrete time and frequency domain |
| | | CO 2 | Get the response of an LSI system to different signals |
| | | CO 3 | Design of different types of digital filters for various applications |
| | | CO 4 | Estimation of spectral parameters |
| | | CO 5 | Application of Digital Signal Processing |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 5ECU3 Digital Signals Processing | CO 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | 1 |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | | | 2 |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|--|
| Lecture 1 | Zero Lecture |
| Lecture 2 | Sequences; representation of signals on orthogonal basis |
| Lecture 3 | Sequences; representation of signals on orthogonal basis |
| Lecture 4 | Sequences; representation of signals on orthogonal basis |
| Lecture 5 | Sampling and reconstruction of signals; |
| Lecture 6 | Sampling and reconstruction of signals; |
| Lecture 7 | Sampling and reconstruction of signals; |
| Lecture 8 | Discrete systems attributes |
| Lecture 9 | Discrete systems attributes |
| Lecture 10 | Z-Transform |
| Lecture 11 | Z-Transform |
| Lecture 12 | Z-Transform |
| Lecture 13 | Z-Transform |
| Lecture 14 | Analysis of LSI systems |
| Lecture 15 | Analysis of LSI systems |
| Lecture 16 | frequency Analysis |
| Lecture 17 | frequency Analysis |
| Lecture 18 | Inverse Systems |
| Lecture 19 | Inverse Systems |
| Lecture 20 | Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT |
| Lecture 21 | Fast Fourier Transform Algorithm |
| Lecture 22 | Fast Fourier Transform Algorithm |
| Lecture 23 | Implementation of Discrete Time Systems |
| Lecture 24 | Design of FIR Digital filters |

| | |
|------------|---|
| Lecture 25 | Window method |
| Lecture 26 | Park-McClellan's method |
| Lecture 27 | Design of IIR Digital Filters |
| Lecture 28 | Butterworth, Chebyshev filter |
| Lecture 29 | Elliptic Approximations; Lowpass, Bandpass, Bandstop and High pass filters. |
| Lecture 30 | Elliptic Approximations; Lowpass, Bandpass, Bandstop and High pass filters. |
| Lecture 31 | Elliptic Approximations; Lowpass, Bandpass, Bandstop and High pass filters. |
| Lecture 32 | Effect of finite register length in FIR filter design |
| Lecture 33 | Effect of finite register length in FIR filter design |
| Lecture 34 | Parametric and non-parametric spectral estimation |
| Lecture 35 | Parametric and non-parametric spectral estimation |
| Lecture 36 | Introduction to multirate signal processing. |
| Lecture 37 | Introduction to multirate signal processing. |
| Lecture 38 | Application of DSP |
| Lecture 39 | Application of DSP |
| Lecture 40 | Spill-over Classes |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Animation
4. Hand-outs

Assignments:

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Assignment 1 | Q1. Find a function $f(t) = a + bt$ that is perpendicular to another function $g(t) = 1 - t$ in the interval $[0, 1]$. |
| | Q2. Comment on the linearity, time-invariant and invertibility property of Up-sampler and Down-sampler |
| | Q3. Why is a filter with a zero phase response necessarily causal? |
| Assignment 2 | Q1. Prove that if the length of wavelet filter is L then the support of scaling function $\phi(t)$ is $L - 1$? |
| | Q2. What is the effect of cascading a $(1 - z^{-1})$ term in the high pass analysis filter? |

Q3. Interpret the following equation in the wake of perfect reconstruction: $T_0(Z) = \frac{1}{2} \{H_1(-Z) H_0(Z) + (-H_0(-Z)) H_1(Z)\}$

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|---------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 5ECU4 | DCC | Microwave Theory and Techniques | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|-------|-----|---------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|--|
| <p>Introduction to Microwaves-History of Microwaves, Microwave Frequency bands; Applications of Microwaves: Civil and Military, Medical, EMI/ EMC.</p> |
| <p>Mathematical Model of Microwave Transmission-Concept of Mode, Features of TEM, TE and TM Modes, Losses associated with microwave transmission, Concept of Impedance in Microwave transmission.</p> |
| <p>Analysis of RF and Microwave Transmission Lines-Coaxial line, Rectangular waveguide, Circular waveguide, Strip line, Micro strip line.</p> |
| <p>Microwave Network Analysis-Equivalent voltages and currents for non-TEM lines, Network parameters for microwave circuits, Scattering Parameters.</p> |
| <p>Passive and Active Microwave Devices-Microwave passive components: Directional Coupler, Power Divider, Magic Tee, Attenuator, Resonator. Microwave active components: Diodes, Transistors, Oscillators, Mixers. Microwave Semiconductor Devices: Gunn Diodes, IMPATT diodes, Schottky Barrier diodes, PIN diodes. Microwave Tubes: Klystron, TWT, Magnetron.</p> |
| <p>Microwave Design Principles-Impedance transformation, Impedance Matching, Microwave Filter Design, RF and Microwave Amplifier Design, Microwave Power Amplifier Design, Low Noise Amplifier Design, Microwave Mixer Design, Microwave Oscillator Design. Microwave Antennas- Antenna parameters, Antenna for ground based systems, Antennas for airborne and satellite borne systems, Planar Antennas.</p> |
| <p>Microwave Measurements- Power, Frequency and impedance measurement at microwave frequency, Network Analyzer and measurement of scattering parameters, Spectrum Analyzer and measurement of spectrum of a microwave signal, Noise at microwave frequency and measurement of noise figure. Measurement of Microwave antenna parameters.</p> |
| <p>Microwave Systems-Radar, Terrestrial and Satellite Communication, Radio Aidsto Navigation, RFID, GPS. Modern Trends in Microwaves Engineering-Effect of Microwaves on human body, Medical and Civil applications of microwaves, Electromagnetic interference and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMI & EMC), Monolithic Microwave ICs, RFMEMS for microwave components, Microwave Imaging.</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | S. Y. Liao, Microwave Devices and Circuits, Prentice Hall |
| 2. | D. M. Pozar, Microwave Engineering, John Wiley, India |
| 3. | R.E. Collins, Microwave Circuits, McGraw Hill |
| 4 | Annapurna Das and Sisir K Das, Microwave Engineering, McGraw Hill |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|---------------------------------|----------------|--|
| 5ECU4 | Microwave Theory and Techniques | CO 1 | Understand various microwave system components their properties |
| | | CO 2 | Identify different mathematical treatment needed to analyze different microwave circuits and systems |
| | | CO 3 | Solve complex problems of microwave signals and systems |
| | | CO 4 | Characterize different microwave components |
| | | CO 5 | Design microwave systems for different practical applications |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 5ECU4 Microwave Theory and Techniques | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | 3 |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | 2 |

3: Strong

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|---|
| Lecture 1 | History of Microwaves, Microwave Frequency bands |
| Lecture 2 | Applications of Microwaves: Civil and Military, Medical, EMI/ EMC |
| Lecture 3 | Review of Maxwells equations, Uniform plane wave, Boundary conditions in media interface and wave propagation |
| Lecture 4 | Review concepts of Mode, Features of TEM, TE and TM Modes |
| Lecture 5 | Losses associated with microwave transmission, Concept of Impedance in Microwave transmission |
| Lecture 6 | Numerical examples |

| | |
|------------|---|
| Lecture 7 | Transmission line and Coaxial line, Modes and Rectangular waveguide |
| Lecture 8 | Analysis of Stripline and Microstrip line |
| Lecture 9 | Analysis of Circular waveguide, Numerical examples |
| Lecture 10 | Transmission lines and Microwave Network Analysis |
| Lecture 11 | Equivalent voltages and currents for non-TEM lines |
| Lecture 12 | Microwave Network Parameters and Scattering parameters, Inter-relations of the Network parameters |
| Lecture 13 | Numerical examples |
| Lecture 14 | Microwave passive components: Directional Coupler |
| Lecture 15 | Power divider and Magic Tee |
| Lecture 16 | Microwave resonator |
| Lecture 17 | Attenuator, Numerical examples |
| Lecture 18 | Passive and active components, Microwave Diodes, Transistors |
| Lecture 19 | Microwave oscillators |
| Lecture 20 | Microwave Mixers, Numerical examples |
| Lecture 21 | Semiconductor Microwave devices: Gunn diodes |
| Lecture 22 | IMPATT Diodes, BARITT Diodes |
| Lecture 23 | Schottky Barrier Diodes, PIN Diodes |
| Lecture 24 | Microwave tubes: Klystron |
| Lecture 25 | Travelling Wave Tubes |
| Lecture 26 | Magnetron, Numerical examples |
| Lecture 27 | Impedance transformation and matching, Smith chart review |
| Lecture 28 | Microwave filter designing, Numerical example |
| Lecture 29 | RF and Microwave amplifier design, Power amplifier design |
| Lecture 30 | Low noise amplifier design, numerical examples |
| Lecture 31 | Microwave mixer design, numerical examples |
| Lecture 32 | Microwave oscillator design, numerical examples |
| Lecture 33 | Antennas and Antenna parameters, numerical examples |
| Lecture 34 | Antenna for ground based systems, Airborne and satellite borne systems |
| Lecture 35 | Planar Antennas |
| Lecture 36 | Radar, Terrestrial and Satellite Communication, Radio Aidsto Navigation |
| Lecture 37 | RFID and GPS |
| Lecture 38 | Effect of Microwaves on human body, Medical and Civil applications of microwaves |
| Lecture 39 | Electromagnetic interference and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMI & EMC) |
| Lecture 40 | Monolithic Microwave ICs, RFMEMS for microwave components, Microwave Imaging. |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster

2. Animation

Assignments:

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Assignmer | <p>Q1. Consider a length of Teflon filled, copper K-band rectangular waveguide having dimensions $a=1.07\text{cm}, b=0.43\text{cm}$. Find the cutoff frequencies of the first two propagating modes. If the operating frequency is 15 GHz, find the attenuation due to dielectric and conductor losses.</p> |
| | <p>Q2. A Design a microstrip line on a 0.5 mm alumina substrate ($\epsilon_r=9.9, \tan \delta = 0.001$) for a 50Ω characteristic impedance. Find the length of this line required to produce a phase delay of 270° at 10 GHz, and compute the total loss on this line, assuming copper conductors.</p> |
| | <p>Q3. A two-port network is known to have the following scattering matrix:</p> $S = \begin{bmatrix} 0.15\angle 0^\circ & 0.85\angle -45^\circ \\ 0.85\angle 45^\circ & 0.2\angle 0^\circ \end{bmatrix}$ <p>Determine if the network is reciprocal and lossless. If port 2 is terminated with a matched load, what is the return loss seen at port 1? If port 2 is terminated with a short circuit, what is the return loss seen at port 1?</p> |
| Assignmer | <p>Q4. Consider a microstrip resonator constructed from a $\lambda/2$ length of 50Ω open circuited microstrip line. The substrate is Teflon ($\epsilon_r = 2.08, \tan \delta = 0.0004$), with a thickness of 0.159 cm, and the conductors are copper. Compute the required length of the line for resonance at 5 GHz, and the unloaded Q of the resonator. Ignore fringing fields at the end of the line.</p> |
| | <p>Q5. Write short notes on a) PIN Diode and b) Schottkey Diode, c) IMPATT Diode.</p> |
| | <p>Q6. An Infineon BF1005 n-channel MOSFET transistor having $C_{gs}= 2.1 \text{ pF}$ and $g_m= 24 \text{ mS}$ is used in a 900 MHz low-noise amplifier with inductive source degeneration, as shown in figure below.</p> |

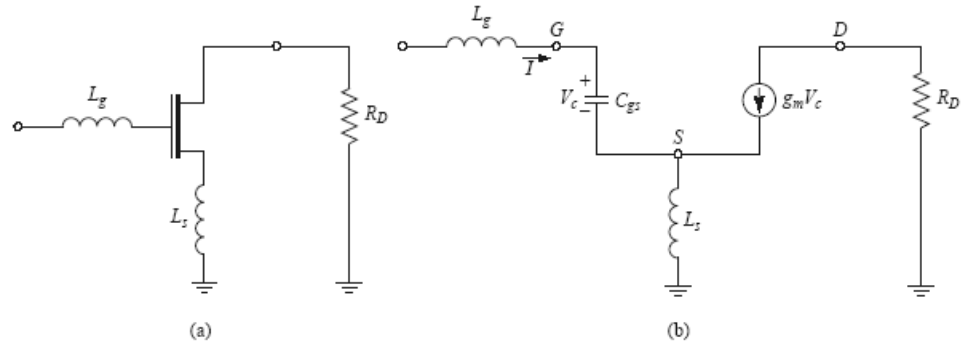


Figure: Low-noise MOSFET amplifier. (a) Basic AC circuit. (b) Equivalent circuit using a simplified unilateral FET model.

Determine the source and gate inductors, and estimate the bandwidth of the amplifier. Assume a source impedance of $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$.

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|---|--------|----------|----------|
| 5ECU5.1 | DEC | Probability Theory and Stochastic Processes | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|---------|-----|---|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|---|
| Sets and set operations; Probability space; Conditional probability and Bayes theorem; Combinatorial probability and sampling models. |
| Discrete random variables, probability mass function, probability distribution function, example random variables and distributions; Continuous random variables, probability density function, probability distribution function, example distributions; |
| Joint distributions, functions of one and two random variables, moments of random variables; Conditional distribution, densities and moments; Characteristic functions of a random variable; Markov, Chebyshev and Chernoff bounds; |
| Random sequences and modes of convergence (everywhere, almost everywhere, probability, distribution and mean square); Limit theorems; Strong and weak laws of large numbers, central limit theorem. |
| Random process. Stationary processes. Mean and covariance functions. Ergodicity. Transmission of random process through LTI. Power spectral density. |

Text/Reference Books:

| |
|---|
| 1. H. Stark and J. Woods, "Probability and Random Processes with Applications to Signal Processing," Third Edition, Pearson Education |
| 2. A. Papoulis and S. Unnikrishnan Pillai, "Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes," Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill. |
| 3. K. L. Chung, Introduction to Probability Theory with Stochastic Processes, Springer International |
| 4. P. G. Hoel, S. C. Port and C. J. Stone, Introduction to Probability, UBS Publishers, |
| 5. P. G. Hoel, S. C. Port and C. J. Stone, Introduction to Stochastic Processes, UBS Publishers |
| 6. S. Ross, Introduction to Stochastic Models, Harcourt Asia, Academic Press. |

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|-----------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 5ECU5.2 | DEC | Embedded System | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|---------|-----|-----------------|--------|----------|-------------|

The concept of embedded systems design, Embedded microcontroller cores, embedded memories. Examples of embedded systems, Technological aspects of embedded systems: interfacing between analog and digital blocks, signal conditioning, digital signal processing. Sub system interfacing, interfacing with external systems, user interfacing. Design tradeoffs due to process compatibility, thermal considerations, etc., Software aspects of embedded systems: real time programming languages and operating systems for embedded systems.

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | J.W. Valvano, "Embedded Microcomputer System: Real Time Interfacing", Brooks/Cole, 2000. |
| 2. | Raj Kamal, Embedded System, McGraw Hill |
| 3. | Jack Ganssle, "The Art of Designing Embedded Systems", Newness, 1999. |
| 4. | V.K. Madisetti, "VLSI Digital Signal Processing", IEEE Press (NY, USA), 1995. |
| 5. | David Simon, "An Embedded Software Primer", Addison Wesley, 2000. |
| 6. | K.J. Ayala, "The 8051 Microcontroller: Architecture, Programming, and Applications", Penram Intl, 1996. |

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|-------------------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 5ECU6.1 | DEC | Bio-Medical Electronics | MM:150 | 2L:0T:0P | 2 credit |
|---------|-----|-------------------------|--------|----------|-------------|

| |
|--|
| Brief introduction to human physiology. Biomedical transducers: displacement, velocity, force, acceleration, flow, temperature, potential, dissolved ions and gases. Bio-electrodes and bio potential amplifiers for ECG, EMG, EEG, etc. |
| Measurement of blood temperature, pressure and flow. Impedance plethysmography. Ultrasonic, X-ray and nuclear imaging. Prostheses and aids: pacemakers, defibrillators, heart-lung machine, artificial kidney, aids for the handicapped. Safety aspects. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | W.F. Ganong, Review of Medical Physiology, 8th Asian Ed, Medical Publishers, 1977. |
| 2. | J.G. Websster, ed., Medical Instrumentation, Houghton Mifflin, 1978. |
| 3. | A.M. Cook and J.G. Webster, eds., Therapeutic Medical Devices, Prentice-Hall, 1982. |
| 4. | R.S.Khandpur, Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation, McGraw Hill |

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|-------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 5ECU6.2 | DEC | Satellite Communication | MM:150 | 2L:0T:0P | 2 credit |
|---------|-----|-------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|---|
| <p>Introduction to Satellite Communication: Principles and architecture of satellite Communication, Brief history of Satellite systems, advantages, disadvantages, applications and frequency bands used for satellite communication.</p> |
| <p>Orbital Mechanics: Orbital equations, Kepler's laws, Apogee and Perigee for an elliptical orbit, evaluation of velocity, orbital period, angular velocity etc. of a satellite, concepts of Solar day and Sidereal day.</p> |
| <p>Satellite sub-systems: Study of Architecture and Roles of various sub-systems of a satellite system such as Telemetry, tracking, command and monitoring (TTC & M), Attitude and orbit control system (AOCS), Communication sub-system, power sub-systems etc.</p> |
| <p>Typical Phenomena in Satellite Communication: Solar Eclipse on satellite, its effects, remedies for Eclipse, Sun Transit Outage phenomena, its effects and remedies, Doppler frequency shift phenomena and expression for Doppler shift. Satellite link budget</p> |
| <p>Flux density and received signal power equations, Calculation of System noise temperature for satellite receiver, noise power calculation, Drafting of satellite link budget and C/N ratio calculations in clear air and rainy conditions.</p> |
| <p>Modulation and Multiple Access Schemes: Various modulation schemes used in satellite communication, Meaning of Multiple Access, Multiple access schemes based on time, frequency, and code sharing namely TDMA, FDMA and CDMA.</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | Timothy Pratt Charles W. Bostian, Jeremy E. Allnutt: Satellite Communications: Wiley India. 2nd edition 2002. |
| 2. | Tri T. Ha: Digital Satellite Communications: Tata McGraw Hill, 2009 |
| 3. | Dennis Roddy: Satellite Communication: 4th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2009. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-------------------------|----------------|---|
| 5ECU6.2 | Satellite Communication | CO 1 | Able to understand the dynamics and architecture of the satellite |
| | | CO 2 | Solve numerical problems related to orbital |

| | | | |
|--|--|-------------|---|
| | | | motion |
| | | CO 3 | Examine the design of Earth station and tracking of the satellites |
| | | CO 4 | Evaluate and design link power budget for the satellites. |
| | | CO 5 | Analyze the analog and digital technologies used for satellite communication. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 5ECU6.2 Satellite Communication | CO 1 | 2 | 2 | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 3 | | 2 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | | 2 | | 1 | | 2 | 2 |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | | | | 1 | | 1 | 1 |
| | CO 5 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | | | 1 | | 2 | | |

3: Strongly 2: Moderate 1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|--|
| Lecture 1 | Introduction to Satellite Communication |
| Lecture 2 | Introduction to Satellite Communication |
| Lecture 3 | Principles and architecture of satellite Communication |
| Lecture 4 | Brief history of Satellite systems, advantages, disadvantages |
| Lecture 5 | applications and frequency bands used for satellite communication. |
| Lecture 6 | Orbital Mechanics: Orbital equations |
| Lecture 7 | Orbital Mechanics: Orbital equations |
| Lecture 8 | Kepler's laws, Apogee and Perigee for an elliptical orbit |
| Lecture 9 | Kepler's laws, Apogee and Perigee for an elliptical orbit |
| Lecture 10 | evaluation of velocity, orbital period, angular velocity etc. of a satellite |
| Lecture 11 | concepts of Solar day and Sidereal day |
| Lecture 12 | Satellite sub-systems |
| Lecture 13 | Study of Architecture and Roles of various sub-systems of a |

| | |
|------------|---|
| | satellite |
| Lecture 14 | Study of Architecture and Roles of various sub-systems of a satellite |
| Lecture 15 | Telemetry, tracking, command and monitoring (TTC & M) |
| Lecture 16 | Telemetry, tracking, command and monitoring (TTC & M) |
| Lecture 17 | Attitude and orbit control system (AOCS) |
| Lecture 18 | Communication sub-system and power sub-systems etc. |
| Lecture 19 | Typical Phenomena in Satellite Communication |
| Lecture 20 | Solar Eclipse on satellite, its effects, remedies for Eclipse |
| Lecture 21 | Sun Transit Outage phenomena, its effects and remedies |
| Lecture 22 | Doppler frequency shift phenomena and expression for Doppler shift |
| Lecture 23 | Doppler frequency shift phenomena and expression for Doppler shift |
| Lecture 24 | Satellite link budget |
| Lecture 25 | Satellite link budget |
| Lecture 26 | Flux density and received signal power equations |
| Lecture 27 | Calculation of System noise temperature for satellite receiver |
| Lecture 28 | noise power calculation |
| Lecture 29 | Drafting of satellite link budget and C/N ratio |
| Lecture 30 | Drafting of satellite link budget and C/N ratio |
| Lecture 31 | Calculations in clear air and rainy conditions. |
| Lecture 32 | Modulation and Multiple Access Schemes |
| Lecture 33 | Various modulation schemes used in satellite communication |
| Lecture 34 | Meaning of Multiple Access, Multiple access schemes based on time |
| Lecture 35 | Multiple access schemes based on frequency |
| Lecture 36 | TDMA |
| Lecture 37 | FDMA and CDMA |
| Lecture 38 | FDMA and CDMA |
| Lecture 39 | Spill over class |
| Lecture 40 | Spill over class |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Hand-outs

Sample assignments:

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Assignment 1 | Q1. A Satellite is orbiting in an elliptical orbit with apogee height at 20000 Km and perigee height at 400 Km. Calculate the ratio of velocity at perigee to that at apogee. |
|---------------------|--|

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| | <p>Q2. A satellite is orbiting in a circular orbit which is 1000 Km away from the surface of the earth. Estimate number of times in a day, the satellite will be overhead from a particular location on the earth.</p> |
| | <p>Q3. Telemetry system of the satellite samples in sequence 40 sensors each producing 20 bits, adds 240 bits overhead to form a frame and transmits the data at 1 Kbps to Control Earth Station 42,000 km away. How long does it take to receive a complete telemetry data frame at control earth station after the last bit of the frame is transmitted by the telemetry?</p> |
| <p>Assignment 2</p> | <p>Q1. The difference between the farthest and the closest point in a satellite's elliptical orbit from the surface of the earth is 30000 Km, and the sum of the distances is 50000 Km, if the mean radius of the earth is considered to be 6400 Km, determine the eccentricity and length of semi-major axis of the orbit.</p> |
| | <p>Q2. A 36 MHz bandwidth limited transponder is allotted with voice only carrier in FDMA mode with 45 KHz separation between centre frequency of carriers. Assuming 40% voice activity, what will be the number of carriers?</p> |
| | <p>Q3. A receiver at 290K is having noise figure of 4 dB. Calculate the noise power density of the receiver.</p> |

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|-------------------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 5ECU11 | DCC | RF Simulation Lab | MM:75 | OL:OT:3P | 2 credit |
|--------|-----|-------------------|-------|----------|-------------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment |
|---------|---|
| 1. | Study of field pattern of various modes inside a rectangular and circular waveguide. |
| 2. | Study of field pattern of various modes inside a rectangular cavity resonator. |
| 3. | Find the change in characteristics impedance and reflection coefficients of the transmission line by changing the dielectric properties of materials embedded between two conductors. |
| 4. | Design and simulate the following Planar Transmission Lines: (a) Strip and micro-strip lines (b) Parallel coupled strip line (c) Coplanar and Slot lines (d) Determine their field patterns and characteristic impedance. |
| 5. | Design and simulate the following: (a) 3-dB branch line coupler (b) Wilkinson power divider (c) Hybrid ring (d) Backward wave coupler (e) Low pass filters (f) Band pass filters |
| 6. | Design RF amplifier using microwave BJT. |
| 7. | Design RF amplifier using microwave FET. |

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|-------------------------------|-------|----------|----------|
| 5ECU12 | DCC | Digital Signal Processing Lab | MM:75 | OL:OT:2P | 1 credit |
|--------|-----|-------------------------------|-------|----------|----------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment (Simulate using MATLAB environment) |
|---------|---|
| 1. | Generation of continuous and discrete elementary signals (impulse, unit-step, ramp) using mathematical expression. |
| 2. | Perform basic operations on signals like adding, subtracting, shifting and scaling. |
| 3. | Perform continuous and discrete time Convolution (using basic definition). |
| 4. | Checking Linearity and Time variance property of a system using convolution, shifting. |
| 5. | To generate and verify random sequences with arbitrary distributions, means and variances for following: (a) Rayleigh distribution (b) Normal distributions: $N(0,1)$. (c) Gaussian distributions: $N(m, x)$ (d) Random binary wave. |
| 6. | To find DFT / IDFT of given DT signal. |
| 7. | N-point FFT algorithm. |
| 8. | To implement Circular convolution. |
| 9. | MATLAB code for implementing z-transform and inverse z-transform. |
| 10. | Perform inverse z-transform using residue z MATLAB function. |
| 11. | MATLAB program to find frequency response of analog LP/HP filters. |
| 12. | To design FIR filter (LP/HP) using windowing (rectangular, triangular, Kaiser) technique using simulink. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---|
| 5EC4-22 | Digital Signal Processing Lab | CO 1 | Simulate, synthesize and process communication signals using software tools such as MATLAB. |
| | | CO 2 | To understand the difference between analog, discrete & digital signals & their processing. |
| | | CO 3 | Analyse & process signals in communication systems to meet a particular requirement. |
| | | CO 4 | Apply z-transform, DFT, FFT to analyse and design DSP systems. |
| | | CO 5 | Design of various basic digital filters. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 5ECU12 Digital Signal Processing Lab | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | | | 3 | | | | | | | 2 |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | | | | | | 1 |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | | | | | | | 1 |
| | CO 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | 1 |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|---------------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 5ECU13 | DCC | Microwave Lab | MM:75 | 0L:0T:2P | 1 credit |
|--------|-----|---------------|-------|----------|-------------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment |
|---------|--|
| 1. | Study of various microwave components and instruments like frequency meter, attenuator, detector and VSWR meter. (a) Measurement of guide wavelength and frequency using a X-band slotted line setup. (b) Measurement of low and high VSWR using a X-band slotted line setup. |
| 2. | Introduction to Smith chart, measurement of SWR, shift in minimum standing wave with unknown load and calculation of unknown load impedance using Smith chart. |
| 3. | Study the behavior of terminated coaxial transmission lines in time and frequency domain. |
| 4. | (a) Draw the V-I characteristics of a Gunn diode and determine the output power and frequency as a function of voltage. (b) Study the square wave modulation of microwave signal using PIN diode. |
| 5. | Study and measurement of resonance characteristics of a micro-strip ring resonator using power meter and determination of the substrate dielectric constant. |
| 6. | Study and measure the power division and isolation characteristics of a micro-strip 3dB power divider. |
| 7. | Study of rat race hybrid ring (equivalent of waveguide Magic-Tee) in micro-strip. |
| 8. | (a) To study the characteristics of micro-strip 3dB branch line coupler, strip line backward wave coupler as a function of frequency and compare their bandwidth. (b) Measure the microwave input, direct, coupled and isolated powers of a backward wave strip line coupler at the centre frequency using a power meter. From the measurements calculate the coupling, isolation and directivity of the coupler. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|---------------|----------------|---|
| 5ECU13 | Microwave Lab | CO 6 | Understand the working of various microwave components and instruments |
| | | CO 7 | Design and test transmission lines, microwave guide along with their characteristics. |
| | | CO 8 | Analysis of various measurement technique for microwave parameters. |
| | | CO 9 | Study and measurement of different characteristics of micro strip line and its application. |
| | | CO 10 | Develop the concept of planar transmission lines and microwave integrated circuits. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|---------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 5ECU13 Microwave Lab | CO 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 7 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 8 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 9 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 10 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | 3: Strongly | | | 2: Moderate | | | 1: Weak | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|--------|---------|----------------------------|-------|----------|----------|
| 5ECU14 | DCC/IEC | PCB Design lab/EC Workshop | MM:75 | OL:OT:2P | 1 credit |
|--------|---------|----------------------------|-------|----------|----------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment |
|---------|---|
| 1. | Identification, Study & Testing of various electronic components : (a) Resistances-Variou types, Colour coding (b) Capacitors-Variou types, Coding, (c) Inductors (d) Diodes (e) Transistors (f) SCRs (g) ICs (h) Photo diode (i) Photo transistor (j) LED (k) LDR (l) Potentiometers |
| 2. | Study of symbols for various Electrical & Electronic Components, Devices, Circuit functions etc. |
| 3. | Soldering & desoldering practice. |
| 4 | Step down transformer winding of less than 5VA. |
| 5. | Fabrication of a PCB for a DC regulated power supply. |
| 6. | Identification of various types of Printed Circuit Boards (PCB) and soldering Techniques. |
| 7. | Introduction to PCB And OrCAD Design software |
| 8. | (a). Artwork & printing of a simple PCB. (b). Etching & drilling of PCB. |
| 9. | Wiring & fitting shop: Fitting of power supply along with a meter in cabinet. |
| 10. | To study the specifications and working of a Transistor radio kit and perform measurements on it. |

| | | | | | |
|--------|--|------|-------|----------|----------|
| 5ECU20 | | DECA | MM:50 | OL:OT:OP | 1 credit |
|--------|--|------|-------|----------|----------|

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|------------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 6ECU1 | DCC | Computer Network | MM:150 | 3L:1T:0P | 4 credit |
|-------|-----|------------------|--------|----------|-------------|

| |
|---|
| <p>Introduction to computer networks and the Internet: Application layer: Principles of network applications, The Web and Hyper Text Transfer Protocol, File transfer, Electronic mail, Domain name system, Peer-to-Peer file sharing, Socket programming, Layering concepts.</p> |
| <p>Switching in networks: Classification and requirements of switches, a generic switch, Circuit Switching, Time-division switching, Space-division switching, Crossbar switch and evaluation of blocking probability, 2-stage, 3-stage and n-stage networks, Packet switching, Blocking in packet switches, Three generations of packet switches, switch fabric, Buffering, Multicasting, Statistical Multiplexing.</p> |
| <p>Transport layer: Connectionless transport - User Datagram Protocol, Connection oriented transport – Transmission Control Protocol, Remote Procedure Call. Congestion Control and Resource Allocation: Issues in Resource Allocation, Queuing Disciplines, TCP congestion Control, Congestion Avoidance Mechanisms and Quality of Service.</p> |
| <p>Network layer: Virtual circuit and Datagram networks, Router, Internet Protocol, Routing algorithms, Broadcast and Multicast routing</p> |
| <p>Link layer: ALOHA, Multiple access protocols, IEEE 802 standards, Local Area Networks, addressing, Ethernet, Hubs, Switches.</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|--|
| 1. | J.F. Kurose and K. W. Ross, "Computer Networking – A top down approach featuring the Internet", Pearson Education, 5th Edition |
| 2. | L. Peterson and B. Davie, "Computer Networks – A Systems Approach" Elsevier Morgan Kaufmann Publisher, 5th Edition. |
| 3. | T. Viswanathan, "Telecommunication Switching System and Networks", Prentice Hall |
| 4. | S. Keshav, "An Engineering Approach to Computer Networking" , Pearson Education |
| 5. | B. A. Forouzan, "Data Communications and Networking", Tata McGrawHill, 4th Edition |
| 6. | Andrew Tanenbaum, "Computer networks", Prentice Hall |
| 7. | D. Comer, "Computer Networks and Internet/TCP-IP", Prentice Hall |
| 8. | William Stallings, "Data and computer communications", Prentice Hall |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------|---|
| 6ECU1 | Computer Networks | CO 1 | Describe the significance and concepts of computer networks and services offered at each layer. |
| | | CO 2 | Analyse and appreciate the layered model for computer networking. |
| | | CO 3 | Identify basic protocols and design issues for layered model. |
| | | CO 4 | Design and implement protocols related to various networking layers. |
| | | CO 5 | Explain different switching in networks. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|----------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 6ECU1 Computer Networks | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|--|
| Lecture 1 | Zero Lecture: Overview of subject |
| Lecture 2 | Introduction to computer networks and the Internet |
| Lecture 3 | Application layer, Principles of network applications |
| Lecture 4 | Detail explanation of web and Hyper Text Transfer Protocol |
| Lecture 5 | File transfer, Electronic mail services |
| Lecture 6 | Domain name system, Peer-to-Peer file sharing |

| | |
|------------|--|
| Lecture 7 | Socket programming |
| Lecture 8 | Layering concepts of networks |
| Lecture 9 | Introduction of Switching in networks: Classification and requirements of switches |
| Lecture 10 | A generic switch, Circuit Switching, |
| Lecture 11 | Time-division switching, Space-division switching |
| Lecture 12 | Crossbar switch and evaluation of blocking probability |
| Lecture 13 | 2-stage, 3-stage and n-stage networks |
| Lecture 14 | 2-stage, 3-stage and n-stage networks continued. |
| Lecture 15 | Packet switching, Blocking in packet switches, Three generations of packet switches |
| Lecture 16 | Switch fabric, Buffering, Multicasting |
| Lecture 17 | Statistical Multiplexing, summary of switching networks. |
| Lecture 18 | Introduction of Transport layer: Connectionless transport - User Datagram Protocol |
| Lecture 19 | Connection-oriented transport - Transmission Control Protocol |
| Lecture 20 | Remote Procedure Call |
| Lecture 21 | Congestion Control and Resource Allocation: Issues in Resource Allocation, Queuing Disciplines |
| Lecture 22 | Congestion Control and Resource Allocation: Issues in Resource Allocation, Queuing Disciplines Continued |
| Lecture 23 | TCP congestion Control |
| Lecture 24 | Congestion Avoidance Mechanisms and Quality of Service |
| Lecture 25 | Congestion Avoidance Mechanisms and Quality of Service continued. |
| Lecture 26 | Summary of transport layer and congestion control |
| Lecture 27 | Introduction to network layer, Virtual circuit and datagram network, |
| Lecture 28 | Routers, Internet Protocol |
| Lecture 29 | Internet Protocol |
| Lecture 30 | Routing Algorithms |
| Lecture 31 | Broadcast and multicast routing |
| Lecture 32 | Broadcast and multicast routing continued and review of network layer |
| Lecture 33 | Introduction to data link layer and ALOHA |
| Lecture 34 | Detail explanation of Multiple access protocols |
| Lecture 35 | IEEE 802 standards |
| Lecture 36 | Local area Networks |
| Lecture 37 | Data link layer addressing |
| Lecture 38 | Ethernet, Hub |
| Lecture 39 | Switches |
| Lecture 40 | Summary of data link layer and Review of whole syllabus |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk, Board and Duster
2. PPT
3. Animation
4. Hand-outs

Assignments:

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Assignment 1 | Q1. (a) Consider an FTP session in which the user three separate <i>get</i> commands. How many TCP connections are created during this session? Explain. (b) An IMAP server keeps track of which email messages have been read by a user and which have not. POP allows you to download an email message from the server while leaving it stored on the server, but does not remember which ones you've read. What are the pros and cons of these two approaches? |
| | Q2. Consider a 100 Mb/s link, preceded by a queue that can hold 1000 packets. Suppose packets with an average packet length of 125 bytes are arriving at the queue, at the rate of 85 thousand packets per second. What is the average number of packets in the queue? How long does it take to transmit a packet over the link? What is the average amount of time that a packet waits in the queue? |
| | Q3. (a) How many bytes are there in the UDP packet header? How many in the TCP header? (b) Give two reasons you might prefer to implement an application using UDP, rather than TCP. |
| (b) | Q1. Suppose a host receives 10 IP packets and the id field in these packets are: 3, 7, 8, 8, 8, 7, 9, 13, 3, 13. How many distinct packets were sent by the original host? |
| | Q2. Consider a router with 10 Gb/s links and designed for use in wide area networks with typical round-trip times of 200 ms. If the router has 16 links, how much memory is required for packet buffers, assuming each buffer is dimensioned according to the standard rule-of-thumb. |

Q3. (a) Consider a 100 Mb/s version of Ethernet using CSMA/CD. If the maximum separation between two nodes is 5 km, how efficient is the network if all packets have the minimum length? What if they have the maximum length?

(b) How long is the payload of an Ethernet frame carrying an IPv4 packet that contains a minimum size UDP packet. How long is the frame if the IPv4 packet is a TCP packet with 40 bytes of user data?

(c) How many distinct IP multicast addresses are there? How many distinct Ethernet multicast addresses are available for use with IP? Discuss how the difference in these two numbers might affect the operation of IP multicast, in the context of Ethernet LANs.

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|----------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 6ECU2 | DCC | Fiber Optic Communications | MM:150 | 3L:1T:0P | 4 credit |
|-------|-----|----------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|---|
| Introduction to vector nature of light, propagation of light, propagation of light in a cylindrical dielectric rod, Ray model, wave model. Different types of optical fibers, Modal analysis of a step index fiber. |
| Signal degradation on optical fiber due to dispersion and attenuation. Fabrication of fibers and measurement techniques like OTDR |
| Optical sources - LEDs and Lasers, Photo-detectors - pin-diodes, APDs, detector responsivity, noise, optical receivers. Optical link design - BER calculation, quantum limit, power penalties. |
| Optical switches - coupled mode analysis of directional couplers, electro-optic switches. Optical amplifiers - EDFA, Raman amplifier. |
| WDM and DWDM systems. Principles of WDM networks. Nonlinear effects in fiber optic links. Concept of self-phase modulation, group velocity dispersion and soliton based communication. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|--|
| 1. | J. Keiser, Fibre Optic communication, McGraw-Hill, 5th Ed. 2013 (Indian Edition). |
| 2. | T. Tamir, Integrated optics, (Topics in Applied Physics Vol.7), Springer-Verlag, 1975. |
| 3. | J. Gowa, Optical communication systems, Prentice Hall India, 1987. |
| 4. | S.E. Miller and A.G. Chynoweth, eds., Optical fibres telecommunications, Academic Press, 1979. |
| 5. | G. Agrawal, Nonlinear fibre optics, Academic Press, 2nd Ed. 1994. |
| 6. | G. Agrawal, Fiber optic Communication Systems, John Wiley and sons, New York, 1997 |
| 7. | F.C. Allard, Fiber Optics Handbook for engineers and scientists, McGraw Hill, New York (1990).G. Streetman, and S. K. Banerjee, "Solid State Electronic Devices," 7th edition, Pearson,2014. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|---------------------------|----------------|--|
| 6ECU2 | Fiber Optic Communication | CO 1 | Understand the basics of fiber-optic communication system, components and significance |
| | | CO 2 | Analysis of different types of Optical fiber |

| | | | |
|--|--|-------------|---|
| | | | based on ray and wave model |
| | | CO 3 | Able to understand channel impairments like losses and dispersion |
| | | CO 4 | Assess and compare optical sources, detectors and their application |
| | | CO 5 | Design optical networks and understand non-linear effects in optical fibers |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 6ECU2 Fiber Optic Communication | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | | 1 | | | | | | | | 1 |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | | | | 1 |
| | CO 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | 1 | 2 | 2 |

3: Strongly 2: Moderate 1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|--|
| Lecture 1 | Introduction |
| Lecture 2 | Introduction to vector nature of light, propagation of light |
| Lecture 3 | propagation of light in a cylindrical dielectric rod |
| Lecture 4 | Ray model |
| Lecture 5 | Wave model |
| Lecture 6 | Different types of optical fibers, Modal analysis of a step index fiber. |
| Lecture 7 | Modal analysis of a step index fiber. |
| Lecture 8 | Modal analysis of a step index fiber. |
| Lecture 9 | Signal degradation on optical fiber |
| Lecture 10 | Signal degradation on optical fiber |
| Lecture 11 | Signal degradation on optical fiber |
| Lecture 12 | Dispersion |
| Lecture 13 | Attenuation |
| Lecture 14 | Fabrication of fibers |

| | |
|------------|---|
| Lecture 15 | measurement techniques |
| Lecture 16 | measurement techniques |
| Lecture 17 | OTDR |
| Lecture 18 | Optical sources |
| Lecture 19 | LEDs |
| Lecture 20 | Lasers |
| Lecture 21 | Photo-detectors |
| Lecture 22 | pin-diodes |
| Lecture 23 | APDs |
| Lecture 24 | detector responsivity characteristics |
| Lecture 25 | Noise and optical receivers |
| Lecture 26 | Optical link design |
| Lecture 27 | BER calculation |
| Lecture 28 | quantum limit and power penalties |
| Lecture 29 | Optical switches - coupled mode analysis of directional couplers, . |
| Lecture 30 | electro-optic switches |
| Lecture 31 | Optical amplifiers - EDFA |
| Lecture 32 | Raman amplifier |
| Lecture 33 | WDM and DWDM systems |
| Lecture 34 | Principles of WDM networks |
| Lecture 35 | Nonlinear effects in fiber optic links |
| Lecture 36 | Concept of self-phase modulation |
| Lecture 37 | Group velocity dispersion |
| Lecture 38 | soliton based communication |
| Lecture 39 | Spill over class |
| Lecture 40 | Spill over class |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Hand-outs

Sample assignments:

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Assignment 1 | Q1. Consider a planar mirror waveguide with $n = 1.45$, $d = 1 \mu\text{m}$ at $\lambda_0 = 0.85 \mu\text{m}$. Estimate the propagation constant and effective index of the first mode. |
| | Q2. A step index multimode fiber with $NA = 0.2$ supports approximately 1000 modes at 850 nm wavelength. What is core diameter? |
| | Q3. Find the value of normalized frequency (V) for given fiber with $n_1 = 1.45$, $\Delta = 0.003$, $a = 4\mu\text{m}$ for wavelength $\lambda_0 = 1300\text{nm}$. |
| Assignment 2 | Q1. Calculate the pulse broadening in a multimode |

| | |
|--|--|
| | step index fiber with $n_1= 1.47$, $n_2= 1.465$ and fiber length of 2 km. |
| | Q2. Consider an LED source at $\lambda_0 = 880$ nm with a spectral width of 40 nm. Calculate the material dispersion coefficient in ps/km-nm in fused silica glass with $d^2n/d\lambda^2_0 = 0.03 \mu\text{m}^{-2}$. |
| | Q3. Consider a step- index optical fiber with $n_1= 1.472$, $n_2= 1.431$ and $a= 2 \mu\text{m}$. Calculate the approximate group velocity at wavelength 1550 nm. |

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|--------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 6ECU3 | DCC | Antennas and Propagation | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|-------|-----|--------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|--|
| <p>Fundamental Concepts-Physical concept of radiation, Radiation pattern, near-and far-field regions, reciprocity, directivity and gain, effective aperture, polarization, input impedance, efficiency, Friis transmission equation, radiation integrals and auxiliary potential functions.</p> |
| <p>Radiation from Wires and Loops-Infinitesimal dipole, finite-length dipole, linear elements near conductors, dipoles for mobile communication, small circular loop.</p> |
| <p>Aperture and Reflector Antennas-Huygens' principle, radiation from rectangular and circular apertures, design considerations, Babinet's principle, Radiation from sectoral and pyramidal horns, design concepts, prime-focus parabolic reflector and cassegrain antennas.</p> |
| <p>Broadband Antennas-Log-periodic and Yagi-Uda antennas, frequency independent antennas, broadcast antennas.</p> |
| <p>Micro strip Antennas-Basic characteristics of micro strip antennas, feeding methods, methods of analysis, design of rectangular and circular patch antennas.</p> |
| <p>Antenna Arrays-Analysis of uniformly spaced arrays with uniform and non-uniform excitation amplitudes, extension to planar arrays, synthesis of antenna arrays using Schelkunoff polynomial method, Woodward-Lawson method.</p> |
| <p>Basic Concepts of Smart Antennas- Concept and benefits of smart antennas, fixed weight beam forming basics, Adaptive beam forming.</p> |
| <p>Different modes of Radio Wave propagation used in current practice.</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|--|
| 1. | J.D. Kraus, Antennas, McGraw Hill, 1988 |
| 2. | C.A. Balanis, Antenna Theory - Analysis and Design, John Wiley, 1982 |
| 3. | R.E. Collin, Antennas and Radio Wave Propagation, McGraw Hill, 1985 |
| 4. | S. Silver, Microwave Antenna Theory and Design, McGrawHill, 1949 |
| 5. | I.J. Bahl and P. Bhartia, Micro Strip Antennas, Artech House, 1980 |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|
| 6ECU3 | Antennas and Propagation | CO 1 | Understand various types of antennas and antenna properties |
| | | CO 2 | Analyze the properties of different types of antennas and their design |
| | | CO 3 | Solve complex problems related to antennas |
| | | CO 4 | Conduct experiments with various antennas and arrays |
| | | CO 5 | Designing different antennas to meet different specifications |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 6ECU3 Antennas and Propagation | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | |

3: Strong

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|---|
| Lecture 1 | Introduction to Antennas and their applications, review of Maxwells equations |
| Lecture 2 | Physical concept of radiation, Radiation pattern, near-and far-field regions |
| Lecture 3 | Reciprocity, Input impedance, Polarization |
| Lecture 4 | Directivity and Gain, Effective aperture, Efficiency and Numerical examples |
| Lecture 5 | Friis transmission equation and numerical examples |

| | |
|------------|--|
| Lecture 6 | Radiation integrals and Auxiliary potential functions |
| Lecture 7 | Radiation integrals and Auxiliary potential functions (contd.) |
| Lecture 8 | Radiation from Infinitesimal dipole |
| Lecture 9 | The finite-length dipole |
| Lecture 10 | Review of boundary conditions and Linear elements near conductors |
| Lecture 11 | dipoles for mobile communication, small circular loop |
| Lecture 12 | Numerical examples |
| Lecture 13 | Huygens' principle and aperture antennas, radiation from rectangular aperture |
| Lecture 14 | Radiations from circular apertures, Modes |
| Lecture 15 | Design considerations |
| Lecture 16 | Babinet's Principle and Horn antennas, Radiation from Sectoral Horn |
| Lecture 17 | Radiation from Pyramidal Horn antennas and design concepts |
| Lecture 18 | Reflector antennas and feeds |
| Lecture 19 | Prime-focus Parabolic reflector and Cassegrain antennas |
| Lecture 20 | Numerical examples |
| Lecture 21 | Impedance matching, resonance and Broadband antennas, Log-periodic antennas |
| Lecture 22 | Yagi-Uda antennas, frequency independent antennas |
| Lecture 23 | Broadcast antennas, numerical examples |
| Lecture 24 | Basic characteristics of micro strip antennas, feeding methods |
| Lecture 25 | Methods of analysis |
| Lecture 26 | The rectangular microstrip antenna, its modes and radiation behavior |
| Lecture 27 | The circular microstrip antenna, its modes and radiation behavior |
| Lecture 28 | Designing rectangular and circular patch antennas |
| Lecture 29 | Numerical examples |
| Lecture 30 | Arrays, their basic properties and their applications |
| Lecture 31 | Analysis of uniformly spaced arrays with uniform excitation |
| Lecture 32 | Analysis of uniformly spaced arrays with non-uniform excitation amplitudes |
| Lecture 33 | The Binomial array, The Tchebysheff array, Taylor array |
| Lecture 34 | The planar arrays, rectangular arrays |
| Lecture 35 | Circular array, Cheng-Sheng array, Numerical examples |
| Lecture 36 | Synthesis of arrays, Schelkounff Polynomial method |
| Lecture 37 | WoodyardLawsons method |
| Lecture 38 | Antennas- Concept and benefits of smart antennas, fixed weight beam forming basics |
| Lecture 39 | Adaptive beam forming |
| Lecture 40 | Different modes of Radio Wave propagation used in current practice. |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Animation

Assignments:

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| <p>Assignment 1</p> | <p>Q1. The radial component of the radiated power density of an infinitesimal linear dipole of length $\ell \ll \lambda$ is given by</p> $\mathbf{W}_{av} = \hat{a}_r W_r = \hat{a}_r A_0 \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{r^2}$ <p>where A_0 is the peak value of the power density, θ is the usual spherical coordinate, and \hat{a}_r is the radial unit vector. Determine the maximum directivity of the antenna and express the directivity as a function of the directional angles θ and ϕ.</p> |
| | <p>Q2. A resonant half-wavelength dipole is made out of copper ($\sigma = 5.7 \times 10^7 \text{ S/m}$) wire. Determine the conduction-dielectric (radiation) efficiency of the dipole antenna at $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ if the radius of the wire b is $3 \times 10^{-4} \lambda$, and the radiation resistance of the $\lambda/2$ dipole is 73 ohms.</p> |
| | <p>Q3. Find the radiation resistance of a single-turn and an eight-turn small circular loop. The radius of the loop is $\lambda/25$ and the medium is free-space.</p> |
| <p>Assignment 2</p> | <p>Q1. Write short notes on YagiUda antennas, and log periodic antennas.</p> |
| | <p>Q2. Design a rectangular microstrip antenna using a substrate (RT/Duroid 5880) with dielectric constant of 2.2, $h = 0.1588 \text{ cm}$ (0.0625 inches) so as to resonate at 10 GHz</p> |
| | <p>Q3. What are the needs of smart antennas? What are the difficulties with smart array systems? What are the differences between adaptive and switched beam forming techniques?</p> |

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 6ECU4 | DCC | Information Theory and coding | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|-------|-----|-------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

Basics of information theory- entropy for discrete ensembles; Shannon's noiseless coding theorem; Encoding of discrete sources.

Markov sources- Shannon's noisy coding theorem and converse for discrete channels; Calculation of channel capacity and bounds for discrete channels; Application to continuous channels.

Techniques of coding and decoding; Huffman codes and uniquely detectable codes; Cyclic codes, convolutional arithmetic codes.

Text/Reference Books:

- | |
|--|
| 1. N. Abramson, Information and Coding, McGraw Hill, 1963. |
| 2. Ranjan Bose, Information Theory Coding & Cryptography, McGraw Hill |
| 3. M. Mansurpur, Introduction to Information Theory, McGraw Hill, 1987. |
| 4. R.B. Ash, Information Theory, Prentice Hall, 1970. |
| 5. Shu Lin and D.J. Costello Jr., Error Control Coding, Prentice Hall, 1983. |

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|----------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 6ECU5.1 | DEC | Introduction to MEMS | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|---------|-----|----------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|---|
| Introduction and Historical Background. |
| Scaling Effects. Micro/Nano Sensors, Actuators and Systems overview: Case studies. |
| Review of Basic MEMS fabrication modules: Oxidation, Deposition Techniques, Lithography (LIGA), and Etching. Micromachining: Surface Micromachining, sacrificial layer processes, Stiction; Bulk Micromachining, Isotropic Etching and Anisotropic Etching, Wafer Bonding. |
| Mechanics of solids in MEMS/NEMS: Stresses, Strain, Hookes's law, Poisson effect, Linear Thermal Expansion, Bending; Energy methods, Overview of Finite Element Method, Modeling of Coupled Electromechanical Systems. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | G. K. Ananthasuresh, K. J. Vinoy, S. Gopalkrishnan K. N. Bhat, V. K. Aatre, Micro and Smart Systems, Wiley India, 2012. |
| 2. | Tai-Ran Hsu, MEMS and Microsystems: Design and Manufacture, McGraw Hill |
| 3. | S. E. Lyshevski, Nano-and Micro-Electromechanical systems: Fundamentals of Nano-and Microengineering (Vol. 8). CRC press, (2005). |
| 4. | S. D. Senturia, Microsystem Design, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2001. |
| 5. | M. Madou, Fundamentals of Microfabrication, CRC Press, 1997. |
| 6. | G. Kovacs, Micromachined Transducers Sourcebook, McGraw-Hill, Boston, 1998. |
| 7. | M.H. Bao, Micromechanical Transducers: Pressure sensors, accelerometers, and Gyroscopes, Elsevier, New York, 2000. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|----------------------|----------------|--|
| 6ECU5.1 | Introduction to MEMS | CO 1 | Understanding of historical background of MEMS devices. |
| | | CO 2 | Appreciate the underlying working principles of MEMS and NEMS devices. |

| | | | |
|--|--|-------------|---|
| | | CO 3 | Design and model MEM devices. |
| | | CO 4 | Understanding of core electronics fabrication techniques. |
| | | CO 5 | Understanding of underlying mathematics of MEMS devices. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 6ECU5.1 Introduction to MEMS | CO 1 | 3 | 3 | | | 2 | | | | | |
| CO 2 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 3 | 2 | | | 1 | 3 | 1 | | 3 | | | | | |
| CO 4 | 2 | | 2 | | | 2 | | 1 | | | | | |
| CO 5 | 1 | | | | 2 | 3 | | | | | | | 2 |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|---|
| Lecture 1 | Zero lecture |
| Lecture 2 | Introduction and Historical Background. |
| Lecture 3 | Introduction and Historical Background. |
| Lecture 4 | Introduction and Historical Background. |
| Lecture 5 | Scaling Effects. Micro/Nano Sensors, Actuators and Systems overview |
| Lecture 6 | Scaling Effects. Micro/Nano Sensors, Actuators and Systems overview |
| Lecture 7 | Scaling Effects. Micro/Nano Sensors, Actuators and Systems overview |
| Lecture 8 | Scaling Effects. Micro/Nano Sensors, Actuators and Systems overview |
| Lecture 9 | Oxidation, Deposition Techniques |
| Lecture 10 | Oxidation, Deposition Techniques |
| Lecture 11 | Lithography |
| Lecture 12 | Lithography |
| Lecture 13 | Etching |
| Lecture 14 | Micromachining: Surface Micromachining |

Anil K. Mathus

| | |
|------------|--|
| Lecture 15 | Micromachining: Surface Micromachining |
| Lecture 16 | Sacrificial layer processes |
| Lecture 17 | Stiction; Bulk Micromachining |
| Lecture 18 | Stiction; Bulk Micromachining |
| Lecture 19 | Isotropic Etching |
| Lecture 20 | Anisotropic Etching |
| Lecture 21 | Wafer Bonding |
| Lecture 22 | Wafer Bonding |
| Lecture 23 | Wafer Bonding |
| Lecture 24 | Mechanics of solids in MEMS/NEMS: Stresses, Strain, Hookes's law |
| Lecture 25 | Mechanics of solids in MEMS/NEMS: Stresses, Strain, Hookes's law |
| Lecture 26 | Mechanics of solids in MEMS/NEMS: Stresses, Strain, Hookes's law |
| Lecture 27 | Poisson effect |
| Lecture 28 | Linear Thermal Expansion |
| Lecture 29 | Bending; Energy methods |
| Lecture 30 | Bending; Energy methods |
| Lecture 31 | Overview of Finite Element Method |
| Lecture 32 | Overview of Finite Element Method |
| Lecture 33 | Overview of Finite Element Method |
| Lecture 34 | Modeling of Coupled Electromechanical Systems |
| Lecture 35 | Modeling of Coupled Electromechanical Systems |
| Lecture 36 | Modeling of Coupled Electromechanical Systems |
| Lecture 37 | Modeling of Coupled Electromechanical Systems |
| Lecture 38 | Spill over classes |
| Lecture 39 | Spill over classes |
| Lecture 40 | Spill over classes |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Hand-outs

Sample assignments:

| | | |
|---------------------|------------|--|
| Assignment 1 | Q1. | Discuss three types of fabrication techniques. |
| | Q2. | Discuss Bulk micromachining in detail. |
| | Q3. | Discuss two types of deposition techniques |
| Assignment 2 | Q1. | Discuss fundamentals of microengineering. |
| | Q2. | Discuss different types of transducers used in microfabrication. |
| | Q3. | Discuss actuators and sensor used in MEMS industry. |

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|------------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 6ECU5.2 | DEC | Nano Electronics | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|---------|-----|------------------|--------|----------|-------------|

Introduction to nanotechnology, meso structures, Basics of Quantum Mechanics: Schrodinger equation, Density of States. Particle in a box Concepts, Degeneracy. Band Theory of Solids. Kronig-Penny Model. Brillouin Zones.

Shrink-down approaches: Introduction, CMOS Scaling, The nanoscale MOSFET, Finfets, Vertical MOSFETs, limits to scaling, system integration limits (interconnect issues etc.), Resonant Tunneling Diode, Coulomb dots, Quantum blockade, Single electron transistors, Carbon nanotube electronics, Band structure and transport, devices, applications, 2D semiconductors and electronic devices, Graphene, atomistic simulation.

Text/ Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | G.W. Hanson, Fundamentals of Nanoelectronics, Pearson, 2009. |
| 2. | K.E. Drexler, Nanosystems, Wiley, 1992. |
| 3. | W. Ranier, Nanoelectronics and Information Technology (Advanced Electronic Materialand Novel Devices), Wiley-VCH, 2003. |
| 4. | J.H. Davies, The Physics of Low-Dimensional Semiconductors, Cambridge University Press, 1998. |
| 5. | C.P. Poole, F. J. Owens, Introduction to Nanotechnology, Wiley, 2003. |
| 6. | T.Pradeep,Nano:TheEssentials,McGraw Hill |

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|-------------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 6ECU6.1 | DEC | Power Electronics | MM:150 | 2L:0T:0P | 2 credit |
|---------|-----|-------------------|--------|----------|-------------|

SEMICONDUCTOR POWER DEVICES: Introduction. Basic characteristics & working of Power Diodes, Diac, Triac, MOSFETs, IGBT, GTO, Power Transistor and SCR- Principle of operation, V-I Characteristics, Turn-On mechanism and its applications

CONVERTERS: Basic concept, Working Principles of Single phase half Wave bridge converter, Single Phase Full Bridge Converter, 3 Phase Bridge Converter.

INVERTERS: Voltage Source Inverter, Current Source Inverter, PWM Control of Voltage Source Converter and applications.

INDUSTRIAL POWER SUPPLIES: Principle of operation of choppers. Step up, Step down and reversible choppers. Chopper control techniques, High frequency electronic ballast, Switch Mode Power Supply: Fly back converter, forward/buck converter, Boost converter and buck-boost converter. Uninterruptible Power Supply.

MOTOR CONTROL: Introduction to speed control of DC motors using phase controlled converters and choppers, Basic idea of speed control of three phase induction motors using voltage and frequency control methods.

STEPPER MOTORS: Principle of operation, Types of stepper motor: Variable reluctance, Permanent magnet and hybrid stepper motors. Brushless DC motor and its control. Induction and dielectric heating control.

Text/Reference Books:

| |
|--|
| 1. Power Electronics Principles & Applications, Joseph Vithayathil, TMH, (2010). |
| 2. Power Eletronics, M.D.Singh, TMH, (2012). |
| 3. Industrial Electronics And Control, Ttti, TMH (2001) |
| 4. Power Electronics: Converters Applications., Mohan, Robbins, Wiley (1995) |
| 5. Power Electronics, Moorthi, Oxford (2005) |
| 6. Elements Of Power Electronics, Krein, Oxford (1998) |
| 7. Power Electronics, R.S.Murthy, Pearson (2012) |
| 8. Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices And Applications (2004) |

9. Industrial Electronics: Thomas E. Kissell, PHI (2004).

10. Power Electronics: Sivanagaraju, Reddy Prasad PHI (2010)

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 6ECU6.2 | DEC | High Speed Electronics | MM:150 | 2L:0T:0P | 2 credit |
|---------|-----|------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|--|
| <p>Transmission line theory (basics)- crosstalk and non ideal effects; signal integrity: impact of packages, vias, traces, connectors; non-ideal return current paths, high frequency power delivery, methodologies for design of high speed buses; radiated emissions and minimizing system noise; Noise Analysis: Sources, Noise Figure, Gain compression, Harmonic distortion, Inter modulation, Cross-modulation, Dynamic range</p> |
| <p>Devices: Passive and active, Lumped passive devices (models), Active (models, low vs High frequency)</p> |
| <p>RF Amplifier Design, Stability, Low Noise Amplifiers, Broadband Amplifiers (and Distributed) Power Amplifiers, Class A, B, AB and C, D E Integrated circuit realizations, Cross-over distortion Efficiency RF power output stages</p> |
| <p>Mixers –Up conversion Down conversion, Conversion gain and spurious response. Oscillators Principles. PLL Transceiver architectures</p> |
| <p>Printed Circuit Board Anatomy, CAD tools for PCB design, Standard fabrication, Micro via Boards. Board Assembly: Surface Mount Technology, Through Hole Technology, Process Control and Design challenges.</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | Stephen H. Hall, Garrett W. Hall, James A. McCall "High-Speed Digital System Design: A Handbook of Interconnect Theory and Design Practices", August 2000, Wiley-IEEE Press |
| 2. | Thomas H. Lee, "The Design of CMOS Radio-Frequency Integrated Circuits", Cambridge University Press, 2004, ISBN 0521835399. |
| 3. | Behzad Razavi, "RF Microelectronics", Prentice-Hall 1998, ISBN 0-13-887571-5. |
| 4. | Guillermo Gonzalez, "Microwave Transistor Amplifiers", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall. |
| 5. | Kai Chang, "RF and Microwave Wireless systems", Wiley. |
| 6. | R.G. Kaduskar and V.B. Baru, Electronic Product design, Wiley India, 2011 |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|------------------------|----------------|---|
| 6ECU6.2 | High Speed Electronics | CO 1 | Develop the understanding of transmission line and its application in high speed electronics. |

| | | | |
|--|--|-------------|--|
| | | CO 2 | Designing of the RF and power amplifier for high speed electronics with low noise and stability. |
| | | CO 3 | Understand the properties and fundamental limitation with the signal conversion of high speed electronic system. |
| | | CO 4 | Design and implement printed circuit board using CAD simulation. |
| | | CO 5 | Design High-speed electronic system using appropriate components. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 6ECU6.2 High Speed Electronics | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | 1 |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | 1 |
| | CO 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | 2 |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|--|
| Lecture 1 | Zero Lecture |
| Lecture 2 | Introduction of Transmission line. |
| Lecture 3 | Crosstalk in transmission line. |
| Lecture 4 | Nonideal effects in transmission line. |
| Lecture 5 | Analysis of signal integrity. |
| Lecture 6 | Impact of packages and vias. |
| Lecture 7 | Effect of traces and connectors. |
| Lecture 8 | Non-ideal return current paths |

| | |
|------------|--|
| Lecture 9 | High frequency power delivery |
| Lecture 10 | Methodologies for design of high speed buses |
| Lecture 11 | Analysis of radiated emissions |
| Lecture 12 | Minimizing system noise |
| Lecture 13 | Noise Analysis |
| Lecture 14 | Inter modulation |
| Lecture 15 | Cross Modulation |
| Lecture 16 | Passive and active devices |
| Lecture 17 | Lumped passive and active device models |
| Lecture 18 | RF Amplifier Design |
| Lecture 19 | Stability of RF amplifier design |
| Lecture 20 | Low Noise Amplifiers |
| Lecture 21 | Broadband Amplifiers |
| Lecture 22 | Power Amplifiers |
| Lecture 23 | Class A, B power amplifier |
| Lecture 24 | Class AB and C power amplifier |
| Lecture 25 | D E Integrated circuit realizations |
| Lecture 26 | Cross-over distortion Efficiency |
| Lecture 27 | Up conversion mixer |
| Lecture 28 | Down Conversion Mixer |
| Lecture 29 | Conversion gain and spurious response |
| Lecture 30 | Oscillators Principles |
| Lecture 31 | PLL Transceiver architectures |
| Lecture 32 | Introduction to Printed Circuit Board |
| Lecture 33 | CAD tools for PCB design |
| Lecture 34 | Standard fabrication, micro-via boards. |
| Lecture 35 | Surface Mount Technology |
| Lecture 36 | Through Hole Technology |
| Lecture 37 | Process Control and Design challenges |
| Lecture 38 | Spill-Over Class |
| Lecture 39 | Spill-Over Class |
| Lecture 40 | Spill-Over Class |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Hand-outs

Sample Assignments:

| |
|---|
| Assignment 1 |
| Q1. The characteristic impedance of a 20 metre length of |

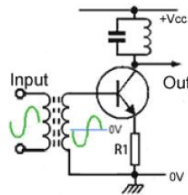
transmission line is 52 ohm. If 10 meters is cut off, find the impedance.

Q2. Calculate the attenuation due to ohmic losses at 20 GHz for a microstrip line constructed of copper conductor having a width of 2.5 mm on an alumina substrate. Take the characteristic impedance of the line as 50 Ω .

Q3. A 70- Ω lossless line has $s = 1.6$ and $\theta_r = 300^\circ$. If the line is 0.6 λ long, obtain (a) T, ZL, Zin (b) The distance of the first minimum voltage from the load.

Assignment 2

Q1. For the class B power amplifier shown in figure, find the voltage swing of the output signal.



Q2. Which problem may occur as a result of pulse width modulation in audio amplifier and how to overcome it?

Q3. Which component is necessary to drive the loudspeaker in a class D amplifier?

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|----------------------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 6ECU11 | DCC | Computer Network Lab | MM:75 | OL:0T:3P | 2 credit |
|--------|-----|----------------------|-------|----------|-------------|

List of Experiments

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | PRELIMINARIES: Study and use of common TCP/IP protocols and term viz. telnet rlogin ftp, ping, finger, Socket, Port etc. |
| 2. | DATA STRUCTURES USED IN NETWORK PROGRAMMING: Representation of unidirectional, Directional weighted and unweighted graphs. |
| 3. | ALGORITHMS IN NETWORKS: computation of shortest path for one source-one destination and one source -all destination |
| 4. | SIMULATION OF NETWORK PROTOCOLS: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Simulation of M/M/1 and M/M/1/N queues. ii. Simulation of pure and slotted ALOHA. iii. Simulation of link state routing algorithm. |
| 5. | Case study : on LAN Training kit <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Observe the behavior & measure the throughput of reliable data transfer protocols under various Bit error rates for following DLL layer protocols- <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Stop & Wait b. Sliding Window : Go-Back-N and Selective Repeat ii. Observe the behavior & measure the throughput under various network load conditions for following MAC layer Protocols <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Aloha b. CSMA, CSMA/CD & CSMA/CA c. Token Bus & Token Ring |
| 6. | Software and hardware realization of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Encoding schemes: Manchester, NRZ. ii. Error control schemes: CRC, Hamming code. |

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|----------------------------------|-------|----------|----------|
| 6ECU12 | DCC | Antenna and wave propagation Lab | MM:75 | OL:0T:3P | 2 credit |
|--------|-----|----------------------------------|-------|----------|----------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment |
|---------|---|
| 1. | Study the gain pattern, HPBW, FNBW and Directivity of a dipole antenna. |
| 2. | Measurement of Radiation Pattern, Gain, HPBW of a folded dipole antenna. |
| 3. | Measurement of Radiation Pattern, Gain, HPBW of a loop antenna |
| 4. | Measurement of Radiation Pattern, Gain, VSWR, input impedance and reflection coefficient for given Monopole antenna |
| 5. | Measurement of Radiation Pattern, Gain, VSWR, input impedance and reflection coefficient for given Yagi antennas |
| 6. | Study of the Radiation Pattern, Gain, HPBW of a horn antenna |
| 7. | Study of the Radiation Pattern, Gain, HPBW of a reflector antennas |
| 8. | Study the radiation pattern, gain, VSWR, and input impedance of a rectangular micro-strip patch antenna |
| 9. | Study the effect of inset feed on the input impedance of a rectangular patch antenna |
| 10. | Study the effect of ground plane on the radiation pattern of an antenna |
| 11. | Study antenna designing in CST Microwave Studio |
| 12. | Design a rectangular microstrip patch antenna using CST MWS |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---|
| 6ECU12 | Antenna and wave propagation Lab | CO 1 | Develop the understanding of basic antenna characteristics, classification parameters, antenna array fundamentals and the antenna design/ synthesis method. |
| | | CO 2 | Identify, analyze different principles and performance parameters of various types of antennas in practice |
| | | CO 3 | Analyze and design the antenna system for optimum minimization of the interference from ground. |
| | | CO 4 | Understand the antenna designing in CST Microwave Studio. |
| | | CO 5 | Development and implementation of different real time antenna system applications for the growth of society. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 6ECU12 Antenna and wave propagation Lab | CO 1 | 3 | | | | 3 | 2 | | | | | | 3 |
| | CO 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 2 | | | | 3 | 2 | | | | | | 3 |
| | CO 5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | 2 | | | 3 |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|------------------------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 6ECU13 | DCC | Electronics Design Lab | MM:75 | OL:OT:2P | 1 credit |
|--------|-----|------------------------|-------|----------|-------------|

To design the following circuits, assemble these on bread board and test them.

Simulation of these circuits with the help of appropriate software.

| | |
|-----|---|
| 1. | Op-Amp characteristics and get data for input bias current measure the output-offset voltage and reduce it to zero and calculate slew rate. |
| 2. | Op-Amp in inverting and non-inverting modes. |
| 3. | Op-Amp as scalar, summer and voltage follower. |
| 4. | Op-Amp as differentiator and integrator. |
| 5. | Design LPF and HPF using Op-Amp 741 |
| 6. | Design Band Pass and Band reject Active filters using Op-Amp 741. |
| 7. | Design Oscillators using Op-Amp (i) RC phase shift (ii) Hartley (iii) Colpitts |
| 8. | Design (i) Astable (ii) Monostablemultivibrators using IC-555 timer |
| 9. | Design Triangular & square wave generator using 555 timer. |
| 10. | Design Amplifier (for given gain) using Bipolar Junction Transistor. |
| 11. | Op-Amp characteristics and get data for input bias current measure the output-offsetvoltage and reduce it to zero and calculate slew rate. |
| 12. | Op-Amp in inverting and non-inverting modes. |
| 13. | Op-Amp as scalar, summer and voltage follower. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|------------------------|----------------|--|
| 6ECU13 | Electronics Design Lab | CO 1 | Designing of different forms of Electronic circuits. |
| | | CO 2 | Understanding the working of Op-amp and amplifier circuits |
| | | CO 3 | Design and understanding of different oscillators. |
| | | CO 4 | Understanding of different filters and multi-vibrators. |
| | | CO 5 | Designing of different Op-amp based circuits. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 6ECU13 Electronics Design Lab | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

| | | | | | |
|--------|---------|-----------------------|-------|----------|----------|
| 6ECU14 | DCC/IEC | Power Electronics Lab | MM:75 | OL:0T:2P | 1 credit |
|--------|---------|-----------------------|-------|----------|----------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment |
|---------|---|
| 1. | Study the characteristics of SCR and observe the terminal configuration, measure the breakdown voltage, latching and holding current. Plot V-I characteristics. |
| 2. | Perform experiment on triggering circuits for SCR. i.e. R triggering, R-C triggering and UJT triggering circuit. |
| 3. | Study and test AC voltage regulators using triac, antiparallel thyristor sand triac & diac |
| 4. | Study and obtain the waveforms for single-phase bridge converter. |
| 5. | Perform experiment on single phase PWM inverter. |
| 6. | Perform experiment on buck, boost and buck-boost regulators. |
| 7. | Control speed of a dc motor using a chopper and plot armature voltage versus speed characteristic. |
| 8. | Control speed of a single-phase induction motor using single phase AC voltage regulator. |
| 9. | (i) Study single-phase dual converter (ii) Study speed control of dc motor using single-phase dual converter |
| 10. | Study single-phase cyclo converter. |
| 11. | Perform experiment on Motor control – open loop & closed loop. |
| 12. | Design, observe and perform experiment on various type of pulse generation from DSP/ FPGA platform. Perform experiment for PWM inverters and choppers. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------------|---|
| 6ECU14 | Power Electronics Lab | CO 1 | Explain characteristics of SCR and use various triggering circuits for it. |
| | | CO 2 | Describe single phase half bridge and full bridge rectifier with R and RL load. |
| | | CO 3 | Design and perform various pulse generations from DSP on PWM inverter and chopper. |
| | | CO 4 | Compare various configurations of DC regulators. |
| | | CO 5 | Explain speed control of dc motor using a chopper and single phase induction motor using AC voltage regulators. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 6ECU14 Power Electronics Lab | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|--------|--|------|-------|----------|----------|
| 6ECU20 | | DECA | MM:50 | OL:OT:OP | 1 credit |
|--------|--|------|-------|----------|----------|

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 7ECU1 | DCC | CMOS Design | MM:150 | 3L:1T:0P | 4 credit |
|-------|-----|-------------|--------|----------|-------------|

Review of MOS transistor models, Non-ideal behavior of the MOS Transistor, Transistor as a switch, Inverter characteristics, Integrated **Circuit Layout**: Design Rules, Parasitic, Delay: RC Delay model, linear delay model, logical path efforts, Power, interconnect and Robustness in CMOS circuit layout,
Combinational Circuit Design: CMOS logic families including static, dynamic and dual rail logic. Sequential Circuit Design: Static circuits. Design of latches and Flip-flops.

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|--|
| 1. | N.H.E. Weste and D.M. Harris, CMOS VLSI design: A Circuits and Systems Perspective, 4th Edition, Pearson Education India, 2011.. |
| 2. | Sung-Mo-Kang and Yusuf Leblebici, CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits Analysis & Design, McGraw Hill |
| 3. | C.Mead and L. Conway, Introduction to VLSI Systems, Addison Wesley, 1979. |
| 4. | J. Rabaey, Digital Integrated Circuits: A Design Perspective, Prentice Hall India, 1997. |
| 5. | P. Douglas, VHDL: programming by example, McGraw Hill, 2013. |
| 6. | L. Glaser and D. Dobberpuhl, The Design and Analysis of VLSI Circuits, Addison Wesley, 1985. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-------------|----------------|---|
| 7ECU1 | CMOS Design | CO 1 | The basic operation of MOS transistors, impact of scaling and parasitic. |
| | | CO 2 | Analysis of Inverter characteristics with required noise margin, propagation delay, power consumption of CMOS |
| | | CO 3 | Designing of the layout of complex logic gates by following the design rules. |
| | | CO 4 | Understand and calculate the logical effort of |

| | | | |
|--|--|-------------|---|
| | | | any digital circuit. |
| | | CO 5 | Design and implement combinational CMOS circuit design including static, dynamic and dual rail logic. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|-------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 7ECU1 CMOS Design | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| | CO 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly 2: Moderate 1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|---|
| Lecture 1 | Zero Lecture |
| Lecture 2 | Review of MOSFET |
| Lecture 3 | MOS Transistor Models, MOS Device Design Equation |
| Lecture 4 | Non-ideal behavior of the MOS Transistor |
| Lecture 5 | Long Channel I-V Characteristics, Non ideal I-V effects |
| Lecture 6 | DC transfer characteristics |
| Lecture 7 | CMOS technology |
| Lecture 8 | Layout design rules |
| Lecture 9 | CMOS process enhancement |
| Lecture 10 | Manufacturing issues |
| Lecture 11 | Process parameterization |
| Lecture 12 | Introduction to delay and timing optimization |
| Lecture 13 | Transient response |
| Lecture 14 | RC delay model |
| Lecture 15 | RC delay model |
| Lecture 16 | Linear delay model |

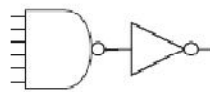
| | |
|------------|---|
| Lecture 17 | Linear delay model |
| Lecture 18 | Calculation of delay in logic gates |
| Lecture 19 | Logical efforts of paths |
| Lecture 20 | Iterative solution for sizing |
| Lecture 21 | Timing analysis delay model |
| Lecture 22 | Introduction to sources of power dissipation |
| Lecture 23 | Dynamic Power Consumption |
| Lecture 24 | Static Power consumption |
| Lecture 25 | Energy Delay Optimization |
| Lecture 26 | Low power architectures |
| Lecture 27 | Introduction to wire geometry |
| Lecture 28 | Interconnect modeling |
| Lecture 29 | Interconnect impact |
| Lecture 30 | Interconnect engineering, logical efforts with wire |
| Lecture 31 | Robustness with circuit variability and scaling |
| Lecture 32 | Combinational circuit design with different circuit families |
| Lecture 33 | Combinational circuit design with different circuit families |
| Lecture 34 | Circuits Pitfalls |
| Lecture 35 | Silicon on insulator circuit design, sub-threshold circuit design |
| Lecture 36 | Designing of sequential static circuits |
| Lecture 37 | Designing of sequential static circuits |
| Lecture 38 | Circuit design of latch |
| Lecture 39 | Circuit design of Flip Flop |
| Lecture 40 | SDFP, dual edge triggered, Differential, TSPC Flip Flop |

Content delivery method:

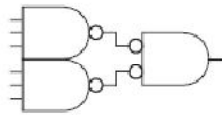
1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Hand-outs

Sample Assignments:

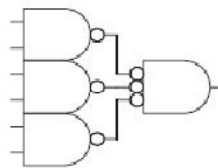
| |
|--|
| Assignment 1 |
| <p>Q1. Consider four designs of 6-inputs AND gate shown in figure. Develop an expression for the delay of each path if the path electrical effort is H. What design is fastest for</p> <p>A) H = 1 B) H = 5 C) H = 20</p> <p>Explain your conclusion intuitively.</p> |



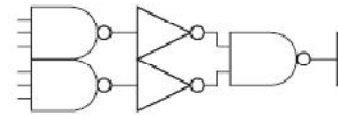
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)

Q2. Suppose a unit inverter with three units of input capacitance has unit drive.

- What is the drive of a 4x inverter?
- What is the drive of a 2-input NAND gate with three units of input capacitance?

Q3. Find the worst-case Elmore parasitic delay of an n -input NOR gate.

Assignment 2

Q4. Design a static CMOS circuit to compute $F = (A + B)(C + D)$ with least delay. Each input can Present a maximum of 30λ of transistor width. The output must drive a load equivalent to 500λ of Transistor width. Choose transistor sizes to achieve least delay and estimate this delay in τ .

Q5. Sketch a pseudo-NMOS gate that implements the function

$$F = A(B + C + D) + E \cdot F \cdot G$$

Q6. Sketch a 3-input symmetric NOR gate. Size the inverters so that the pull down is four times as strong as the net worst-case pull up. Label the transistor widths. Estimate the rising, falling and average logical efforts. How do they compare to a static CMOS 3-input NOR gate?

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|----------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 7ECU2 | DCC | Digital Image & Video Processing | MM:150 | 3L:1T:0P | 4 credit |
|-------|-----|----------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|---|
| <p>Digital Image Fundamentals-Elements of visual perception, image sensing and acquisition, image sampling and quantization, basic relationships between pixels – neighborhood, adjacency, connectivity, distance measures.</p> |
| <p>Image Enhancements and Filtering-Gray level transformations, histogram equalization and specifications, pixel-domain smoothing filters – linear and order-statistics, pixel-domain sharpening filters – first and second derivative, two-dimensional DFT and its inverse, frequency domain filters – low-pass and high-pass.</p> |
| <p>Color Image Processing-Color models–RGB, YUV, HSI; Color transformations-formulation, color complements, color slicing, tone and color corrections; Color image smoothing and sharpening; Color Segmentation.</p> |
| <p>Image Segmentation- Detection of discontinuities, edge linking and boundary detection, Thresholding – global and adaptive, region-based segmentation.</p> |
| <p>Wavelets and Multi-resolution image processing- Uncertainty principles of Fourier Transform, Time-frequency localization, continuous wavelet transforms, wavelet bases and multi-resolution analysis, wavelets and Sub-band filter banks, wavelet packets.</p> |
| <p>Image Compression-Redundancy–inter-pixel and psycho-visual; Lossless compression – predictive, entropy; Lossy compression- predictive and transform coding; Discrete Cosine Transform; Still image compression standards – JPEG and JPEG-2000.</p> |
| <p>Fundamentals of Video Coding- Inter-frame redundancy, motion estimation techniques – full search, fast search strategies, forward and backward motion prediction, frame classification – I, P and B; Video sequence hierarchy – Group of pictures, frames, slices, macro-blocks and blocks; Elements of a video encoder and decoder; Video coding standards – MPEG and H.26X.</p> |
| <p>Video Segmentation- Temporal segmentation–shot boundary detection, hard-cuts and soft-cuts; spatial segmentation – motion-based; Video object detection and tracking.</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|--|
| 1. | R.C. Gonzalez and R.E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, Second Edition, Pearson Education 3rd edition 2008 |
|----|--|

| | |
|----|---|
| 2 | R.C. Gonzalez, R.E. Woods and S.L.Eddins,Digital Image Processing using Matlab, McGraw Hill,2 nd Edition |
| 3. | Anil Kumar Jain, Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, Prentice Hall of India.2 nd edition 2004 |
| 4. | Murat Tekalp , Digital Video Processing" Prentice Hall, 2nd edition 2015 |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---|
| 7ECU2 | Digital Image & Video Processing | CO 1 | Able to represent the images mathematically and analyse them. |
| | | CO 2 | Understand the Fundamental technologies for digital image compression, analysis, and processing. |
| | | CO 3 | Able to enhance required properties of images as per application. |
| | | CO 4 | Develop algorithms for image compression and coding. |
| | | CO 5 | Acquire an appreciation for the image processing techniques and their application to real world problems. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------|-----------------|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 7ECU2 Digital Image & Video Processing | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | | 2 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | | 2 | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture | Content to be taught |
|---------|----------------------|
|---------|----------------------|

| No. | |
|------------|--|
| Lecture 1 | Zero Lecture |
| Lecture 2 | Elements of visual perception, image sensing and acquisition |
| Lecture 3 | Image sensing and acquisition, image sampling and quantization |
| Lecture 4 | Basic relationships between pixels – neighbourhood, adjacency, connectivity, distance measures. |
| Lecture 5 | Gray level transformations, histogram equalization and specifications |
| Lecture 6 | Pixel-domain smoothing filters – linear and order-statistics |
| Lecture 7 | Pixel-domain sharpening filters – first and second derivative, |
| Lecture 8 | Two-dimensional DFT and its inverse |
| Lecture 9 | Frequency domain filters – low-pass and high-pass. |
| Lecture 10 | Color models–RGB, YUV, HSI; |
| Lecture 11 | Color transformations– formulation, color complements |
| Lecture 12 | Color slicing, tone and color corrections |
| Lecture 13 | Color image smoothing and sharpening; Color Segmentation |
| Lecture 14 | Image Segmentation- Detection of discontinuities, |
| Lecture 15 | Edge linking and boundary detection |
| Lecture 16 | Thresholding – global and adaptive, region-based segmentation. |
| Lecture 17 | Thresholding – global and adaptive, region-based segmentation. |
| Lecture 18 | Wavelets and Multi-resolution image processing- Uncertainty principles of Fourier Transform, Time-frequency localization |
| Lecture 19 | Continuous wavelet transforms |
| Lecture 20 | Wavelet bases and multi-resolution analysis |
| Lecture 21 | Wavelets and Sub band filter banks, wavelet packets. |
| Lecture 22 | Image Compression-Redundancy–inter-pixel and psycho-visual |
| Lecture 23 | Lossless compression – predictive, entropy |
| Lecture 24 | Lossy compression- predictive and transform coding |
| Lecture 25 | Discrete Cosine Transform |
| Lecture 26 | Still image compression standards – JPEG and JPEG-2000 |
| Lecture 27 | Still image compression standards – JPEG and JPEG-2000 |
| Lecture 28 | Fundamentals of Video Coding- Inter-frame redundancy |
| Lecture 29 | Motion estimation techniques – full search, fast search strategies |
| Lecture 30 | Forward and backward motion prediction |
| Lecture 31 | Frame classification – I, P and B |
| Lecture 32 | Video sequence hierarchy – Group of pictures, frames, slices, macro-blocks and blocks |
| Lecture 33 | Elements of a video encoder and decoder |
| Lecture 34 | Video coding standards – MPEG and H.26X. |
| Lecture 35 | Video Segmentation |
| Lecture 36 | Temporal segmentation–shot boundary detection, hard-cutsand soft-cuts |
| Lecture 37 | Temporal segmentation–shot boundary detection, hard-cutsand soft-cuts |

| | |
|------------|--------------------------------------|
| Lecture 38 | Spatial segmentation – motion-based; |
| Lecture 39 | Video object detection and tracking. |
| Lecture 40 | Video object detection and tracking. |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Animation

Assignments:

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Assignment 1 | Q1. Write a function flip-image which takes an image and reflects it in both the horizontal and vertical dimensions. |
| | Q2. Implement code for histogram equalization submit your code and the output images? |
| | Q3. Implement code to add and remove the salt-and-pepper noise submit your code and the output image? |
| Assignment 2 | Q1. Write a function color-image-crop which acts like image-crop but works for color-images |
| | Q2. Write a function Gaussian-low pass which takes an integer n and a float variance as arguments and returns the frequency domain representation of a Gaussian low pass filter of size n×n. Your filter should be a Gaussian of variance centered on the zero spatial frequency? |
| | Q3. Implement wiener filter apply it to different test images and display the images before and after Wiener filtering. |

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|----------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 7ECU3 | DCC | Mobile Communication and Network | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|-------|-----|----------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|--|
| <p>Cellular concepts- Cell structure, frequency reuse, cell splitting, channel assignment, handoff, interference, capacity, power control; Wireless Standards: Overview of 2G and 3G cellular standards.</p> |
| <p>Signal propagation-Propagation mechanism- reflection, refraction, diffraction and scattering, large scale signal propagation and log normal shadowing. Fading channels-Multipath and small scale fading- Doppler shift, statistical multipath channel models, narrowband and wideband fading models, power delay profile, average and rms delay spread, coherence bandwidth and coherence time, flat and frequency selective fading, slow and fast fading, average fade duration and level crossing rate.</p> |
| <p>Capacity of flat and frequency selective channels. Antennas- Antennas for mobile terminal monopole antennas, PIFA, base station antennas and arrays.</p> |
| <p>Multiple access schemes-FDMA, TDMA, CDMA and SDMA. Modulation schemes- BPSK, QPSK and variants, QAM, MSK and GMSK, multicarrier modulation, OFDM.</p> |
| <p>Receiver structure- Diversity receivers- selection and MRC receivers, RAKE receiver, equalization: linear-ZFE and adaptive, DFE. Transmit diversity- Alamouti scheme.</p> |
| <p>MIMO and space time signal processing, spatial multiplexing, diversity/multiplexing tradeoff. Performance measures- Outage, average snr, average symbol/bit error rate. System examples- GSM, EDGE, GPRS, IS-95, CDMA 2000 and WCDMA.</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | WCY Lee, Mobile Cellular Telecommunications Systems, McGraw Hill, 1990. |
| 2. | WCY Lee, Mobile Communications Design Fundamentals, Prentice Hall, 1993 |
| 3. | Raymond Steele, Mobile Radio Communications, IEEE Press, New York, 1992. |
| 4. | AJ Viterbi, CDMA: Principles of Spread Spectrum Communications, Addison Wesley, 1995. |
| 5. | VK Garg&JE Wilkes, Wireless & Personal Communication Systems, Prentice Hall, 1996. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|---|
| 7ECU3 | Mobile Communication and Networks | CO 1 | Understand the working principle and able to model, and design mobile communication systems |
| | | CO 2 | Understand existing mobile networks and future system standards. |
| | | CO 3 | Apply multiple access techniques and diversity reception techniques in mobile arena |
| | | CO 4 | Analyze mobile communication systems for improved performance |
| | | CO 5 | Achieve output performance measures of different mobile systems. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|--|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 7ECU3 Mobile Communication and Networks | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | 2 |
| | CO 2 | 3 | 1 | | 1 | 2 | | 1 | | 1 | | 2 | 2 |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | | 1 | 2 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 |
| | CO 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | | | | | 1 | | 1 |
| | CO 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | | | 1 | | | 2 | 2 |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|--|
| Lecture 1 | Introduction |
| Lecture 2 | Introduction to Cellular concepts |
| Lecture 3 | Cellular concepts |
| Lecture 4 | Cell structure and frequency reuse |
| Lecture 5 | Cell splitting and channel assignment |
| Lecture 6 | Handoff, interference, capacity, power control |

| | |
|------------|---|
| Lecture 7 | Wireless Standards: Overview of 2G and 3G cellular standards |
| Lecture 8 | Signal propagation mechanism- reflection, refraction, diffraction and scattering, |
| Lecture 9 | Signal propagation mechanism- reflection, refraction, diffraction and scattering |
| Lecture 10 | large scale signal propagation and log normal shadowing |
| Lecture 11 | Fading channels-Multipath and small scale fading |
| Lecture 12 | Doppler shift, statistical multipath channel models, |
| Lecture 13 | narrowband and wideband fading models |
| Lecture 14 | power delay profile, average and rms delay spread |
| Lecture 15 | coherence bandwidth and coherence time, flat and frequency selective fading |
| Lecture 16 | slow and fast fading |
| Lecture 17 | average fade duration and level crossing rate |
| Lecture 18 | Capacity of flat and frequency selective channels. |
| Lecture 19 | Capacity of flat and frequency selective channels. |
| Lecture 20 | Antennas for mobile terminal monopole antennas |
| Lecture 21 | PIFA, base station antennas and arrays. |
| Lecture 22 | PIFA, base station antennas and arrays. |
| Lecture 23 | Multiple access schemes-FDMA, TDMA, , |
| Lecture 24 | CDMA and SDMA |
| Lecture 25 | CDMA and SDMA |
| Lecture 26 | Modulation schemes- BPSK |
| Lecture 27 | QPSK and variants |
| Lecture 28 | QAM, MSK and GMSK |
| Lecture 29 | multicarrier modulation and OFDM. |
| Lecture 30 | Receiver structure- Diversity receivers |
| Lecture 31 | MRC receivers, RAKE receiver |
| Lecture 32 | Equalization: linear-ZFE |
| Lecture 33 | Adaptive and DFE |
| Lecture 34 | Transmit diversity-Altamonte scheme |
| Lecture 35 | MIMO and space time signal processing |
| Lecture 36 | spatial multiplexing, diversity/multiplexing tradeoff |
| Lecture 37 | Performance measures- Outage, average SNR |
| Lecture 38 | average symbol/bit error rate |
| Lecture 39 | System examples- GSM, EDGE, GPRS, IS-95 |
| Lecture 40 | CDMA 2000 and WCDMA. |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Hand-outs

Sample assignments:

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Assignment 1 | <p>Q1. Consider a N-cell reuse pattern (hexagonal geometry) with base stations at the centre of each cell with omni-directional antennas. What would be the D/R ratio required if a minimum value of C/I = 18dB must be ensured. Assume path loss exponent $n = 3.1$ and only tier 1 interferers</p> |
| | <p>Q2. Assuming Free space propagation model, If the transmit power is 1000 mW and the received power is 10^{-9} mW, what is the distance between the transmitter and the receiver. The carrier frequency is 1 GHz.</p> |
| | <p>Q3. Consider a cellular signal with carrier frequency $f_c = 900$ MHz. Compute the maximum doppler frequency if the transmitter is moving at 60 kmph.</p> |
| Assignment 2 | <p>Q1. Consider a transmitter antenna. The output power of the transmitter amplifier is 30 W and the transmit antenna gain is 15 dB. The feeder attenuation is 5 dB. What is the EIRP (Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power)?</p> |
| | <p>Q2. A cellular system is designed for a receiver sensitivity of -102 dBm. Evaluate the transmitted power needed if the total path loss permitted is 112 dB, and a fading margin of 20 dB</p> |
| | <p>Q3. Consider a system that uses coherent QPSK modulation and detection scheme with 10 μs symbol period for communication. The channel has a coherence time of 5 ms. If 50 symbols are being used for the purpose of channel estimation find the data rate ?</p> |

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----|---------------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 7ECU4 | DCC | Mixed Signal Design | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|-------|-----|---------------------|--------|----------|-------------|

| |
|--|
| Analog and discrete-time signal processing, introduction to sampling theory; Analog continuous time filters: passive and active filters; Basics of analog discrete-time filters and Z-transform. |
| Switched-capacitor filters- Non-idealities in switched-capacitor filters; Switched-capacitor filter architectures; Switched-capacitor filter applications. |
| Basics of data converters; Successive approximation ADCs, Dual slope ADCs, Flash ADCs, Pipeline ADCs, Hybrid ADC structures, High-resolution ADCs, DACs. |
| Mixed-signal layout, Interconnects and data transmission; Voltage-mode signaling and data transmission; Current-mode signaling and data transmission. |
| Introduction to frequency synthesizers and synchronization; Basics of PLL, Analog PLLs; Digital PLLs; DLLs. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | R. Jacob Baker, CMOS mixed-signal circuit design, Wiley India, IEEE press, reprint 2008. |
| 2. | Behzad Razavi , Design of analog CMOS integrated circuits, McGraw-Hill, 2003. |
| 3. | R. Jacob Baker, CMOS circuit design, layout and simulation, Revised second edition, IEEE press, 2008. |
| 4. | Rudy V. de Plassche, CMOS Integrated ADCs and DACs, Springer, Indian edition, 2005. |
| 5. | Arthur B. Williams, Electronic Filter Design Handbook, McGraw-Hill, 1981. |
| 6. | R. Schauman, Design of analog filters by, Prentice-Hall 1990 (or newer additions). |
| 7. | M. Burns et al., An introduction to mixed-signal IC test and measurement by, Oxford university press, first Indian edition, 2008. |

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|------------------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 7ECU5.1 | DEC | Error Correcting Codes | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|---------|-----|------------------------|--------|----------|-------------|

| |
|---|
| <p>Linear block codes: Systematic linear codes and optimum decoding for the binary symmetric channel; Generator and Parity Check matrices, Syndrome decoding on symmetric channels; Hamming codes; Weight enumerators and the McWilliams identities; Perfect codes.</p> |
| <p>Introduction to finite fields and finite rings; factorization of (X^n-1) over a finite field; Cyclic Codes. BCH codes; Idempotents and Mattson-Solomon polynomials; Reed-Solomon codes, Justesen codes, MDS codes, Alterant, Goppa and generalized BCH codes; Spectral properties of cyclic codes.</p> |
| <p>Decoding of BCH codes: Berlekamp's decoding algorithm, Massey's minimum shift register synthesis technique and its relation to Berlekamp's algorithm. A fast Berlekamp - Massey algorithm. Convolution codes; Wozencraft's sequential decoding algorithm, Fann's algorithm and other sequential decoding algorithms; Viterbi decoding algorithm.</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | F.J. McWilliams and N.J.A. Sloane, The theory of error correcting codes, 1977. |
| 2. | R.E. Balahut, Theory and practice of error control codes, Addison Wesley, 1983. |

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|--|--------|----------|----------|
| 7ECU5.2 | DEC | Neural Network And Fuzzy Logic Control | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|---------|-----|--|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|---|
| <p>NEUROPHYSIOLOGY: Introduction: Elementary neurophysiology – From neurons to ANNs - Neuron model McCulloch-Pitts model, Hebbian Hypothesis; limitations of single-layered neural networks. Applications Of Neural Networks: Pattern classification, Associative memories, Optimization, Applications in Image Processing-Iris, finger print & face, Applications in decision making.</p> |
| <p>THE PERCEPTRON: The Perceptron and its learning law. Classification of linearly separable patterns. Linear Networks: Adaline - the adaptive linear element. Linear regression. The Wiener-Hopf equation. The Least-Mean-Square (Widrow-Hoff) learning algorithm. Method of steepest descent. Adaline as a linear adaptive filter. A sequential regression algorithm. Multi-Layer Feedforward Neural Networks: Multi-Layer Perceptrons. Supervised Learning. Approximation and interpolation of functions. Back-Propagation Learning law. Fast training algorithms. Applications of multilayer perceptrons: Image coding, Paint-quality inspection, Nettetalk.</p> |
| <p>FUZZY LOGIC: Introduction -Uncertainty & precision, Statistics and random process, Uncertainty in information, Fuzzy sets and membership. Membership Functions: Features of membership function. Standard forms and boundaries, Fuzzification, Membership value assignment – Intuition, Inference, Neural networks. Fuzzy To Crisp Conversions: Maximum membership principle.</p> |
| <p>DEFUZZIFICATION METHODS- Centroid method, Weighted average method, Meanmax membership. Fuzzy Rule Based Systems: Natural language, linguistic hedges, Rule based system –Canonical rule forms, Decomposition of compound rules, Likelihood and truth qualification Aggregation of Fuzzy rules. Graphical techniques of reference.</p> |
| <p>FUZZY CONTROL SYSTEM- Simple Fuzzy Logic controller, General FLC, Control System Design Problem Control (Decision) Surface, Assumptions in a Fuzzy Control System Design, Special forms of FLC system models, Industrial application: Aircraft Landing Control Problem. Fuzzy Engineering Process Control: Classical Feedback Control, Classical PID Control, Multi-input, Multi-output (MIMO) Control Systems, Fuzzy Statistical Process Control</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| S.No. | Name of Book/publication/Authors |
|-------|--|
| 1. | S.N. Sivanandam, S. Sumathi and S.N. Deepa -Introduction to Neural Networks using MATLAB 6.0, Tata McGraw-Hill 2006. |

| | |
|----|--|
| 2. | Timothy J. Ross -Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications, Third Edition 1995. |
| 3. | Artificial Neural Network, Robert Schalloff, TMH 1997 |
| 4. | Fundamental Of Neural Network Architecture And Application, Laurene V. Fausett, Pearson 1993 |
| 5. | Neural Network Algorithm And Programing Tech, James A Freeman, Pearson 1991 |
| 6. | Neural N/W For Pattern Recognition, Cristopher, M.Bhishop, Oxford 1995 |
| 7. | Fuzzy Neuro Approach To Agent Application, Lee ,Raymond S.T., New Age 2008 |
| 8. | Fuzzy Logic and Neural Networks: Basic Concept And Application, A Lavala, Chemakesava R., New Age 2012 |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|---|----------------|---|
| 6ECU5.2 | Neural Networks And Fuzzy Logic Control | CO 1 | Discuss the elementary neurophysiology with the study of Neurons and different models & applications for Neural Networks. (K2) |
| | | CO 2 | Describe the perceptron, the linear networks & the Multi-Layer Feed forward Neural Networks(K2). |
| | | CO 3 | Explain theFuzzy Logics, their uncertainty & precision & the Membership Function. (K6) |
| | | CO 4 | Illustrate the Defuzzification Methods & Fuzzy Rule based Systems (K4). |
| | | CO 5 | Examine Fuzzy Control Systems & Fuzzy Engineering Process Control & their applications (K3) |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Neural Networks And Fuzzy Logic | CO 1 | 3 | | 2 | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 3 | | | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 3 | | | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| CO 4 | 2 | 3 | | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| CO 5 | 3 | | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |

3: Strong

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|--|
| Lecture 1 | Introduction: Elementary neurophysiology |
| Lecture 2 | Neuron model McCulloch-Pitts model |
| Lecture 3 | Hebbian Hypothesis; limitations of single-layered neural networks |
| Lecture 4 | Application in Pattern classification, Associative memories, Optimization |
| Lecture 5 | Applications in Image Processing-Iris, finger print & face |
| Lecture 6 | Applications in decision making |
| Lecture 7 | The Perceptron and its learning law |
| Lecture 8 | Classification of linearly separable patterns |
| Lecture 9 | Adaline - the adaptive linear element, Linear regression. |
| Lecture 10 | The Wiener-Hopf equation. The Least-Mean-Square (Widrow-Hoff) learning algorithm. |
| Lecture 11 | Method of steepest descent. Adaline as a linear adaptive filter. A sequential regression algorithm |
| Lecture 12 | Multi-Layer Perceptrons |
| Lecture 13 | Supervised Learning |
| Lecture 14 | Approximation and interpolation of functions. Back-Propagation Learning law |
| Lecture 15 | Fast training algorithms. Applications of multilayer perceptrons: Image coding, |
| Lecture 16 | Paint-quality inspection, Nettek. |
| Lecture 17 | Introduction -Uncertainty & precision |
| Lecture 18 | Statistics and random process, Uncertainty in information |
| Lecture 19 | Fuzzy sets and membership |
| Lecture 20 | Features of membership function |
| Lecture 21 | Standard forms and boundaries |
| Lecture 22 | Fuzzification, Membership value assignment - Intuition, Inference |
| Lecture 23 | Neural networks & Maximum Membership Principle |
| Lecture 24 | Neural networks & Maximum Membership Principle |

| | |
|------------|--|
| Lecture 25 | Centroid method |
| Lecture 26 | Weighted average method |
| Lecture 27 | Meanmax membership |
| Lecture 28 | Natural language, linguistic hedges |
| Lecture 29 | Rule based system –Canonical rule forms, Decomposition of compound rules |
| Lecture 30 | Decomposition of compound rules |
| Lecture 31 | Likelihood and truth qualification Aggregation of Fuzzy rules |
| Lecture 32 | Graphical techniques of reference |
| Lecture 33 | Simple Fuzzy Logic controller |
| Lecture 34 | General FLC, Control System Design Problem Control (Decision) Surface |
| Lecture 35 | General FLC, Control System Design Problem Control (Decision) Surface |
| Lecture 36 | Assumptions in a Fuzzy Control System Design, Special forms of FLC system models |
| Lecture 37 | Industrial application: Aircraft Landing Control Problem |
| Lecture 38 | Classical Feedback Control |
| Lecture 39 | Classical PID Control, Multi-input, Multi-output (MIMO) Control Systems |
| Lecture 40 | Fuzzy Statistical Process Control |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Animation

| | | | | | |
|----------------|------------|--------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| 7ECU6.1 | IEC | MOOC COURSE | | | 4 credit |
|----------------|------------|--------------------|--|--|---------------------|

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|-----------------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 7ECU11 | DCC | VLSI Design Lab | MM:75 | OL:0T:3P | 2 credit |
|--------|-----|-----------------|-------|----------|-------------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment |
|---------|--|
| 1. | Design and simulate all the logic gates with 2 inputs using VHDL/Verilog. |
| 2. | Design and simulate 2-to-4 decoder using VHDL/Verilog. |
| 3. | Design and simulate 3-to-8 encoder using VHDL/Verilog. |
| 4. | Design and simulate 8X1 multiplexer using VHDL/Verilog. |
| 5. | Design and simulate binary to gray converter using VHDL/Verilog. |
| 6. | Design and simulate 4-bit comparator using VHDL/Verilog. |
| 7. | Design and simulate half adder and full adder using VHDL (data flow method)/Verilog. |
| 8. | Design and simulate full adder using VHDL (structural and behavioral method). |
| 9. | Design and simulate D, T and J-K flip flop using VHDL/Verilog. |
| 10. | Design a 4- bit parallel Adder using VHDL/Verilog. Obtain its number of gates, area, and speed and power dissipation. |
| 11. | Design a 2- bit multiplier using VHDL/Verilog. Obtain its number of gates, area, and speed and power dissipation. |
| 12. | Design a 4- bit Serial in-serial out shift register. Obtain its number of gates, area, and speed and power dissipation. |
| 13. | Design a 4 bit binary Asynchronous and synchronous counter. Obtain its number of gates, area, and speed and power dissipation. |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------|--|
| 7ECU11 | VLSI Design Lab | CO 1 | Develop the basic understanding of different HDL languages for the implementation of digital logics. |
| | | CO 2 | Understanding the synthesis and analysis of digital system designs using modern software platform. |
| | | CO 3 | Identify analysis and design of different combinational circuits using any HDL language. |
| | | CO 4 | Identify analysis and design of different sequential circuits using any HDL language. |
| | | CO 5 | Development and implementation of different real time digital system applications for the growth of society. |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|---------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 7ECU11 VLSI Design Lab | CO 1 | 3 | | | | 3 | 2 | | | | | | 3 |
| | CO 2 | 3 | | | | 3 | 2 | | | | | | 3 |
| | CO 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | 2 | | | 3 |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|-------------------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 7ECU12 | DCC | Optical Fiber Lab | MM:75 | OL:OT:2P | 1 credit |
|--------|-----|-------------------|-------|----------|-------------|

List of Experiments

| Sr. No. | Name of Experiment |
|---------|---|
| 1. | To set up Fiber Optic Analog link. |
| 2. | To set up fiber Optic Digital link. |
| 3. | Measurement of Propagation loss and numerical aperture. |
| 4. | Measurement of optical power attenuation in a plastic optical fiber. |
| 5. | Study and measurement of losses in optical fiber |
| 6. | Study and measure characteristics of fiber optic LED's and Laser diode |
| 7. | Finding V-number for a glass fiber(Multimode / single mode fiber) |
| 8. | Measurement of coupling and bending losses in Optical fiber |
| 9. | Fiber Dispersion Measurement |
| 10. | OTDR Measurement of Fiber Length, Attenuation and Splice Loss. |
| 11. | Fiber Misalignment Loss Measurement. |
| 12. | Study of Propagation of light and Refractive index profile in optical fibers. |

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|---------------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 7ECU13 | DCC | Minor Project | MM:75 | OL:0T:2P | 1 credit |
|--------|-----|---------------|-------|----------|-------------|

| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|--------------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 7ECU14 | DCC | Practical Training | MM:225 | OL:0T:4P | 4 credit |
|--------|-----|--------------------|--------|----------|-------------|

| | | | | | |
|--------|--|------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 7ECU20 | | DECA | MM:50 | OL:0T:0P | 1 credit |
|--------|--|------|-------|----------|-------------|

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|-----------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 8ECU1.1 | DEC | Speech and Audio Processing | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|---------|-----|-----------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|---|
| <p>Introduction- Speech production and modeling - Human Auditory System; General structure of speech coders; Classification of speech coding techniques – parametric, waveform and hybrid ; Requirements of speech codecs –quality, coding delays, robustness.</p> |
| <p>Speech Signal Processing- Pitch-period estimation, all-pole and all-zero filters, convolution; Power spectral density, periodogram, autoregressive model, autocorrelation estimation.</p> |
| <p>Linear Prediction of Speech- Basic concepts of linear prediction; Linear Prediction Analysis of non-stationary signals –prediction gain, examples; Levinson-Durbin algorithm; Long term and short-term linear prediction models; Moving average prediction.</p> |
| <p>Speech Quantization- Scalar quantization–uniform quantizer, optimum quantizer, logarithmic quantizer, adaptive quantizer, differential quantizers; Vector quantization – distortion measures, codebook design, codebook types.</p> |
| <p>Scalar Quantization of LPC- Spectral distortion measures, Quantization based on reflection coefficient and log area ratio, bit allocation; Line spectral frequency – LPC to LSF conversions, quantization based on LSF. Linear Prediction Coding- LPC model of speech production; Structures of LPC encoders and decoders; Voicing detection; Limitations of the LPC model.</p> |
| <p>Code Excited Linear Prediction-CELP speech production model; Analysis-by-synthesis; Generic CELP encoders and decoders; Excitation codebook search – state-save method, zero-input zerostate method; CELP based on adaptive codebook, Adaptive Codebook search; Low Delay CELP and algebraic CELP. Speech Coding Standards-An overview of ITU-T G.726, G.728 and G.729standards.</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | "Digital Speech" by A.M.Kondoz, Second Edition (Wiley Students_ Edition), 2004. |
| 2. | "Speech Coding Algorithms: Foundation and Evolution of Standardized Coders", W.C. Chu, Wiley Inter science, 2003. |

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|-------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 8ECU1.2 | DEC | Artificial intelligence | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|---------|-----|-------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|---|
| <p>Introduction to Artificial Intelligence: Intelligent Agents, State Space Search, Uninformed Search, Informed Search, Two Players Games, Constraint Satisfaction Problems.</p> |
| <p>Knowledge Representation: Knowledge Representation And Logic, Interface in Propositional Logic, First Order Logic, Reasoning Using First Order Logic, Resolution in FOPL</p> |
| <p>KNOWLEDGE ORGANIZATION: Rule based System, Semantic Net, Reasoning in Semantic Net Frames, Planning</p> |
| <p>KNOWLEDGE SYSTEMS: Rule Based Expert System, Reasoning with Uncertainty, Fuzzy Reasoning</p> |
| <p>KNOWLEDGE ACQUISITION: Introduction to Learning, Rule Induction and Decision Trees, Learning Using neural Networks, Probabilistic Learning Natural Language Processing</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight, Artificial Intelligence 3/e, TMH (1991) |
| 2. | Padhy: Artificial Intelligence & Intelligent Systems, Oxford (2005) |
| 3. | James A Anderson, An introduction to Neural Networks. Bradford Books 1995 |
| 4. | Dan. W Patterson, Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems, PHI 1990 |
| 5. | Kumar Satish, "Neural Networks" Tata Mc Graw Hill 2004 |
| 6. | S. Rajsekaran & G.A. Vijayalakshmi Pai, "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithm: Synthesis and Applications" Prentice Hall of India. 2006 |
| 7. | Siman Haykin, "Neural Netowrks" Prentice Hall of India 1990 |
| 8. | Artificial Intelligence, Kaushik, cengage learning |

Course Outcome:

| Course Code | Course Name | Course Outcome | Details |
|-------------|-------------------------|----------------|---|
| 8ECU1.2 | Artificial Intelligence | CO 1 | Generalise the basic introduction to Artificial Intelligence. (K5) |
| | | CO 2 | Deduce the knowledge representation & Logic. (K4) |
| | | CO 3 | Interpret the knowledge organization in |

| | | | |
|--|--|-------------|---|
| | | | detail. (K3) |
| | | CO 4 | Illustrate the different knowledge systems of artificial intelligence. (K4) |
| | | CO 5 | Investigate the study of knowledge acquisition for Learning & processing. (K4) |

CO-PO Mapping:

| Subject | Course Outcomes | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 8ECU1.2 Artificial Intelligence | CO 1 | 3 | 2 | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 4 | 2 | | 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | CO 5 | 1 | | | 3 | 2 | | | | | | | |

3: Strongly

2: Moderate

1: Weak

Lecture Plan:

| Lecture No. | Content to be taught |
|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Lecture 1 | Intelligent Agents |
| Lecture 2 | State Space Search |
| Lecture 3 | Uninformed Search |
| Lecture 4 | Informed Search |
| Lecture 5 | Informed Search |
| Lecture 6 | Two Players Games |
| Lecture 7 | Two Players Games |
| Lecture 8 | Constraint Satisfaction Problems |
| Lecture 9 | Constraint Satisfaction Problems |
| Lecture 10 | Knowledge Representation And Logic |
| Lecture 11 | Interface in Propositional Logic |
| Lecture 12 | First Order Logic |
| Lecture 13 | Reasoning Using First Order Logic |
| Lecture 14 | Rule based System |
| Lecture 15 | Rule based System |
| Lecture 16 | Semantic Net |

| | |
|------------|---|
| Lecture 17 | Semantic Net |
| Lecture 18 | Reasoning in Semantic Net Frames |
| Lecture 19 | Reasoning in Semantic Net Frames |
| Lecture 20 | Reasoning in Semantic Net Frames |
| Lecture 21 | Planning |
| Lecture 22 | Planning |
| Lecture 23 | Planning |
| Lecture 24 | Programmable parallel ports. |
| Lecture 25 | Programmable parallel ports. |
| Lecture 26 | Interfacing microprocessor to keyboard and alphanumeric displays. |
| Lecture 27 | Interfacing microprocessor to keyboard and alphanumeric displays. |
| Lecture 28 | Interfacing microprocessor to keyboard and alphanumeric displays. |
| Lecture 29 | Memory interfacing and Decoding |
| Lecture 30 | Memory interfacing and Decoding |
| Lecture 31 | DMA controller |
| Lecture 32 | DMA controller |
| Lecture 33 | Introduction to Learning |
| Lecture 34 | Introduction to Learning |
| Lecture 35 | Rule Induction and Decision Trees |
| Lecture 36 | Rule Induction and Decision Trees |
| Lecture 37 | Learning Using neural Networks |
| Lecture 38 | Learning Using neural Networks |
| Lecture 39 | Probabilistic Learning Natural Language Processing |
| Lecture 40 | Probabilistic Learning Natural Language Processing |

Content delivery method:

1. Chalk and Duster
2. PPT
3. Animation

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|----------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 8ECU2.1 | DEC | Adaptive Signal Processing | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|---------|-----|----------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|--|
| <p>General concept of adaptive filtering and estimation, applications and motivation, Review of probability, random variables and stationary random processes, Correlation structures, properties of correlation matrices.</p> |
| <p>Optimal FIR (Wiener) filter, Method of steepest descent, extension to complex valued The LMS algorithm (real, complex), convergence analysis, weight error correlation matrix, excess mean square error and mis-adjustment Variants of the LMS algorithm: the sign LMS family, normalized LMS algorithm, block LMS and FFT based realization, frequency domain adaptive filters, Sub-band adaptive filtering.</p> |
| <p>Signal space concepts - introduction to finite dimensional vector space theory, subspace, basis, dimension, linear operators, rank and nullity, inner product space, orthogonality, Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization, concepts of orthogonal projection, orthogonal decomposition of vector spaces.</p> |
| <p>Vector space of random variables, correlation as inner product, forward and backward projections, Stochastic lattice filters, recursive updating of forward and backward prediction errors, relationship with AR modeling, joint process estimator, gradient adaptive lattice.</p> |
| <p>Introduction to recursive least squares (RLS), vector space formulation of RLS estimation, pseudo-inverse of a matrix, time updating of inner products, development of RLS lattice filters, RLS transversal adaptive filters. Advanced topics: affine projection and subspace based adaptive filters, partial update algorithms, QR decomposition and systolic array.</p> |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | S. Haykin, Adaptive filter theory, Prentice Hall, 1986. |
| 2. | C.Widrow and S.D. Stearns, Adaptive signal processing, Prentice Hall, 1984. |

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|----------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 8ECU2.2 | DEC | Wavelets | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|---------|-----|----------|--------|----------|-------------|

| |
|---|
| Introduction to time frequency analysis; the how, what and why about wavelets, Short-time Fourier transform, Wigner-Ville transform.; Continuous time wavelet transform, Discrete wavelet transform, tiling of the time-frequency plane and wave packet analysis, Construction of wavelets. |
| Multiresolution analysis. Introduction to frames and biorthogonal wavelets, Multirate signal processing and filter bank theory, Application of wavelet theory to signal de-noising, image and video compression, multi-tone digital communication, transient detection. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|--|
| 1. | Y.T. Chan, Wavelet Basics, Kluwer Publishers, Boston, 1993. |
| 2. | I. Daubechies, Ten Lectures on Wavelets, Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics, Philadelphia, PA, 1992. |
| 3. | C. K. Chui, An Introduction to Wavelets, Academic Press Inc., New York, 1992. |
| 4. | Gerald Kaiser, A Friendly Guide to Wavelets, Birkhauser, New York, 1995. |
| 5. | P. P. Vaidyanathan, Multirate Systems and Filter Banks, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1993. |
| 6. | A.N. Akansu and R.A. Haddad, Multiresolutionsignal Decomposition: Transforms, Subbands and Wavelets, Academic Press, OranId, Florida, 1992. |
| 7. | B. Boashash, Time-Frequency signal analysis, In S.Haykin, (editor), Advanced Spectral Analysis, pages 418--517. Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1991. |

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|--------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 8ECU3.1 | DEC | Wireless Sensor Networks | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|---------|-----|--------------------------|--------|----------|----------|

| |
|--|
| Introduction to Sensor Networks, unique constraints and challenges, Advantage of Sensor Networks, Applications of Sensor Networks, Types of wireless sensor networks Mobile Ad-hoc Networks (MANETs) and Wireless Sensor Networks, Enabling technologies for Wireless Sensor Networks. |
| Issues and challenges in wireless sensor networks Routing protocols, MAC protocols: Classification of MAC Protocols, S-MAC Protocol, B-MAC protocol, IEEE 802.15.4 standard and ZigBee, Dissemination protocol for large sensor network. Data dissemination, data gathering, and data fusion; Quality of a sensor network; Real-time traffic support and security protocols. |
| Design Principles for WSNs, Gateway Concepts Need for gateway, WSN to Internet Communication, and Internet to WSN Communication. |
| Single-node architecture, Hardware components & design constraints, Operating systems and execution environments, introduction to TinyOS and nesC. |

Text/Reference Books:

| | |
|----|---|
| 1. | Waltenegus Dargie , Christian Poellabauer, "Fundamentals Of Wireless Sensor Networks Theory And Practice", By John Wiley & Sons Publications, 2011. |
| 2. | Sabrie Soloman, "Sensors Handbook" by McGraw Hill publication. 2009. |
| 3. | Feng Zhao, Leonidas Guibas, "Wireless Sensor Networks", Elsevier Publications,2004. |
| 4. | Kazem Sohrby, Daniel Minoli, "Wireless Sensor Networks": Technology, Protocols and Applications, Wiley-Inter science. |
| 5. | Philip Levis, And David Gay "TinyOS Programming" by Cambridge University Press 2009. |

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|----------------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| 8ECU3.2 | DEC | Scientific Computing | MM:150 | 3L:0T:0P | 3 credit |
|---------|-----|----------------------|--------|----------|-------------|

Introduction: Sources of Approximations, Data Error and Computational, Truncation Error and Rounding Error, Absolute Error and Relative Error, Sensitivity and Conditioning, Backward Error Analysis, Stability and Accuracy.

Computer Arithmetic: Floating Point Numbers, Normalization, Properties of Floating Point System, Rounding, Machine Precision, Subnormal and Gradual Underflow, Exceptional Values, Floating-Point Arithmetic, Cancellation.

System of linear equations: Linear Systems, Solving Linear Systems, Gaussian elimination, Pivoting, Gauss-Jordan, Norms and Condition Numbers, Symmetric Positive Definite Systems and Indefinite System, Iterative Methods for Linear Systems Linear least squares: Data Fitting, Linear Least Squares, Normal Equations Method, Orthogonalization Methods, QR factorization, Gram-Schmidt Orthogonalization, Rank Deficiency, and Column Pivoting Eigenvalues and singular values: Eigen values and Eigenvectors, Methods for Computing All Eigen values, Jacobi Method, Methods for Computing Selected Eigen values, Singular Values Decomposition, Application of SVD

Nonlinear equations: Fixed Point Iteration, Newton's Method, Inverse Interpolation Method Optimization: One-Dimensional Optimization, Multidimensional Unconstrained Optimization, Nonlinear Least Squares Interpolation: Purpose for Interpolation, Choice of Interpolating, Function, Polynomial Interpolation, Piecewise Polynomial Interpolation Numerical Integration And Differentiation: Quadrature Rule, Newton-Cotes Rule, Gaussian Quadrature Rule, Finite Difference Approximation.

Initial Value Problems for ODES, Euler's Method, Taylor Series Method, Runge-Kutta Method, Extrapolation Methods, Boundary Value Problems For ODES, Finite Difference Methods, Finite Element Method, Eigen value Problems Partial Differential Equations, Time Dependent Problems, Time Independent Problems, Solution for Sparse Linear Systems, Iterative Methods, Fast Fourier Transform, FFT Algorithm, Limitations, DFT, Fast polynomial Multiplication, Wavelets, Random Numbers And Simulation, Stochastic Simulation, Random Number Generators, Quasi-Random Sequences.

Text/ Reference Books:

| | |
|----|--|
| 1. | Heath Michael T., "Scientific Computing: An Introductory Survey" , McGraw-Hill, 2nd Ed., 2002. |
| 2. | Press William H., Saul A. Teukolsky, Vetterling William T and Brian P. Flannery, "Numerical Recipes: The Art of Scientific Computing", |

| | |
|----|---|
| | Cambridge University Press, 3rd Ed., 2007 |
| 3. | Xin-she Yang (Ed.), "Introduction To Computational Mathematics", World Scientific Publishing Co., 2nd Ed., 2008. |
| 4. | Kiryakov D. and Kiryanova E., "Computational Science", Infinity Science Press, 1st Ed., 2006 |
| 5. | Quarteroni, Alfio, Saleri, Fausto, Gervasio and Paola, "Scientific Computing With MATLAB And Octave", Springer, 3rd Ed., 2010 |

| | | | | | |
|----------------|------------|--------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| 8ECU4.1 | IEC | MOOC COURSE | | | 3 credit |
|----------------|------------|--------------------|--|--|---------------------|

| | | | | | |
|---------------|------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 8ECU13 | DCC | Seminar | MM:225 | OL:0T:4P | 4 credit |
|---------------|------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|

| | | | | | |
|---------------|------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 8ECU14 | DCC | Project | MM:525 | OL:0T:18P | 12 credit |
|---------------|------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|----------------------|

| | | | | | |
|---------------|--|-------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 8ECU20 | | DECA | MM:50 | OL:0T:0P | 1 credit |
|---------------|--|-------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------|